



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Center for Global Health

Enhancing the National Government's Coordination of the National HIV Program to Ensure Sustainability of Quality and Comprehensive HIV Services in Kenya under the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)

CDC-RFA-GH21-2118

04/23/2021

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Part I. Overview

A. Federal Agency Name:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) / Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

B. Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) Title:

Enhancing the National Government's Coordination of the National HIV Program to Ensure Sustainability of Quality and Comprehensive HIV Services in Kenya under the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)

C. Announcement Type: New - Type 1:

This announcement is only for non-research activities supported by CDC. If research is proposed, the application will not be considered. For this purpose, research is defined at <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2007-title42-vol1/pdf/CFR-2007-title42-vol1-sec52-2.pdf>. Guidance on how CDC interprets the definition of research in the context of public health can be found at <https://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/regulations-and-policy/regulations/45-cfr-46/index.html> (See section 45 CFR 46.102(d)).

D. Agency Notice of Funding Opportunity Number:

CDC-RFA-GH21-2118

E. Assistance Listings (CFDA) Number:

93.067,93.318

F. Dates:

1. Due Date for Letter of Intent (LOI):

N/A

2. Due Date for Applications:

04/23/2021

11:59 p.m. U.S. Eastern Standard Time, at www.grants.gov.

3. Due Date for Informational Conference Call:

N/A

G. Executive Summary:

1. Summary Paragraph

This NOFO aims to increase the sustainability of the HIV response in Kenya, with emphasis on country and county ownership, efficiency, accountability and domestic HIV financing, and to collaborate and support the Government of Kenya (GOK) to implement Global Health Security (GHS) and achieve compliance with International Health Regulations (IHR). In a devolved healthcare system, several areas require strengthening to achieve and maintain HIV epidemic control: increased HIV/TB case identification; HIV prevention focusing on key and priority populations, linkage and retention on antiretroviral therapy (ART); laboratory quality management systems; institutionalization of quality improvement (QI) strategies; enhanced data systems for monitoring and ensuring program quality; and capacity building and system strengthening of the national and county governments for increased management, leadership, and financing of HIV services as well as continued leadership in policy development to guide counties. There is need to support the GOK to better lead, coordinate national and county level activities to strengthen these areas.

This NOFO provides an integrated package of activities focused on Health Systems Strengthening (HSS) in the following areas: Leadership and Governance, Human Resources for Health, Strategic Information, Laboratory Systems (through support of the National Public Health Laboratory [NPHL]), and Health Financing. It also includes capacity building activities for HIV prevention, care and treatment services.

This NOFO also builds upon previously GHS activities to collaboratively work with the GOK to develop a roadmap to IHR compliance and achievement of the GHS targets and action packages.

a. Eligible Applicants:

Single

b. Funding Instrument Type:

CA (Cooperative Agreement)

c. Approximate Number of Awards

1

d. Total Period of Performance Funding:

\$ 0

The Approximate Project Period of Performance Funding/Estimated Total Funding for the Total 5 year Project Period is None. The Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount for years 2-5 will be set at continuation.

e. Average One Year Award Amount:

\$ 1,500,000

The Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount for Year 1 is \$1,500,000. The expected number of awards is 1. Exact amounts for each award under this NOFO will be determined at the time of award. Applicants

are encouraged to apply to the Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount.

f. Total Period of Performance Length:

5

g. Estimated Award Date:

September 30, 2021

h. Cost Sharing and / or Matching Requirements:

No

Cost sharing or matching funds are not required for this program. Although no statutory matching requirement for this NOFO exists, leveraging other resources and related ongoing efforts to promote sustainability is strongly encouraged.

Part II. Full Text

A. Funding Opportunity Description

1. Background

a. Overview

In CDC's partnership with Kenya of more than 40 years, the current focus is on achieving and sustaining HIV response that is Kenya-owned, Kenya-driven, and Kenya-funded. CDC's role will remain one in which technical assistance is provided directly to the GOK at the national and county levels.

In order to fully realize these goals and ensure sustainability, direct support is needed at the national level to strengthen the health systems and build county capacity to manage and oversee quality HIV services. The Ministry of Health (MOH) will serve a coordinating role to develop and disseminate national policies and guidelines, and support counties in implementation of best practices. This NOFO will provide an integrated package of activities focused on HSS in the following components: Leadership and Governance, Human Resources for Health, Strategic Information, Laboratory Systems (through support of the National Public Health Laboratory [NPHL]), and Health Financing. It will also include capacity building activities for HIV prevention, care and treatment services.

The U.S. Government's (USG) Global Health Security (GHS) envisions a world safe and secure from global health threats posed by infectious diseases, where it is possible to prevent or mitigate the impact of naturally occurring outbreaks and intentional or accidental releases of dangerous pathogens, rapidly detect and transparently report outbreaks when they occur, and employ an interconnected global network that can respond effectively to limit the spread of infectious disease outbreaks in humans and animals, mitigate human suffering and the loss of human life, and reduce economic impact.

In partnership with the GOK, CDC seeks to accelerate progress toward a world safe and secure from infectious disease threats and to promote global health security as an international security priority. This funding opportunity seeks to build upon previously funded GHS activities by CDC to collaboratively work with the GOK to develop a roadmap to IHR compliance and achievement of the GHS targets and action packages.

The Department of Health and Human Services' (HHS) Global Health Strategy articulates three strategic goals that support HHS' vision of a healthier, safer world: 1) protect and promote the health and well-being of Americans through global health action; 2) provide leadership and technical expertise in science, policy, programs and practice to improve global health; and 3) advance United States interests in international diplomacy, development, and security through global health action.

The outcomes of this NOFO include: achievement of the PEPFAR 95-95-95 goals, reducing the number of new infections in general and key populations (KP), eliminating pediatric HIV infection, and reducing HIV and TB-related morbidity and mortality. These will be achieved through HIV testing for identification and linkage of PLHIV to care and treatment; health systems strengthening; and technical oversight and targeted systems support for county HIV programs in alignment with national policies and systems. Additional outcomes include enhanced leadership and implementation of the HIV program by county governments and increased budgetary allocation towards HIV epidemic control at the national and county level with significant reduction on donor dependency. This NOFO will also support GHSA and its targets, and will facilitate national collaboration toward specific public health protection objectives, including IHR compliance (<http://www.cdc.gov/globalhealth/security/>).

b. Statutory Authorities

This program is authorized under Public Law 108-25 (the United States Leadership Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria Act of 2003) [22 U.S.C. 7601, et seq.] and Public Law 110-293 (the Tom Lantos and Henry J. Hyde United States Global Leadership Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria Reauthorization Act of 2008), and Public Law 113-56 (PEPFAR Stewardship and Oversight Act of 2013).

The President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) has called for immediate, comprehensive and evidence-based action to turn the tide of global HIV/AIDS. The overarching purpose of this NOFO is to fund activities to prevent or control disease or injury and improve health, or to improve a public health program or service.

Non-PEPFAR Funding:

This program is also authorized under Sections 317, 317(k)(2), 318 and 318B of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sections 247b, 247b(k)(2) and 247c), as amended; Public Health Service Act, Section 307 as amended [42 U.S.C. §§ 241 and 2421] and Public Health Service Act sections 301(a) and 307, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 241 and 2421.

c. Healthy People 2030

N/A

d. Other National Public Health Priorities and Strategies

Under the leadership of the Office of the U.S. Global AIDS Coordinator (OGAC), as part of PEPFAR, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (HHS/CDC) works with host countries and other key partners to assess the needs of each country and design a customized program of assistance that fits within the host nation's strategic plan and partnership framework in a manner consistent with the purposes of this NOFO.

HHS/CDC focuses primarily on two or three major program areas in each country. Goals and priorities include the following:

- Achieving primary prevention of HIV infection through activities such as expanding confidential counseling and testing programs linked with evidence-based behavioral change and building programs to reduce mother-to-child transmission;
- Improving the care and treatment of HIV/AIDS, sexually transmitted infections (STIs), and related opportunistic infections by improving STI management; enhancing laboratory diagnostic capacity and the care and treatment of opportunistic infections; interventions for intercurrent diseases impacting HIV infected patients including tuberculosis (TB); and initiating programs to provide anti-retroviral therapy (ART);
- Strengthening the capacity of countries to collect, use, and share surveillance data and manage national HIV/AIDS programs by expanding HIV/STI/TB surveillance programs and strengthening laboratory support for surveillance, diagnosis, treatment, disease monitoring, and HIV screening for blood safety; and
- Developing, validating, and/or evaluating public health programs to inform, improve, and target appropriate interventions, as related to the prevention, care and treatment of HIV/AIDS, TB, and opportunistic infections.

In an effort to ensure maximum cost efficiencies and program effectiveness, HHS/CDC also supports coordination with and among partners and the integration of activities that promote Global Health Initiative principles. As such, recipients may be requested to participate in the following programmatic activities:

- Implement a woman- and girl-centered approach;
- Increase impact through strategic coordination and integration;
- Strengthen and leverage key multilateral organizations, global health partnerships, and private sector engagement;
- Encourage country ownership and invest in country-led plans;
- Build sustainability through investments in health systems;
- Improve performance metrics, monitoring and evaluation and the quality of related data; and
- Promote research, development, and innovation to develop a body of knowledge, enhance awareness and increase the skills and abilities of stakeholders (research is not supported by this NOFO).

PEPFAR defines national HIV epidemic control as the point at which the total number of new infections falls below the total number of deaths from all causes among HIV-infected individuals (the classic R_0 to R_i approach to infectious diseases), with both declining. This definition of epidemic control does not suggest near-term elimination or eradication of HIV as may be possible with other infectious diseases, but rather suggests a decline of HIV-infected persons in a population, achieved through the reduction of new HIV infections when mortality among people living with HIV (PLHIV) is steady or declining, consistent with natural aging. Critically, however, a country will not be able to maintain epidemic control if program efforts are not sufficiently sustained and new infections are allowed to rebound or death rates to increase.

Effective December 1, 2018 and continuing throughout the five-year project period established under this NOFO, in addition to the specific activities listed in the Strategies and Activities section of this NOFO, all CDC PEPFAR cooperative agreements resulting from this NOFO may address the following activities, where and when appropriate, that focus U.S. government resources and activities toward achieving and sustaining the HIV/AIDS epidemic:

- Optimize HIV testing and treatment strategies to reach undiagnosed populations living with HIV, especially young adults, men, and key populations. These strategies may include or build upon traditional methods and activities related to outbreak detection, investigation, and response. Responding to recent infections or ongoing patterns of transmission will be prioritized.
- Focus on prevention among children, adolescents, young adults, and members of vulnerable and key populations.
- Support surveillance activities and programs, along with information systems, that improve understanding of HIV epidemiology, remaining gaps, and informed future programming.
- Support efforts to maintain quality for laboratory systems and activities, including diagnostics and viral load measurement.
- Actively use epidemiologic, program, and financial/cost data to ensure implementation of high quality, cost-effective programs to improve partner performance and increase epidemiologic impact.
- Support country-led, sustainable programming by working with and implementing activities through indigenous partners, including faith communities and faith-based organizations (FBOs), HIV network organizations and community-based organizations (CBOs) directly servicing communities and populations at-risk and most affected by HIV to build local capacity.
- Strengthen policy and financial contributions by partner governments in the HIV/AIDS response.
- Support activities, interventions, and programs to find, treat, and prevent TB among PLHIV and to identify and treat HIV among people infected with TB.
- Support efforts to prevent, detect, respond, and treat infectious and non-infectious diseases that impact PLHIV and populations affected by HIV.

In addition, PEPFAR is committed to protecting children from abuse, exploitation and neglect in order to decrease their vulnerability to HIV/AIDS. Consistent with underlying authorities, PEPFAR seeks to ensure that children and youth obtaining services through PEPFAR programming are also protected from abuse, exploitation, and neglect in CDC PEPFAR-supported programs.

To that end, because activities to be funded under this NOFO may involve children or personnel coming into contact with children, Recipients of CDC PEPFAR funds agree to ensure compliance with host country and local child welfare and protection legislation or international standards, whichever gives greater protection, and with U.S. law, where applicable. Further, Recipients of CDC PEPFAR funding are strongly encouraged to: 1) have in place policies and

procedures that prohibit recipient personnel from engaging in child abuse, exploitation, or neglect; 2) consider child safeguarding in project planning and implementation to determine potential risks to children that are associated with project activities and operations; 3) apply measures to reduce the risk of child abuse, exploitation, or neglect, including, but not limited to, limiting unsupervised interactions with children; prohibiting exposure to pornography; and complying with applicable laws, regulations, or customs regarding the photographing, filming, or other image-generating activities of children; 4) promote child-safe screening procedures for personnel, particularly personnel whose work brings them in direct contact with children; and 5) have a process for ensuring that personnel and others recognize child abuse, exploitation, or neglect, report allegations, investigate and manage allegations, and take appropriate action in response to such allegations. It is also strongly encouraged that Recipients include the above provisions in any applicable code of conduct for its personnel implementing PEPFAR-funded activities.

This NOFO is only for non-research activities supported by CDC. Recipients may not use funds for research. Certain activities that may require human subjects review due to institutional requirements but that are generally considered not to constitute research (e.g., formative assessments, surveys, disease surveillance, program monitoring and evaluation, field evaluation of diagnostic tests, etc.) may be funded through this mechanism. If research is proposed, the application will not be reviewed. For the definition of research, please see the CDC Web site at the following Internet address: <http://www.cdc.gov/od/science/integrity/docs/cdc-policy-distinguishing-public-health-research-nonresearch.pdf>.

e. Relevant Work

This is a follow-on to CDC-RFA-GH16-1627 “Partnership with the Ministry of Health to Accelerate Sustainable, High Quality HIV/AIDS and TB Programs and Achieve Epidemic Control in the Republic of Kenya under the President’s Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)”. Under this NOFO, the MOH was able to develop and disseminate public health policies and guidelines, implement the Kenya Population-based HIV Impact Assessment (KENPHIA), improve lab capacity and accreditation of the National Public Health Laboratory Services (NPHLS) and improve health information and data quality systems, all of these contributed to rapid scale up of HIV prevention and treatment in Kenya, and subsequent reduction in HIV incidence and mortality observed in the annual HIV estimates.

This NOFO will build on these gains to continue supporting the national government to lead the coordination of a sustainable, accountable, evidence based, quality HIV program geared towards epidemic control. Ultimately, CDC’s goal is to support the national government to achieve, manage, finance and sustain an affordable HIV program, independently, while maintaining the quality and coverage of HIV service delivery for all Kenyans living with HIV.

2. CDC Project Description

a. Approach

Bold indicates period of performance outcome.

<u>Strategies and Activities</u>	<u>Short-Term Outcomes</u>	<u>Intermediate Outcomes</u>	<u>Long-Term Outcomes</u>
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Strategy 1: Provide Leadership and Governance of HIV service delivery policies and guidelines at the county level	Increased MOH and county-level program and administrative capacity to deliver and manage high quality comprehensive HIV services	Increased county-level adherence to national policy guidelines	Reduced HIV & TB incidence
Strategy 2: Coordinate and implement a national strategy to strengthen and maintain an efficient workforce for optimal HIV service delivery	Increased coordination of HIS initiatives Increased availability, accessibility, and utilization of quality-assured HIV epidemiologic and program data	Improved quality and efficiency of HIV service delivery Improved county oversight of HIV services	Reduced HIV-related morbidity and mortality among different locations and populations of PLHIV in Kenya
Strategy 3: Coordinate implementation of national and county strategic information, health information systems support and surveillance activities	Improved management and oversight of HRH, HIV service delivery, and supply chain management Increased knowledge and skills in coordination of infection control, waste management and biosafety	Increased incremental HIV financing by national and county government Increased incremental financing of HRH by national and county government	Reduced incidence of TB among PLHIV and in health care settings Virtual elimination of mother to child transmission of HIV
Strategy 4: Coordinate and implement sustainable quality laboratory systems to support diagnosis, management and surveillance of HIV, TB and related opportunistic diseases	Increased utilization of laboratory policies, guidelines and services Increased access to TB/HIV testing services	Increased incremental financing of HRH by national and county government Improved data-driven planning and oversight of HIV programs by national government to support public health response at county level Improved coordination and harmonization of	Increased investment and accountability in HIV/TB services Increased sustainable national and county funding allocation to HRH Sustained capacity to deliver high quality lab services for improved clinical outcomes and eventual HIV/TB epidemic control

Strategy 5: Support all levels of government to lead, manage and sustain comprehensive HIV prevention, care and treatment services	Increased availability of laboratory service and surveillance data for decision making Increased government capacity to oversee and manage HIV prevention, care and treatment services at all levels Increased uptake of HIV prevention, care and treatment services	laboratory services Increased government planning, oversight and funding for HIV services	
Strategy 6: Strengthen the capacity of the host government in the prevent, detect, and respond framework so that GOK can develop IHR capacity in a broader range of technical areas			

i. Purpose

The purpose of this NOFO is to continue supporting the national government to lead the coordination of a sustainable, accountable, evidence based, quality HIV program geared towards epidemic control. CDC's interest is to support national government to manage, implement, finance and sustain an affordable HIV program independently, while maintaining the quality and coverage of HIV service delivery for all Kenyans living with HIV.

ii. Outcomes

CDC may require or allow applicants to propose additional related project period outcomes other than those identified in the NOFO.

Short-Term Outcomes:

- Increased MOH and county-level program and administrative capacity to deliver and manage high quality comprehensive HIV services
- Increased coordination of HIS initiatives in Kenya
- Increased availability, accessibility, and utilization of quality-assured HIV epidemiologic and program data (Individual and aggregate level)
- Improved management and oversight of HRH, HIV service delivery, and supply chain management
- Increased knowledge and skills in coordination of infection control, waste management and biosafety
- Increased utilization of laboratory policies, guidelines and services
- Increased access to TB/HIV testing services
- Increased availability of laboratory service and surveillance data for decision making
- Increased capacity of the Kenya government to oversee and manage comprehensive HIV prevention, care and treatment services at all levels

- Increased uptake of HIV prevention, care and treatment services

Intermediate Outcomes:

- Increased county-level adherence to national policy guidelines
- Improved quality and efficiency of HIV service delivery
- Improved county oversight of HIV services
- Increased incremental HIV financing by national and county government
- Increased incremental financing of HRH by national and county government
- Improved data-driven planning and oversight of HIV programs by national government to support public health response at county level
- Improved coordination and harmonization of laboratory services
- Improved quality and efficiency of laboratory service delivery
- Increased number of HIV/TB patients accessing laboratory services with timely results
- Improved efficiencies of laboratory services for better patient management
- Decreased environmental pollution from health care waste
- Increased government planning, oversight and funding for HIV services

Long-Term Outcomes:

- Reduced HIV- related morbidity and mortality among different locations and populations of PLHIV in Kenya
- Reduced incidence of TB among PLHIV and in health care settings
- Virtual elimination of mother to child transmission of HIV
- Increased investment and accountability in HIV/TB services
- Increased sustainable national and county funding allocation to HRH
- Sustained capacity to deliver high quality lab services for improved clinical outcomes and eventual HIV/TB epidemic control

iii. Strategies and Activities

Strategy 1: Provide Leadership and Governance of HIV service delivery policies and guidelines at the county level

- Provide leadership, coordination and technical guidance to counties
- Formulate and review policy in tandem with new evidence and practice demands to promote national coverage of HIV services and demonstrable impact on the HIV epidemic
- Provide technical guidance at the national level through MOH-led technical working groups (TWGs) and taskforces
- Adapt and disseminate key policies, related guidelines, standards and sharing of best practices

- Develop and implement policy, guidelines and tools (e.g. broad-based, such as development of Human Resources for Health Strategic Plan; related to specific technical areas, such as circular/guidelines-including mobile electronic versions (Case Based Surveillance, HIV Testing, HIV Treatment), protocols legal framework for engagement of KP and incorporation of KP service delivery sites (DICEs) into the mainstream MOH systems)
- Coordinate pre- and in-service training systems, including a cadre of skilled trainers, to support the implementation of high-quality HIV prevention, care and treatment services
- Support curriculum development and review and oversee the implementation of both pre- and in-service training
- Review and provide guidance for the implementation of task shifting strategies as well as relevant skills transfer to support the implementation of high-quality HIV prevention, care and treatment services
- Support national efforts to strengthen human resources for health capacity in delivery of sustainable, high quality HIV services
- Train County Health Management Teams (HMTs) to coordinate the implementation of HIV prevention, care and treatment services
- Support development of comprehensive county HIV program work plans
- Promote partnerships for domestic financing.
- Support development of strategic and transition plans, costing of the HIV program for eventual resource allocation by county governments.

Strategy 2: Coordinate and implement a national strategy to strengthen and maintain an efficient workforce for optimal HIV service delivery

- **Policy**
 - Develop and implement a policy to right size and rationalize HIV service delivery workforce. The national government will coordinate activities to make formal recommendations for a HCW workforce that is right sized for a sustained, manageable HIV response, while leveraging the existing workforce of the entire health care system
 - Promote the use and analysis of HRIS data and workforce evaluations such as Workforce Indicators of Staffing Need (WISN), to identify the correct staffing mix for HIV service delivery
 - Convene relevant stakeholders to create formal policy decisions on HIV service delivery workforce footprint
- **Resource Mobilization**
 - Convene discussions to create plans for domestic resource mobilization plans for GOK funded HRH, both at the national and subcounty level
 - Develop transition plan for IP TA/supervision roles to the GOK. As donor funding decreases over time, technical assistance and supervisory roles filled by implementing partners will need to be shifted to inherently GOK functions
 - Lead a mapping and policy development exercise to transition those responsibilities to NASCOP national program officers or GOK county staff

- **Cadre(s) scheme of service**
 - Convene an exercise to quantify lay footprint and impact on HIV achievements to make formal recommendations to create a lay cadre scheme of service. Discussions to consider include public services boards, the national treasury and other involved GOK stakeholders
 - Work with NASCOP on identifying a path forward for the oversight of training and certification of HIV Testing Counselors
- **Transition of HRIS Systems ownership from PEPFAR to GOK and associated regulatory bodies**
 - Transition and sustainability plans to GOK agreed upon
 - Ensure national and county governments have access to HRIS data and the ability to use the data, for continued monitoring of the HIV investment, including health workforce
- **HIV Training sustainability and transition to national government.** This will involve transitioning Kenya's HIV training ownership from PEPFAR to GOK and/or the private sector
 - Create inventory of all HIV trainings and training platforms available
 - Transition all training curriculums to sustainable online platforms (e-learning, adoption into university curricula)
 - Track training tracking by health care workers and HR offices
 - explore public private partnerships to continue offering HIV training opportunities to staff
 - Create a linkage of FELTP graduates to perform county level HIV supervisory work

Strategy 3: Coordinate implementation of National and county level strategic information, health information systems support and surveillance activities

- **Overarching and Cross-cutting areas**
 - Compile and collate HIV epidemiological data to guide targeted implementation of HIV prevention and treatment services nationally
 - Support County HMTs to improve routine data collection and design, implement, analyze, and disseminate a wide range of HIV program evaluations
 - Implement national level surveys, clinic-based surveillance and impact assessment studies for purposes of guiding HIV prevention and treatment program implementation
 - Conduct quarterly multi-agency dissemination and planning strategic information meetings at the national level
 - Conduct quarterly TWGs meetings at the national level
 - Conduct supportive supervision, mentorship visits and feedback at the national and sub national level covering M&E, HIS, and Surveillance areas
 - Support the use of Information Technology for capacity building by digitalizing training curricula for easy dissemination

- Support the rollout and use of an eLearning platform to offer distance learning courses
- **M&E**
 - Support printing and distribution of HIV data collection tools for health facilities
 - Support national and county M&E staff to attend M&E capacity building meetings, workshops and conferences
 - Conduct trainings of HCW on cohort analysis, key HIV indicators and tools for M&E at the national and sub-national levels
 - Conduct a review of national M&E curricula, materials and tools
 - Support harmonization and standardization of M&E guidelines for HIV programs
 - Support review and harmonization of the RDQA tool/protocol
 - Conduct facilitative mentorship to counties through national and regional data review and validation fora
 - Conduct trainings on data analysis, manuscript/report writing and presentation.
 - Support development and dissemination of learning and knowledge management products
 - Conduct M&E best practice sharing fora at the national and county level
 - Train HCWs on the use of electronic systems for data management, reporting and overall data management
- **Health Information Systems (HIS)**
 - Support migration to Kenya EMR and use of Kenya EMR for HIV patient management
 - Support roll-out of HTS, PMTCT, PreP, OVC, OTZ, KP and other EMR modules to all supported sites with EMR
 - Scale up and use the developed mHealth applications to support HIV program implementation
 - Support roll-out of eHTS application to all supported sites
 - Support roll out of the Interoperability Layer (IL) to all supported sites with HIS products installed
 - Scale up EMR to ensure at least 80% of TX_CURR is reported from sites with EMRs
 - Optimize use of EMRs to ensure they can be used to generate DATIM and MOH reports
 - Ensuring installation and configuration of National Data Warehouse (NDWH) API (DWAPI) at all supported sites with EMR
 - Ensuring monthly (at minimum) upload of client-level data to NDWH from all supported sites with EMR
 - Ensure 100% reporting to the national data warehouse from all sites with EMRs/EHTS
- **Surveillance**
 - Implement national general population-based surveys, such as AIDS indicator surveys
 - Implement KP surveys and surveys among other emerging vulnerable populations

- Implement clinic/facility-based surveillance and surveys, such as HIV case-based surveillance, HIV recency surveillance, drug resistance surveillance, and mortality surveillance
- Provide guidance and facilitate data triangulation of multiple sources (such as routinely collected HIV program data, survey, and study data), and capacity building at sub-national levels in surveillance and epidemiology to support a public health response approach at national and sub-national levels

Strategy 4: Coordinate and implement sustainable quality laboratory systems to support diagnosis, management and surveillance of HIV, TB and related opportunistic diseases

- Development and/or updating of laboratory policies for TB/HIV diagnosis and management
- Provision of EQA for TB/HIV related tests
- Provision of equipment management services
- Commodity security for HIV/TB diagnosis and management commodities to reduce interruptions in service provision
- Coordination of laboratory referral networks to ensure access to TB/HIV testing services through implementation and monitoring of sample referral networks
- Use of laboratory data for surveillance, decision making, and dissemination through routine monitoring of program data for decision making

Strategy 5: Support all levels of government to lead, manage, and sustain comprehensive HIV prevention, care and treatment services

This will entail supporting national and county level Health Management teams to plan, mobilize resources and implement HIV services while progressively transferring management, oversight and funding responsibilities to the county government.

- Develop and implement national policies for long term management and oversight of HIV services, including an updated organogram showing functional relationship between National and county level coordination structures. This will include strengthening coordination of HIV services at national and subnational levels
- Support the county governments to develop a plan with timeline for progressive transfer of oversight, management and funding responsibilities for HIV services from implementing partners to the county governments
- Support the county Governments to develop and implement a plan for mobilizing domestic sources to sustain HIV services, including funding of HIV from the GOK annual budget.
- Build capacity for HIV program logistics and supplies with emphasis on its integration within the MOH supply management system
- Rationalize and maintain appropriate HRH staffing level to achieve and maintain high coverage of HIV prevention and treatment services
- Support integration of HIV services into routine health services (public and private)

- Strengthen systems for service and data quality assessments (SQA/DQA) for HIV program improvement

Strategy 6: Strengthen the capacity of the host government in the prevent, detect, and respond framework so that GOK can develop IHR capacity in a broader range of technical areas

- **Strengthen surveillance capacity**
 - Review surveillance systems and identify gaps for improvement
 - Continually evaluate the quality of surveillance data and find ways to improve it
 - Develop and implement a monitoring and evaluation framework for surveillance systems
 - Strengthen the implementation of event- and indicator-based surveillance, including reporting tools
 - Strengthen surveillance for priority zoonotic diseases
 - Enhance health information systems in response to evaluations of surveillance systems
 - Enhance use of surveillance data for risk assessment, epidemic intelligence, and resource planning and allocation
 - Develop e-learning systems to strengthen use of surveillance data
 - Enhance training of health workers, including community health volunteers, on the use of data analysis, data visualization, risk assessment, and reporting tools
 - Develop an implementation plan for health information systems to include vertical disease programs and to integrate surveillance and laboratory data
 - Strengthen mechanisms for sharing data between human and animal health sectors
- **Strengthen laboratory capacity**
 - Develop key indicators that allow strengthening regular monitoring and evaluation of the laboratory system
 - Develop national diagnostic algorithms for priority diseases
 - Develop a standardized laboratory information system
 - Develop a system for tracking and managing biological agents and toxins
 - Train laboratory staff on monitoring and evaluation of the laboratory system
 - Train laboratory staff in outbreak investigations
 - Continue to train laboratory staff on biosafety, biosecurity, and biorisk management, using a one health approach
 - Support development of biosafety and biosecurity training materials for university students
 - Develop/update legislation, technical guidelines, and strategic plans
 - Strengthen mechanisms for sample referral
 - Develop a laboratory rapid response operation manual
 - Develop biosafety and biosecurity regulations
 - Develop guidelines for management of a biological specimen repository
 - Strengthen accreditation mechanisms
 - Develop regulations and guidelines for management of select agents and toxins

- Enhance collaborations and governance around Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)
- **Strengthen management of public health emergencies**
 - Develop and assess implementation of emergency response plans
 - Develop virtual Public Health Emergency Operations Center (PHEOC) at the sub-national levels
 - Perform after action reviews
 - Establish mechanisms for training and rapid personnel deployment
 - Continuously improve data monitoring, analysis, and visualization in PHEOCs
 - Perform risk assessment and risk mapping
 - Activate the national PHEOC to respond to public health events
 - Ensure that PHEOC staff are competent in following established plans and procedures
 - Exercise the coordination of the national PHEOC network
 - Periodically review/update plans and procedures for PHEOCs
 - Review and harmonize existing response guidelines
 - Strengthen Establish mechanisms and policies for risk communication
 - Establish policies for cross-sectoral collaboration during public health emergencies
- **Strengthen the public health workforce**
 - Integrate rigorous monitoring and evaluation into all aspects of workforce development
 - Raise the profile of workforce development activities with key leaders and organizations
 - Integrate training with efforts to address key public health problems in Kenya
 - Sustain an integrated model of field epidemiology training (short course, followed by intermediate, followed by advanced)
 - Strengthen the management, operations, and coordination of training activities
 - Strengthen the management, operations, and coordination of public health workforce that response to disease outbreaks
 - Establish and maintain continuous mentor development
 - Engage different sectors (e.g., human/animal health, preventive/curative) of GOK in workforce development
 - Incorporate mentor development into the existing GOK system
- **Strengthen implementation of public health programs**
 - Conduct risk and/or needs assessments to identify gaps in public health service delivery programs
 - Clarify the roles of healthcare workers in the public health service delivery program
 - Strengthen the linkage between healthcare referral systems
 - Develop specific Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to strengthen the delivery of public health programs
 - Conduct trainings of healthcare workers to increase quality of service delivery programs

- Use of data to strengthen service delivery programs
- Conduct public health evaluations to improve quality of service delivery programs

In furtherance of the underlying purposes of this NOFO, Recipient is expected to provide copies of and/or access to all data, software, tools, training materials, guidelines, and systems developed under this NOFO to Ministry of Health and other relevant stakeholders, including HHS/CDC, for appropriate use consistent with underlying authorities.

1. Collaborations

a. With other CDC programs and CDC-funded organizations:

In collaboration with CDC Kenya and CDC-funded IPs, the recipient will work to support delivery of HIV and GHS services within the Ministry's health facilities. This collaboration is intended to ensure synergy and efficient services toward achieving project outcomes.

b. With organizations not funded by CDC:

The recipient will be expected to collaborate with other GOK entities, including but not limited to other departments of the MOH and County Governments; other USG PEPFAR and GHS IPs; civil society organizations; multilateral partners including but not limited to UNICEF, UNAIDS, Global Fund; and other stakeholders.

2. Target Populations

The target populations for this NOFO include all PLHIV (adults and children), KPs, female sex workers (FSW), men who have sex with men (MSM), and people who inject drugs (PWID), health care workers (HCW), laboratorians, health information systems specialists, data managers, and program managers. Other target populations include adolescent girls and young women (AGYW), men who have sex with AGYW, uncircumcised males, fisher folk, prisoners, OVC, lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender persons; and uniformed personnel. It is also expected that officials across the GOK through the MOH at national and county levels will be closely engaged in the rollout of activities.

a. Health Disparities

N/A

iv. Funding Strategy

Applicants to this NOFO are encouraged to apply to the Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount. Applications must not exceed this amount.

Component Funding: It is required that all PEPFAR-funded cooperative agreements be formulated for component funding. Please review the following key points about component funding:

- Component funding must be setup at the time of the application.
- Each component must be a discrete set of activities with an associated budget. Distinguishable component budget narratives are required. Setting up components based on time (i.e., quarterly) is an appropriate distinction of activities, provided activities are clearly outlined.

- Applicants should submit the SF-424A as part of their application which shows all components for the budget period and the amounts should exactly match what is being requested for funding. Each component has its own approved amount and cannot be funded above the established amount. The combined total of all components must total the requested amount.
- If more than 4 components are proposed, multiple SF-424s will be needed.
- Any component that is not funded at the time of new award may be deemed “Approved but Unfunded (ABU)”. There is no guarantee that all components will be funded in a budget period as ABU components are subject to the availability of funds or effective statute.
 - Components do not have to be awarded in order. All ABU components are eligible to receive funding once (and if) funds become available.
 - If funding becomes available, multiple components can be funded through the same funding action (single NOA).
 - If funding is awarded for an amount less than the ABU component approved amount, it is not possible to fund the difference at a later time. Components can only be funded once.
- If, during the funding confirmation, the Program Office approves a budget that differs from what was submitted at the time of application (reflected in the budget markup), a revised budget may be required in addition to the technical review responses. If required, the revised budget is due within thirty (30) days of the start of the budget period. If required, technical review responses will also be due within thirty (30) days of the start of the budget period and must be submitted separately from revised budget applications. Future funding for ABU components will not be awarded until a revised budget, if required, is submitted and approved by CDC.
- Once components are awarded, funds cannot be redirected between components. Awarded component funds may be redirected within component object class categories.

It is critical to ensure programmatic performance of all U.S. taxpayer dollars. When developing the annual work plan, please be advised that the FY2021 COP guidance requires that CDC take decisive action if an implementing partner is underperforming programmatically during any quarter of a fiscal year.

Applicants are encouraged to consider the following in the development of their budgets and budget narratives:

For Year 1, CDC anticipates an Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award of \$1,500,000 with the below listed components. Applicants must specify a descriptive title for each corresponding column shown on the SF-424A, followed by the total (cumulative) in the column to the far right of the SF-424A. For Example:

- Component 1: COP21 Q1 Targets/Activities;

- Component 2: COP21 Q2 Targets/Activities;
- Component 3: COP21 Q3 Targets/Activities;
- Component 4: COP21 Q4 Targets/Activities;
- Component 5: COP21 Additional Targets/Activities A;
- Component 6: COP21 Additional Targets/Activities B.

Funding provided under this NOFO is subject to the availability of funds. The total number of years for which federal support has been programmatically approved (project period) will be shown in the “Notice of Award.” This information does not constitute a commitment by the federal government to fund the entire period. All future year funding will be based on satisfactory programmatic progress and the availability of funds.

b. Evaluation and Performance Measurement

i. CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement Strategy

CDC expects that routine performance data is reviewed, cleaned, and used for program management. To this effect, the recipient should hold regular review meetings to discuss performance and use data in program quality improvement activities.

The recipient should allocate funds made available under this NOFO for both evaluation activities and performance monitoring. While the final funding amount will be agreed upon by both CDC and the recipient, a minimum of 6% of funds should be allocated for monitoring activities and 4% of funds used for evaluation activities.

PERFORMANCE MONITORING

The recipient will be responsible for monitoring provision of quality HIV health services as well as assessing progress towards transitioning of HIV programs to national management, financing, and sustainability of these services during the award period. Applicants may access MER Guidance and resource materials at the following link: <https://datim.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/sections/200929315-MER>.

Targets and Reporting Frequency

Illustrative indicators, targets, and reporting frequencies corresponding to Year 1 of the NOFO are shown below. Targets and reporting frequencies may be adjusted or new targets identified in subsequent years based on implementation of HIV/AIDS epidemic control strategies and program priorities and should be correlated with the logic model. Any gaps or unmet needs not fulfilled in the first year will affect the targets of the subsequent years. Additional indicators may be proposed as part of the applicant’s initial Evaluation and Performance Management Strategy. CDC and the recipient(s) will finalize any additional indicators within 6 months after award. Quarterly progress reports should use these indicators to demonstrate which outputs and outcomes have been achieved.

Non-MER: Additional Performance Measures (Custom Indicators)

Applicants should propose additional custom performance measures to monitor achievement of outcomes not directly measured by PEPFAR (MER) indicators. Custom indicators should include process and outcome measures directly correlated with the logic model.

- Proportion of PLHIV (adults and children) currently receiving ART for the country [Target: 95%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Proportion of counties with plans and/or systems for HIV resource allocation in place [Target: 25%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Governance, Leadership and Accountability score as per annual sustainability index and dashboard (SID) [Target: 8; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Number of completed National HIV staffing footprint recommendations [Target: 1 ; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Number of completed national domestic resource mobilization plans for HIV service delivery [Target: 1; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Number of HIV technical assistance/supervision positions adopted by national and county government [Target: 1 clinical cadre; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Number of completed HIV training sustainability plans (Target: 1; Reporting Frequency: Annually)
- Percentage of healthcare workers with training histories in an online training repository (iHRIS train) [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Number of FELTP graduates in HIV supervisory placements [Target: 5; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Percentage of counties reporting any level of CBS data [disaggregated by reporting status: case-based reporting (CBR) only versus fully implemented CBS reporting; CBR refers to reporting initial diagnosis events only. CBS refers to initial diagnosis event plus subsequent longitudinal sentinel events. [Target: 50%, Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Percentage of PEPFAR supported counties implementing recency surveillance [Target: 50%; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Percentage of counties uploading 100% of patients in their EMR sites to the DWH [Target: 50%; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Percentage of national TX_CURR reported in the DWH [Target: 50%; Reporting Frequency: Annually]
- Number of lab policies, guidelines developed [Target: 2; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Percentage of laboratories / testers participating in EQA [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Percentage of laboratories supported for equipment maintenance [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Percentage of facilities with timely allocation of HIV/TB diagnosis and management commodities [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Percentage of facilities linked to laboratories with provision of timely results [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Percentage of reports available in a timely manner for decision making [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]

- Percentage of eligible of males circumcised as part of VMMC for HIV prevention program within the reporting period disaggregated by 5-year age bands and by method of Circumcision [Target: 95%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]
- Proportion of VMMC sites where services are integrated into routine health care [Target: 100%; Reporting Frequency: Quarterly]

Data Sources for Indicators: Data sources may include but are not limited to: program data, surveillance data, electronic or paper-based medical records, patients tracking systems, surveys, quarterly progress reports, surveillance and survey reports and other program monitoring tools.

EVALUATION

The overall CDC strategy to determine effectiveness of this NOFO will be through performance measurement and evaluation of progress towards HSS and eventual county and MOH ownership of a sustainable HIV response. As the primary stakeholder, MOH engagement in this performance measurement and evaluation process is essential. The evaluation topics below are examples of areas that the recipient may be expected to answer through process or outcome evaluation(s). Applicants should include at least 1, but no more than 3 potential evaluation questions.

Sample Evaluation Topics:

- Effectiveness of leadership and coordination of HIV and TB services nationally and at county levels [Outcome Evaluation]
- Effect of recipient capacity building activities on increased HRH and financial sustainability, at the national and county-level, of HIV/TB programs by year 5 [Outcome Evaluation]
- Use of surveillance data for improvements in evidence-based program planning [Outcome Evaluation]

Evaluation Data Sources: Data sources may include registers, tally sheets, electronic and paper patient records, partner progress reports, quarterly progress reports; DHIS; quality assessment reports, national surveillance systems; HIV impact assessments; modeling, routine program data; national health accounts, NASCOP annual reports; county HIV profiles; national HIV epidemic update reports; annual HIV Progress Reports, abstracts and manuscripts generated from program data; web-based platforms, publications in peer-reviewed journals, surveillance and surveys, focus groups, in-depth interviews and other program monitoring tools.

Dissemination of Evaluation Results: Dissemination channels may include local and international conferences and forum abstract presentations, conference poster displays, manuscripts, bulletins, reports, presentations to technical working groups and stakeholder meetings, and other approved products in print and electronic media. The primary intended users of evaluation results and findings will be the wider program stakeholders. All evaluation reports will be publicly available on PEPFAR resource sites. CDC and stakeholders will use overall evaluation findings during the five-year NOFO period to share and implement key recommendations to strengthen program implementation and effectiveness, sustainability, and continued program improvement upon completion of the award.

In addition, recipient(s) may be required to conduct a costing analysis or economic evaluation of implemented interventions or activities at the end of the project to determine:

- Cost and/or unit costs, and cost drivers of interventions or activities
- Cost-effectiveness of interventions or activities

Evaluations and strategy should align with national, PEPFAR, and agency requirements and priorities, and will be reviewed and may require approval as part of the Country Operational Plan (COP). As such, the example evaluation topics listed in this NOFO may be amended based on feedback from OGAC during the annual COP review process.

ii. Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan

Applicants must provide an evaluation and performance measurement plan that demonstrates how the recipient will fulfill the requirements described in the CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement and Project Description sections of this NOFO. At a minimum, the plan must describe:

- How applicant will collect the performance measures, respond to the evaluation questions, and use evaluation findings for continuous program quality improvement.
- How key program partners will participate in the evaluation and performance measurement planning processes.
- Available data sources, feasibility of collecting appropriate evaluation and performance data, and other relevant data information (e.g., performance measures proposed by the applicant)
- Plans for updating the Data Management Plan (DMP), if applicable, for accuracy throughout the lifecycle of the project. The DMP should provide a description of the data that will be produced using these NOFO funds; access to data; data standards ensuring released data have documentation describing methods of collection, what the data represent, and data limitations; and archival and long-term data preservation plans. For more information about CDC's policy on the DMP, see <https://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/ar-25.html>.

Where the applicant chooses to, or is expected to, take on specific evaluation studies, they should be directed to:

- Describe the type of evaluations (i.e., process, outcome, or both).
- Describe key evaluation questions to be addressed by these evaluations.
- Describe other information (e.g., measures, data sources).

Recipients will be required to submit a more detailed Evaluation and Performance Measurement plan, including a DMP, if applicable, within the first 6 months of award, as described in the Reporting Section of this NOFO.

c. Organizational Capacity of Recipients to Implement the Approach

Applicants must provide supporting documentation to show evidence of their organizational capacity to implement the approach. Documentation supporting this element must be submitted in the appendix, clearly labeled, and easily identifiable. Applicants must submit the following materials in their appendix:

- CVs/Resumes for key personnel (PI, Business Official)
- Job Descriptions for key personnel
- Organizational Chart (maximum 1 page)
- Financial Management Statement (maximum 3 pages) describing the following:
 - Systems and procedures used to manage funds;
 - Procurement procedures-previous experience;
 - Current compensation structure; procedure for job evaluation and grading; and criteria for adjustment in compensation structure;
 - How the applicant will manage level of effort supplemented by other awards

Applicants must title these documents in their appendix as follows: “CVs/Resumes,” “Job Descriptions,” “Organizational Chart,” “Financial Statement” and include in the Table of Contents.

d. Work Plan

Applicants must include a work plan within the Project Narrative that demonstrates how the outcomes, strategies, activities, timelines, and staffing will take place over the course of the award. Applicants must submit a detailed work plan for the first year of the project and a high-level plan for the subsequent years.

e. CDC Monitoring and Accountability Approach

Monitoring activities include routine and ongoing communication between CDC and recipients, site visits, and recipient reporting (including work plans, performance, and financial reporting). Consistent with applicable grants regulations and policies, CDC expects the following to be included in post-award monitoring for grants and cooperative agreements:

- Tracking recipient progress in achieving the desired outcomes.
- Ensuring the adequacy of recipient systems that underlie and generate data reports.
- Creating an environment that fosters integrity in program performance and results.

Monitoring may also include the following activities deemed necessary to monitor the award:

- Ensuring that work plans are feasible based on the budget and consistent with the intent of the award.
- Ensuring that recipients are performing at a sufficient level to achieve outcomes within stated timeframes.
- Working with recipients on adjusting the work plan based on achievement of outcomes, evaluation results and changing budgets.

- Monitoring performance measures (both programmatic and financial) to assure satisfactory performance levels.

Monitoring and reporting activities that assist grants management staff (e.g., grants management officers and specialists, and project officers) in the identification, notification, and management of high-risk recipients.

f. CDC Program Support to Recipients

If funded, a cooperative agreement, as defined by the Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act of 1977 (P.L. 95-224, 31 USC 6301 et seq.), will be used as the funding mechanism to award funds. CDC will have substantial programmatic involvement after the award is made. Substantial involvement is in addition to all post-award monitoring, technical assistance, and performance reviews undertaken in the normal course of stewardship of federal funds and is not intended to gain stricter controls. CDC will coordinate, facilitate, collaborate, and/or intervene to programmatically effectuate performance under the award, consistent with applicable law and regulations. The substantial involvement responsibilities enumerated in this NOFO and any additional substantial involvement responsibilities will be used to benefit the program.

Under a cooperative agreement, CDC is responsible for normal oversight and monitoring activities. Examples of normal oversight and monitoring activities are listed below:

1. Organize an orientation meeting with the recipient for a briefing on applicable U.S. Government, HHS/CDC, and PEPFAR expectations, regulations, and key management requirements, as well as report formats and contents. The orientation could include meetings with staff from HHS agencies and OGAC.
2. Review and approve recipient's annual work plan and detailed budget, as part of the PEPFAR COP review and approval process, managed by OGAC.
3. Review and approve the recipient's monitoring and evaluation plan, including for compliance with the strategic information guidance established by OGAC.
4. Meet on a regular basis with the recipient to assess expenditures in relation to approved work plan and modify plans as necessary.
5. Meet on a quarterly basis with the recipient to assess quarterly technical and financial progress reports and modify plans as necessary.
6. Meet on an annual basis with the recipient to review annual progress report for each U.S. Government Fiscal Year, and to review annual work plans and budgets for the subsequent year, as part of the PEPFAR COP review and approval process, managed by OGAC.
7. Provide technical oversight for all activities under this award.

Above and beyond the normal oversight and monitoring examples, CDC's substantial involvement includes, but is not limited to, the following activities:

1. Involvement in the review and selection of key personnel and/or post-award sub-contractors and/or sub-recipients to be involved in the activities performed under this agreement. This is solely limited to reviewing and making recommendations as necessary to the process used by the recipient to select key personnel and/or post-award sub-

contractors and/or sub-recipients to be involved in the activities performed under this agreement, as part of the PEPFAR COP review and approval process, managed by OGAC.

2. Provide technical assistance, as mutually agreed upon, and revise annually in concert with the recipient during validation of the first and subsequent annual work plans. This could include expert technical assistance and targeted training activities in specialized areas, such as strategic information, project management, and confidential counseling and testing.
3. Provide in-country administrative support to help the recipient meet U.S. Government financial and reporting requirements approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).
4. Collaborate with the recipient on designing and implementing the activities listed above, including, but not limited to: the provision of technical assistance to develop program activities, data management and analysis, quality assurance, the presentation and possibly publication of program results and findings, and the management and tracking of finances.
5. Provide technical assistance or advice on any data collections on 10 or more people that are planned or conducted by the recipient. Data collections funded under this award, in particular where CDC staff will be or are approving, directing, conducting, managing, or owning data, must undergo OMB project determinations by CDC and may require OMB Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) clearance prior to the start of the project.
6. Provide continuous consultation and scientific and technical assistance based on appropriate HHS/CDC and OGAC documents to promote the use of best practices known at the time.
7. Assist the recipient in developing and implementing quality-assurance criteria and procedures.
8. Facilitate and/or participate in in-country planning and review meetings for technical assistance activities.
9. Conduct site visits through the Site Improvement through Monitoring System (SIMS), in compliance with PEPFAR requirements, to monitor and evaluate clinical and community service delivery site capacity to provide high-quality HIV/AIDS services in all program areas and 'above-site' capacity to perform supportive or systemic functions, by assessing and scoring key program area elements of site performance and collaborating strategically with the recipient on identified gaps and continuous quality improvement, which might include more thorough data quality or service quality assessments as indicated.
10. Coordinate with the recipient to ensure the recipient's Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan is aligned with the strategic information guidance established by OGAC and other HHS/CDC requirements, including PEPFAR's Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) strategy, PEPFAR's Evaluation Standards of Practice (ESoP), and CDC's Data for Partner Monitoring Program (DFPM).
11. Provide ethical reviews in order to direct and/or facilitate desired changes, as necessary, for evaluation activities, including from HHS/CDC headquarters. Evaluations can be process, outcome, or economic.

- A. Process Evaluation: measures how the intervention was delivered, what worked/did not, differences between the intended population and the population served, and access to the intervention.
- B. Outcome Evaluation: determines effects of intervention in target population(s) (e.g., change in knowledge, attitudes, behavior, capacity, etc.).
- C. Economic Evaluation: justifies the investment, and determines the efficiency and economic impact of interventions.

12. Supply the recipient with protocols for related evaluations.

As described in current COP guidance, quarterly performance thresholds should be monitored throughout the year. In addition to CDC's substantial involvement, the agency will conduct normal oversight and monitoring activities to effectuate program performance. Underperformance in achieving established programmatic targets may result in corrective action being taken as outlined in current COP guidance. Corrective action may include the implementation of a Target Improvement Plan (TIP) and/or a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) to assist recipients with meeting established programmatic targets.

The agency will assess recipients' level of effort, including any preventative action taken, and any extenuating circumstances internal and external to the recipient when considering a TIP and/or CAP. Be advised that any changes made to the COP guidance related to substantial involvement and the monitoring of quarterly and annual performance PEPFAR targets will become effective and implemented in accordance with the revised/new COP guidance. These changes may impact the agency's substantial involvement and/or how it ensures the achievement of recipients' quarterly and annual PEPFAR targets.

The use of a TIP and/or CAP does not replace or reduce the Federal regulations promulgated in 45 CFR § 75.371. If a recipient fails to comply with Federal statutes, regulations or the terms and conditions of its cooperative agreement, CDC or the pass-through entity may impose additional conditions, as described in 45 CFR § 75.207. If CDC or the pass-through entity determines that noncompliance cannot be remedied by imposing additional conditions, CDC or the pass-through entity may take one or more actions legally available.

B. Award Information

1. Funding Instrument Type:

CA (Cooperative Agreement)

CDC's substantial involvement in this program appears in the CDC Program Support to Recipients Section.

2. Award Mechanism:

U2G

3. Fiscal Year:

2021

4. Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding:

\$ 1,500,000

5. Total Period of Performance Funding:

\$ 0

This amount is subject to the availability of funds.

The Approximate Project Period of Performance Funding/Estimated Total Funding for the Total 5 year Project Period is None. The Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount for years 2-5 will be set at continuation.

Estimated Total Funding:

\$ 0

6. Total Period of Performance Length:

5

year(s)

7. Expected Number of Awards:

1

8. Approximate Average Award:

\$ 1,500,000

Per Budget Period

The Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount for Year 1 is \$1,500,000. The expected number of awards is 1. Exact amounts for each award under this NOFO will be determined at the time of award. Applicants are encouraged to apply to the Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding/Average One Year Award Amount/Approximate Average Award amount.

9. Award Ceiling:

\$ 0

Per Budget Period

This amount is subject to the availability of funds.

The Award Ceiling is None. Please refer to the Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding, Average One Year Award Amount, and Approximate Average Award for the anticipated total funding amount for Year 1. This amount is approximate and is subject to the availability of funds.

10. Award Floor:

\$ 0

Per Budget Period

None.

11. Estimated Award Date:

September 30, 2021

12. Budget Period Length:

12 month(s)

Throughout the project period, CDC will continue the award based on the availability of funds, the evidence of satisfactory progress by the recipient (as documented in required reports), and the determination that continued funding is in the best interest of the federal government. The total number of years for which federal support has been approved (project period) will be shown in the "Notice of Award." This information does not constitute a commitment by the federal government to fund the entire period. The total period of performance comprises the initial competitive segment and any subsequent non-competitive continuation award(s).

13. Direct Assistance

Direct Assistance (DA) is not available through this NOFO.

C. Eligibility Information

1. Eligible Applicants

Eligibility Category:

25 (Others (see text field entitled "Additional Information on Eligibility" for clarification))

2. Additional Information on Eligibility

Eligible applicants that can apply for this NOFO are: Kenya Ministry of Health and Public Sanitation.

3. Justification for Less than Maximum Competition

The Ministry of Health (MOH) is the only organization with the authority and mandate to implement activities under this NOFO as per Kenya's Constitution from 2010, as well as the MOH's Health Policy. The 2010 Kenyan Constitution prescribed new roles for the MOH, identifying it as the primary entity responsible for: major disease control including HIV/AIDS and TB; development of national health policy; provision of technical support at all levels; monitoring quality and standards in health services provision; conducting studies required for administrative or management purposes; management of services provided by the Kenya Medical Supplies Agency; management of national public health laboratories; managing health information, communication and technology; and monitoring and evaluation. With the devolution of government, the MOH is also responsible for coordinating responsibility for developing and disseminating policies and guidelines and supporting counties in their implementation of best practices in public health. The MOH requires technical and administrative support to manage effectively these responsibilities for the HIV/AIDS response.

This NOFO is a follow-on to CDC-RFA-GH16-1627. Achievements in the current cooperative agreement so far include development and dissemination of public health policies and guidelines, implementation of KENPHIA, improvement in lab capacity and accreditation of the National Public Health Laboratory Services (NPHLS), and improved health information and data quality systems. Over the years, the Kenya MOH has led a number of initiatives to support the expansion of HIV prevention, care and treatment services; however, HIV/AIDS continues to be a major public health concern. This new award will allow for continued improvement in these areas. This NOFO will provide technical and administrative support to carry out these responsibilities effectively and efficiently. It will also focus on health systems strengthening

through leadership and governance, human resources for health, strategic information, laboratory systems, and health finance as it relates to HIV prevention, care and treatment services. The long-term goal of this government-to-government NOFO is to achieve sustained improvements in health services and health outcomes, while also staying in alignment with PEPFAR goals to pivot towards evidence-based interventions in highest-burden populations and geographic areas for maximum impact.

Single Source Justification Memo approved on 11/10/2020.

4. Cost Sharing or Matching

Cost Sharing / Matching Requirement:

No

Cost sharing or matching funds are not required for this program. Although no statutory matching requirement for this NOFO exists, leveraging other resources and related ongoing efforts to promote sustainability is strongly encouraged.

5. Maintenance of Effort

Maintenance of effort is not required for this program.

D. Application and Submission Information

1. Required Registrations

An organization must be registered at the three following locations before it can submit an application for funding at www.grants.gov.

a. Data Universal Numbering System:

All applicant organizations must obtain a Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number. A DUNS number is a unique nine-digit identification number provided by Dun & Bradstreet (D&B). It will be used as the Universal Identifier when applying for federal awards or cooperative agreements.

The applicant organization may request a DUNS number by telephone at 1-866-705-5711 (toll free) or internet at [http:// fedgov.dnb. com/ webform/ displayHomePage.do](http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform/displayHomePage.do). The DUNS number will be provided at no charge.

If funds are awarded to an applicant organization that includes sub-recipients, those sub-recipients must provide their DUNS numbers before accepting any funds.

b. System for Award Management (SAM):

The SAM is the primary registrant database for the federal government and the repository into which an entity must submit information required to conduct business as a recipient. All applicant organizations must register with SAM, and will be assigned a SAM number. All information relevant to the SAM number must be current at all times during which the applicant has an application under consideration for funding by CDC. If an award is made, the SAM information must be maintained until a final financial report is submitted or the final payment is received, whichever is later. The SAM registration process can require 10 or more business days, and registration must be renewed annually. Additional information about registration procedures may be found at <https://www.sam.gov/SAM/>.

c. [Grants.gov](http://www.grants.gov):

The first step in submitting an application online is registering your organization at www.grants.gov, the official HHS E-grant Web site. Registration information is located at the "Applicant Registration" option at www.grants.gov. All applicant organizations must register at www.grants.gov. The one-time registration process usually takes not more than five days to complete. Applicants should start the registration process as early as possible.

Step	System	Requirements	Duration	Follow Up
1	Data Universal Number System (DUNS)	1. Click on http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform 2. Select Begin DUNS search/request process 3. Select your country or territory and follow the instructions to obtain your DUNS 9-digit # 4. Request appropriate staff member(s) to obtain DUNS number, verify & update information under DUNS number	1-2 Business Days	To confirm that you have been issued a new DUNS number check online at (http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform) or call 1-866-705-5711
2	System for Award Management (SAM) formerly Central Contractor Registration (CCR)	1. Retrieve organizations DUNS number 2. Go to https://www.sam.gov/SAM/ and designate an E-Biz POC (note CCR username will not work in SAM and you will need to have an active SAM account before you can register on grants.gov)	3-5 Business Days but up to 2 weeks and must be renewed once a year	For SAM Customer Service Contact https://fsd.gov/fsd-gov/home.do Calls: 866-606-8220
3	Grants.gov	1. Set up an individual account in Grants.gov using organization new DUNS number to become an authorized organization representative (AOR) 2. Once the account is set up the E-BIZ POC will be notified via email 3. Log into grants.gov using the password the E-BIZ POC received and create new password 4. This authorizes the AOR to submit applications on behalf of the organization	Same day but can take 8 weeks to be fully registered and approved in the system (note, applicants MUST obtain a DUNS number and SAM account before applying on grants.gov)	Register early! Log into grants.gov and check AOR status until it shows you have been approved

2. Request Application Package

Applicants may access the application package at www.grants.gov.

3. Application Package

Applicants must download the SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, package associated with this notice of funding opportunity at www.grants.gov.

4. Submission Dates and Times

If the application is not submitted by the deadline published in the NOFO, it will not be processed. Office of Grants Services (OGS) personnel will notify the applicant that their application did not meet the deadline. The applicant must receive pre-approval to submit a paper application (see Other Submission Requirements section for additional details). If the applicant is authorized to submit a paper application, it must be received by the deadline provided by OGS.

a. Letter of Intent Deadline (must be emailed or postmarked by)

b. Application Deadline

Number Of Days from Publication 60

04/23/2021

11:59 pm U.S. Eastern Standard Time, at www.grants.gov. If Grants.gov is inoperable and cannot receive applications, and circumstances preclude advance notification of an extension, then applications must be submitted by the first business day on which grants.gov operations resume.

Due Date for Information Conference Call

N/A

5. CDC Assurances and Certifications

All applicants are required to sign and submit “Assurances and Certifications” documents indicated at [http://wwwn.cdc.gov/grantassurances/\(S\(mj444mxct51lnrv1hljjmaa\)\)/Homepage.aspx](http://wwwn.cdc.gov/grantassurances/(S(mj444mxct51lnrv1hljjmaa))/Homepage.aspx).

Applicants may follow either of the following processes:

- Complete the applicable assurances and certifications with each application submission, name the file “Assurances and Certifications” and upload it as a PDF file with at www.grants.gov
- Complete the applicable assurances and certifications and submit them directly to CDC on an annual basis at [http://wwwn.cdc.gov/grantassurances/\(S\(mj444mxct51lnrv1hljjmaa\)\)/Homepage.aspx](http://wwwn.cdc.gov/grantassurances/(S(mj444mxct51lnrv1hljjmaa))/Homepage.aspx)

Assurances and certifications submitted directly to CDC will be kept on file for one year and will apply to all applications submitted to CDC by the applicant within one year of the submission date.

Risk Assessment Questionnaire Requirement

CDC is required to conduct pre-award risk assessments to determine the risk an applicant poses to meeting federal programmatic and administrative requirements by taking into account issues

such as financial instability, insufficient management systems, non-compliance with award conditions, the charging of unallowable costs, and inexperience. The risk assessment will include an evaluation of the applicant's CDC Risk Questionnaire, located at <https://www.cdc.gov/grants/documents/PPMR-G-CDC-Risk-Questionnaire.pdf>, as well as a review of the applicant's history in all available systems; including OMB-designated repositories of government-wide eligibility and financial integrity systems (see 45 CFR 75.205(a)), and other sources of historical information. These systems include, but are not limited to: FAPIIS (<https://www.fapiis.gov/>), including past performance on federal contracts as per Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act of 2009; Do Not Pay list; and System for Award Management (SAM) exclusions.

CDC requires all applicants to complete the Risk Questionnaire, OMB Control Number 0920-1132 annually. This questionnaire, which is located at <https://www.cdc.gov/grants/documents/PPMR-G-CDC-Risk-Questionnaire.pdf>, along with supporting documentation must be submitted with your application by the closing date of the Notice of Funding Opportunity Announcement. If your organization has completed CDC's Risk Questionnaire within the past 12 months of the closing date of this NOFO, then you must submit a copy of that questionnaire, or submit a letter signed by the authorized organization representative to include the original submission date, organization's EIN and DUNS.

When uploading supporting documentation for the Risk Questionnaire into this application package, clearly label the documents for easy identification of the type of documentation. For example, a copy of Procurement policy submitted in response to the questionnaire may be labeled using the following format: Risk Questionnaire Supporting Documents _ Procurement Policy.

Duplication of Efforts

Applicants are responsible for reporting if this application will result in programmatic, budgetary, or commitment overlap with another application or award (i.e. grant, cooperative agreement, or contract) submitted to another funding source in the same fiscal year. Programmatic overlap occurs when (1) substantially the same project is proposed in more than one application or is submitted to two or more funding sources for review and funding consideration or (2) a specific objective and the project design for accomplishing the objective are the same or closely related in two or more applications or awards, regardless of the funding source. Budgetary overlap occurs when duplicate or equivalent budgetary items (e.g., equipment, salaries) are requested in an application but already are provided by another source. Commitment overlap occurs when an individual's time commitment exceeds 100 percent, whether or not salary support is requested in the application. Overlap, whether programmatic, budgetary, or commitment of an individual's effort greater than 100 percent, is not permitted. Any overlap will be resolved by the CDC with the applicant and the PD/PI prior to award.

Report Submission: The applicant must upload the report in Grants.gov under "Other Attachment Forms." The document should be labeled: "Report on Programmatic, Budgetary, and Commitment Overlap."

6. Content and Form of Application Submission

Applicants are required to include all of the following documents with their application package at www.grants.gov.

7. Letter of Intent

LOI is not requested or required as part of the application for this NOFO.

8. Table of Contents

(There is no page limit. The table of contents is not included in the project narrative page limit.): The applicant must provide, as a separate attachment, the "Table of Contents" for the entire submission package.

Provide a detailed table of contents for the entire submission package that includes all of the documents in the application and headings in the "Project Narrative" section. Name the file "Table of Contents" and upload it as a PDF file under "Other Attachment Forms" at www.grants.gov.

9. Project Abstract Summary

A project abstract is included on the mandatory documents list and must be submitted at www.grants.gov. The project abstract must be a self-contained, brief summary of the proposed project including the purpose and outcomes. This summary must not include any proprietary or confidential information. Applicants must enter the summary in the "Project Abstract Summary" text box at www.grants.gov.

10. Project Narrative

(Unless specified in the "H. Other Information" section, maximum of 20 pages, single spaced, 12 point font, 1-inch margins, number all pages. This includes the work plan. Content beyond the specified page number will not be reviewed.)

Applicants must submit a Project Narrative with the application forms. Applicants must name this file "Project Narrative" and upload it at www.grants.gov. The Project Narrative must include **all** of the following headings (including subheadings): Background, Approach, Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan, Organizational Capacity of Applicants to Implement the Approach, and Work Plan. The Project Narrative must be succinct, self-explanatory, and in the order outlined in this section. It must address outcomes and activities to be conducted over the entire period of performance as identified in the CDC Project Description section. Applicants should use the federal plain language guidelines and Clear Communication Index to respond to this Notice of Funding Opportunity. Note that recipients should also use these tools when creating public communication materials supported by this NOFO. Failure to follow the guidance and format may negatively impact scoring of the application.

a. Background

Applicants must provide a description of relevant background information that includes the context of the problem (See CDC Background).

b. Approach

i. Purpose

Applicants must describe in 2-3 sentences specifically how their application will address the public health problem as described in the CDC Background section.

ii. Outcomes

Applicants must clearly identify the outcomes they expect to achieve by the end of the project period, as identified in the logic model in the Approach section of the CDC Project Description. Outcomes are the results that the program intends to achieve and usually indicate the intended direction of change (e.g., increase, decrease).

iii. Strategies and Activities

Applicants must provide a clear and concise description of the strategies and activities they will use to achieve the period of performance outcomes. Applicants must select existing evidence-based strategies that meet their needs, or describe in the Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan how these strategies will be evaluated over the course of the project period. See the Strategies and Activities section of the CDC Project Description.

1. Collaborations

Applicants must describe how they will collaborate with programs and organizations either internal or external to CDC. Applicants must address the Collaboration requirements as described in the CDC Project Description.

2. Target Populations and Health Disparities

Applicants must describe the specific target population(s) in their jurisdiction and explain how such a target will achieve the goals of the award and/or alleviate health disparities. The applicants must also address how they will include specific populations that can benefit from the program that is described in the Approach section. Applicants must address the Target Populations and Health Disparities requirements as described in the CDC Project Description.

c. Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan

Applicants must provide an evaluation and performance measurement plan that demonstrates how the recipient will fulfill the requirements described in the CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement and Project Description sections of this NOFO. At a minimum, the plan must describe:

- How applicant will collect the performance measures, respond to the evaluation questions, and use evaluation findings for continuous program quality improvement. The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA): Applicants are advised that any activities involving information collections (e.g., surveys, questionnaires, applications, audits, data requests, reporting, recordkeeping and disclosure requirements) from 10 or more individuals or non-Federal entities, including State and local governmental agencies, and funded or sponsored by the Federal Government are subject to review and approval by the Office of Management and Budget. For further information about CDC's requirements under PRA see <http://www.hhs.gov/ocio/policy/collection/>.

- How key program partners will participate in the evaluation and performance measurement planning processes.
- Available data sources, feasibility of collecting appropriate evaluation and performance data, data management plan (DMP), and other relevant data information (e.g., performance measures proposed by the applicant).

Where the applicant chooses to, or is expected to, take on specific evaluation studies, they should be directed to:

- Describe the type of evaluations (i.e., process, outcome, or both).
- Describe key evaluation questions to be addressed by these evaluations.
- Describe other information (e.g., measures, data sources).

Recipients will be required to submit a more detailed Evaluation and Performance Measurement plan (including the DMP elements) within the first 6 months of award, as described in the Reporting Section of this NOFO.

d. Organizational Capacity of Applicants to Implement the Approach

Applicants must address the organizational capacity requirements as described in the CDC Project Description.

The Project Narrative must include a heading titled Organizational Capacity of Applicants to Implement the Approach, under which applicants should include a brief description of their organizational capacity.

A list of materials specific to this NOFO that must be submitted in the appendix is included in Part II Section 2. A. 2 c. Organizational Capacity of Recipients to Implement the Approach. Additional instructions on appendix submittal requirements can be found in Section H Other Information.

11. Work Plan

(Included in the Project Narrative's page limit)

Applicants must prepare a work plan consistent with the CDC Project Description Work Plan section. The work plan integrates and delineates more specifically how the recipient plans to carry out achieving the period of performance outcomes, strategies and activities, evaluation and performance measurement.

12. Budget Narrative

Applicants must submit an itemized budget narrative. When developing the budget narrative, applicants must consider whether the proposed budget is reasonable and consistent with the purpose, outcomes, and program strategy outlined in the project narrative. The budget must include:

- Salaries and wages
- Fringe benefits
- Consultant costs

- Equipment
- Supplies
- Travel
- Other categories
- Contractual costs
- Total Direct costs
- Total Indirect costs

Indirect costs could include the cost of collecting, managing, sharing and preserving data.

Indirect costs on grants awarded to foreign organizations and foreign public entities and performed fully outside of the territorial limits of the U.S. may be paid to support the costs of compliance with federal requirements at a fixed rate of eight percent of MTDC exclusive of tuition and related fees, direct expenditures for equipment, and subawards in excess of \$25,000. Negotiated indirect costs may be paid to the American University, Beirut, and the World Health Organization.

If applicable and consistent with the cited statutory authority for this announcement, applicant entities may use funds for activities as they relate to the intent of this NOFO to meet national standards or seek health department accreditation through the Public Health Accreditation Board (see: <http://www.phaboard.org>). Applicant entities to whom this provision applies include state, local, territorial governments (including the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau), or their bona fide agents, political subdivisions of states (in consultation with states), federally recognized or state-recognized American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments, and American Indian or Alaska Native tribally designated organizations. Activities include those that enable a public health organization to deliver public health services such as activities that ensure a capable and qualified workforce, up-to-date information systems, and the capability to assess and respond to public health needs. Use of these funds must focus on achieving a minimum of one national standard that supports the intent of the NOFO. Proposed activities must be included in the budget narrative and must indicate which standards will be addressed.

Vital records data, including births and deaths, are used to inform public health program and policy decisions. If applicable and consistent with the cited statutory authority for this NOFO, applicant entities are encouraged to collaborate with and support their jurisdiction's vital records office (VRO) to improve vital records data timeliness, quality and access, and to advance public health goals. Recipients may, for example, use funds to support efforts to build VRO capacity through partnerships; provide technical and/or financial assistance to improve vital records timeliness, quality or access; or support vital records improvement efforts, as approved by CDC.

Applicants must name this file "Budget Narrative" and upload it as a PDF file at www.grants.gov. If requesting indirect costs in the budget, a copy of the indirect cost-rate agreement is required. If the indirect costs are requested, include a copy of the current negotiated

federal indirect cost rate agreement or a cost allocation plan approval letter for those Recipients under such a plan. Applicants must name this file “Indirect Cost Rate” and upload it at www.grants.gov.

13. Funds Tracking

Proper fiscal oversight is critical to maintaining public trust in the stewardship of federal funds. Effective October 1, 2013, a new HHS policy on subaccounts requires the CDC to set up payment subaccounts within the Payment Management System (PMS) for all new grant awards. Funds awarded in support of approved activities and drawdown instructions will be identified on the Notice of Award in a newly established PMS subaccount (P subaccount). Recipients will be required to draw down funds from award-specific accounts in the PMS. Ultimately, the subaccounts will provide recipients and CDC a more detailed and precise understanding of financial transactions. The successful applicant will be required to track funds by P-accounts/subaccounts for each project/cooperative agreement awarded. Applicants are encouraged to demonstrate a record of fiscal responsibility and the ability to provide sufficient and effective oversight. Financial management systems must meet the requirements as described 2 CFR 200 which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Records that identify adequately the source and application of funds for federally-funded activities.
- Effective control over, and accountability for, all funds, property, and other assets.
- Comparison of expenditures with budget amounts for each Federal award.
- Written procedures to implement payment requirements.
- Written procedures for determining cost allowability.
- Written procedures for financial reporting and monitoring.

14. Intergovernmental Review

Executive Order 12372 does not apply to this program.

15. Pilot Program for Enhancement of Employee Whistleblower Protections

Pilot Program for Enhancement of Employee Whistleblower Protections: All applicants will be subject to a term and condition that applies the terms of 48 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) section 3.908 to the award and requires that recipients inform their employees in writing (in the predominant native language of the workforce) of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712.

16. Copyright Interests Provisions

This provision is intended to ensure that the public has access to the results and accomplishments of public health activities funded by CDC. Pursuant to applicable grant regulations and CDC's Public Access Policy, Recipient agrees to submit into the National Institutes of Health (NIH) Manuscript Submission (NIHMS) system an electronic version of the final, peer-reviewed manuscript of any such work developed under this award upon acceptance for publication, to be made publicly available no later than 12 months after the official date of publication. Also at the time of submission, Recipient and/or the Recipient's submitting author must specify the date the final manuscript will be publicly accessible through PubMed Central (PMC). Recipient and/or

Recipient's submitting author must also post the manuscript through PMC within twelve (12) months of the publisher's official date of final publication; however the author is strongly encouraged to make the subject manuscript available as soon as possible. The recipient must obtain prior approval from the CDC for any exception to this provision.

The author's final, peer-reviewed manuscript is defined as the final version accepted for journal publication, and includes all modifications from the publishing peer review process, and all graphics and supplemental material associated with the article. Recipient and its submitting authors working under this award are responsible for ensuring that any publishing or copyright agreements concerning submitted articles reserve adequate right to fully comply with this provision and the license reserved by CDC. The manuscript will be hosted in both PMC and the CDC Stacks institutional repository system. In progress reports for this award, recipient must identify publications subject to the CDC Public Access Policy by using the applicable NIHMS identification number for up to three (3) months after the publication date and the PubMed Central identification number (PMCID) thereafter.

17. Funding Restrictions

Restrictions that must be considered while planning the programs and writing the budget are:

- Recipients may not use funds for research.
- Recipients may not use funds for clinical care except as allowed by law.
- Recipients may use funds only for reasonable program purposes, including personnel, travel, supplies, and services.
- Generally, recipients may not use funds to purchase furniture or equipment. Any such proposed spending must be clearly identified in the budget.
- Reimbursement of pre-award costs generally is not allowed, unless the CDC provides written approval to the recipient.
- Other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships, no funds may be used for:
 - publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution, or use of any material designed to support or defeat the enactment of legislation before any legislative body
 - the salary or expenses of any grant or contract recipient, or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence the enactment of legislation, appropriations, regulation, administrative action, or Executive order proposed or pending before any legislative body
- See [Additional Requirement \(AR\) 12](#) for detailed guidance on this prohibition and [additional guidance on lobbying for CDC recipients](#).
- The direct and primary recipient in a cooperative agreement program must perform a substantial role in carrying out project outcomes and not merely serve as a conduit for an award to another party or provider who is ineligible.

- In accordance with the United States Protecting Life in Global Health Assistance policy, all non-governmental organization (NGO) applicants acknowledge that foreign NGOs that receive funds provided through this award, either as a prime recipient or subrecipient, are strictly prohibited, regardless of the source of funds, from performing abortions as a method of family planning or engaging in any activity that promotes abortion as a method of family planning, or to provide financial support to any other foreign non-governmental organization that conducts such activities. See Additional Requirement (AR) 35 for applicability (<https://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/ar-35.html>).

Additional restrictions applicable to PEPFAR funding:

Indirect Costs

Indirect costs on grants awarded to foreign organizations and foreign public entities are only available as provided by 45 CFR 75.414. All requests for indirect costs must be submitted in the budget. All requests for funds contained in the budget shall be stated in U.S. dollars. Once an award is made, CDC will not compensate foreign recipients for currency exchange fluctuations through the issuance of supplemental awards.

Public Financial Management Clause

HHS/CDC will assess the applicant's systems required to manage the activities supported with funds provided under this NOFO. Should an award be made, it is expressly conditioned upon that assessment, as well as any measures, mitigation, or means by which the applicant has or will address any vulnerabilities or weaknesses found in the assessment. The applicant agrees to take the necessary action(s) to address the recommendations or requirements of the assessment as agreed separately in writing with HHS/CDC in accordance with an action plan to be jointly developed to address such recommendations or as otherwise contained in any resulting agreement.

Conscience Clause

An organization, including a faith-based organization, that is otherwise eligible to receive funds under this agreement for HIV/AIDS prevention, treatment, or care—

- Shall not be required, as a condition of receiving such assistance—
- To endorse or utilize a multisectoral or comprehensive approach to combating HIV/AIDS; or
- To endorse, utilize, make a referral to, become integrated with, or otherwise participate in any program or activity to which the organization has a religious or moral objection; and
- Shall not be discriminated against in the solicitation or issuance of grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements for refusing to meet any requirement described above.

Conference Costs and Fees

Conference costs and fees for any member of a foreign government's delegation to an international conference sponsored by a multilateral organization under this award may not be

used without express written approval of the Grants Management Officer/Grants Management Specialist and the CDC project officer.

- **Definitions:**
 - A foreign government delegation is appointed by the national government (including ministries and agencies but excluding local, state and provincial entities) to act on behalf of the appointing authority at the international conference. A conference participant is a delegate for the purposes of this provision, only when there is an appointment or designation that the individual is authorized to officially represent the government or agency. A delegate may be a private citizen.
 - An international conference is a meeting where there is an agenda, an organizational structure, and delegations from countries other than the conference location, in which country delegations participate through discussion, votes, etc.
 - A multilateral organization is an organization established by international agreement and whose governing body is composed principally of foreign governments or other multilateral organizations.

Medically Accurate Information About Condoms

Information provided about the use of condoms as part of projects or activities funded under the award must be medically accurate and must include the public health benefits and failure rates of such use.

Needle Exchange

No funds made available under this award may be used for needle exchange programs.

Abortion and Involuntary Sterilization Restrictions

- Funds made available under this award must not be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any individual to practice sterilization.
- **Prohibition on Abortion-Related Activities:**
 - No funds made available under this award will be used to finance, support, or be attributed to the following activities: (i) procurement or distribution of equipment intended to be used for the purpose of inducing abortions as a method of family planning; (ii) special fees or incentives to any person to coerce or motivate them to have abortions; (iii) payments to persons to perform abortions or to solicit persons to undergo abortions; (iv) information, education, training, or communication programs that seek to promote abortion as a method of family planning; and (v) lobbying for or against abortion. The term “motivate”, as it relates to family planning assistance, must not be construed to prohibit the provision, consistent with local law, of information or counseling about all pregnancy options.
 - No funds made available under this award will be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates, in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilizations as a means of family planning.

Epidemiologic or descriptive research to assess the incidence, extent or consequences of abortions is not precluded.

Prostitution and Sex Trafficking

A standard term and condition of award will be included in the final notice of award; all recipients will be subject to a term and condition that none of the funds made available under this award may be used to promote or advocate the legalization or practice of prostitution or sex trafficking. In addition, non-U.S. nongovernmental organizations will also be subject to an additional term and condition requiring the organization's opposition to the practices of prostitution and sex trafficking. Any enforcement of this provision is subject to courts' orders in *Alliance for Open Society International v. USAID* (See, e.g., S.D.N.Y. 05 Civ. 8209, Orders filed on January 30, 2015 and June 6, 2017, granting permanent injunction).

Trafficking in Persons Provision

- No contractor or sub-recipient under this Agreement that is a private entity may, during the period of time that the award is in effect:
 - engage in trafficking in persons, as defined in the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking in Persons, especially Women and Children, supplementing the UN Convention against Transnational Organized Crime;
 - procure any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person; or
 - use forced labor in the performance of this award.
- If HHS/CDC determines that there is a reasonable basis to believe that any private party contractor or sub-recipient has violated paragraph 1 of this section or that an employee of the contractor or sub-recipient has violated such a prohibition where that the employee's conduct is associated with the performance of this award or may be imputed to the contractor or sub-recipient, HHS/CDC may, without penalty, (i) require the Recipient to terminate immediately the contract or sub-award in question or (ii) unilaterally terminate this Agreement in accordance with the termination provision.
- For purposes of this provision, "employee" means an individual who is engaged in the performance in any part of the Project as a direct employee, consultant, or volunteer of any private party contractor or sub-recipient.
- The recipient must include in all sub-agreements, including sub-awards and contracts, a provision prohibiting the conduct described in sub-section a by private party sub-recipients, contractors, or any of their employees.

Prohibition on Assistance to Drug Traffickers

- HHS/CDC reserves the right to terminate assistance to, or take other appropriate measures with respect to, any participant approved by HHS/CDC who is found to have been convicted of a narcotics offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR Part 140.
- The Recipient agrees not to disburse, or sign documents committing the Recipient to disburse funds to a sub-recipient designated by HHS/CDC ("Designated Sub-recipient")

until advised by HHS/CDC that: (1) any United States Government review of the Designated Sub-recipient and its key individuals has been completed; (2) any related certifications have been obtained; and (3) the assistance to the Designated Sub-recipient has been approved.

- The Recipient shall insert the following clause, or its substance, in its agreement with the Designated Sub-recipient:
 - The Recipient reserves the right to terminate this Agreement or take other appropriate measures if the [Sub-recipient] or a key individual of the [Sub-recipient] is found to have been convicted of a narcotic offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR Part 140.

Financing of Terrorism

Consistent with numerous United Nations Security Council resolutions, including UNSCR 1267 (1999) ([http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1269\(1999\).pdf](http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1269(1999).pdf)), UNSCR 1368 (2001) ([http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1368\(2001\).pdf](http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1368(2001).pdf)), UNSCR 1373 (2001) ([http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1373\(2001\).pdf](http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1373(2001).pdf)), and UNSCR 1989 (2011), both HHS/CDC and the Recipient are firmly committed to the international fight against terrorism, and in particular, against the financing of terrorism. It is the policy of HHS/CDC to seek to ensure that none of its funds are used, directly or indirectly, to provide support to individuals or entities associated with terrorism. In accordance with this policy, the Recipient agrees to use reasonable efforts to ensure that none of the HHS/CDC funds provided under this Agreement are used to provide support to individuals or entities associated with terrorism, including those identified on the U.S. Department of Treasury Office of Foreign Assets Control Specially Designated Nationals List. This provision must be included in all sub-agreements, including contracts and sub-awards, issued under this award.

Restriction on Assistance for Military or Paramilitary Purposes or for Police and Prisons

No funds or other support provided under the award may be used for support to any military or paramilitary force or activity, or for support to any police, prison authority, or other security or law enforcement forces without the prior written consent of HHS/CDC.

UN Security Council Sanctions List

It is the policy of HHS/CDC to seek to ensure that none of its funds are used, directly or indirectly, to provide support to individuals or entities designated for United Nations Security Council sanctions. In accordance with this policy, the recipient agrees to use reasonable efforts to ensure that none of the funds provided under this grant are used to provide support of individuals or entities designated for UN Security Council sanctions (compendium of Security Council Targeted Sanctions Lists at: http://www.un.org/sc/committees/list_compend.shtml). This provision must be included in all sub-agreements, including contracts and sub-awards, issued under this award.

Worker's Rights

- No funds or other support provided hereunder may be used for any activity that contributes to the violation of internationally recognized workers' rights of workers in the recipient country.

- In the event the Recipient is requested or wishes to provide assistance in areas that involve workers' rights or the Recipient requires clarification from HHS/CDC as to whether the activity would be consistent with the limitation set forth above, the Recipient must notify HHS/CDC and provide a detailed description of the proposed activity. The Recipient must not proceed with the activity until advised by HHS/CDC that it may do so.
- The Recipient must ensure that all employees and sub-contractors and sub-recipients providing employment-related services hereunder are made aware of the restrictions set forth in this clause and must include this clause in all sub-contracts and other sub-agreements entered into hereunder.
- The term "internationally recognized worker rights" includes-- the right of association; the right to organize and bargain collectively; a prohibition on the use of any form of forced or compulsory labor; a minimum age for the employment of children, and a prohibition on the worst forms of child labor; and acceptable conditions of work with respect to minimum wages, hours of work, and occupational safety and health.
- The term "worst forms of child labor" means-- all forms of slavery or practices similar to slavery, such as the sale or trafficking of children, debt bondage and serfdom, or forced or compulsory labor, including forced or compulsory recruitment of children for use in armed conflict; the use, procuring, or offering of a child for prostitution, for the production of pornography or for pornographic purposes; the use, procuring, or offering of a child for illicit activities in particular for the production and trafficking of drugs; and work which, by its nature or the circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health, safety, or morals of children, as determined by the laws, regulations, or competent authority of the country.

Investment Promotion

- No funds or other support provided hereunder may be used to provide a financial incentive to a business enterprise currently located in the United States for the purpose of inducing such an enterprise to relocate outside the United States if such incentive or inducement is likely to reduce the number of employees of such business enterprise in the United States because United States production is being replaced by such enterprise outside the United States.
- In the event the Recipient requires clarification from HHS/CDC as to whether the activity would be consistent with the limitation set forth above, the Recipient must notify HHS/CDC and provide a detailed description of the proposed activity. The Recipient must not proceed with the activity until advised by HHS/CDC that it may do so.
- The Recipient must ensure that its employees and sub-contractors and sub-recipients providing investment promotion services hereunder are made aware of the restrictions set forth in this clause and must include this clause in all sub-contracts and other sub-agreements entered into hereunder.

Contract Insurance Requirement

To the extent that a host government partner enters into contracts expressly approved by the U.S. government, the host country government partner shall ensure that its contractors or sub-

contractors (a) provide, before commencing performance under any contracts or sub-contracts funded under this agreement, such workers' compensation insurance or security as required by HHS/CDC and (b) continue to maintain such insurance until performance is completed. The host country government partner shall insert, in all contracts and sub-contracts under this agreement, a clause similar to this clause (including this sentence) imposing upon those contractors and sub-contractors the obligation to obtain workers' compensation insurance or security as required by HHS/CDC.

Source and Nationality and Other Procurement Restrictions

Disbursements will be used exclusively to finance the costs of goods and services required for this Agreement in accordance with source and nationality restrictions as provided in 22 CFR 228, and having their source and nationality in countries as listed in Geographic Code 937 or 935 or as HHS/CDC may otherwise agree in writing.

Environmental Impact Statement

HHS/CDC and the Recipient agree to implement the Project in conformance with the regulatory and legal requirements of the Partner Country's environmental legislation and HHS/CDC's environmental policies. The Recipient is required to create and follow an environmental mitigation plan and report (EMPR) for each thematic area covered by this agreement. The EMPR will capture potential environmental impacts and also inform whether a supplemental Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) is required and should be completed and submitted to the HHS/CDC. The Recipient will need to discuss this requirement with the Grants Management Officer/Grants Management Specialist.

Attribution to PEPFAR

All PEPFAR-related accepted abstracts presented by implementing partners during any conference (regardless of conference/meeting size) must be attributed to PEPFAR. All posters must include the PEPFAR logo as well as the following language: "This research has been supported by the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) through HHS/CDC under the terms of CDC-RFA-GH21-2118."

PEPFAR Branding

All PEPFAR-funded programs or activities must adhere to PEPFAR branding guidance, which includes guidance on the use of the PEPFAR logo and/or written attribution to PEPFAR. PEPFAR branding guidance can be found at <http://www.pepfar.gov/reports/guidance/branding/index.htm>. This guidance does not govern the use of the HHS and/or CDC logo; express written permission via a license must be obtained prior to the use of the HHS and/or CDC logo separate from the PEPFAR brand.

Using PEPFAR funds for Implementing Partners (IPs) and Partner Government Officials

IPs are required to notify their Project Officer immediately upon abstract acceptance. Once accepted, IPs are required to submit a written justification to their Project Officer stating the rationale for seeking support to attend the conference. IPs with accepted oral posters or oral abstracts for presentations that give clear attribution to PEPFAR may be authorized to use PEPFAR funds for travel providing that funds are available for travel. Funds for travel must be drawn from an existing agreement with the IP and not from PEPFAR country program

management and operations budget. IPs must obtain prior approval from their respective Project Officer for participation and on availability and use of funds.

PEPFAR partner government officials who wish to attend any large conference using PEPFAR funds must submit requests to the Project Officer, who will work with this PEPFAR Coordination office in-country, or to the designated PEPFAR Point of Contact in countries without Coordinators. Final decisions will be made in collaboration with the PEPFAR Deputy Principals and responses will be circulated to Post.

Project Officer prior approval is also required for registration fees for virtual scientific conference attendance for IPs with accepted oral posters or oral abstracts for presentations that give clear attribution to PEPFAR, which may be authorized if funds are available. Please note that use of cooperative agreement funds to attend scientific conferences by non-presenters and non-oral poster presenters is not authorized, except by Partner Government Officials with approval of the PEPFAR Deputy Principals.

Requirements for Voluntary Family Planning Projects

- A family planning project must comply with the requirements of this paragraph.
- A project is a discrete activity through which a governmental or nongovernmental organization or Public International Organization (PIO) provides family planning services to people and for which funds obligated under this award, or goods or services financed with such funds, are provided under this award, except funds solely for the participation of personnel in short-term, widely attended training conferences or programs.
- (3) Service providers and referral agents in the project must not implement or be subject to quotas or other numerical targets of total number of births, number of family planning acceptors, or acceptors of a particular method of family planning. Quantitative estimates or indicators of the number of births, acceptors, and acceptors of a particular method that are used for the purpose of budgeting, planning, or reporting with respect to the project are not quotas or targets under this paragraph, unless service providers or referral agents in the project are required to achieve the estimates or indicators.
- (4) The project must not include the payment of incentives, bribes, gratuities or financial rewards to (i) any individual in exchange for becoming a family planning acceptor, or (ii) any personnel performing functions under the project for achieving a numerical quota or target of total number of births, number of family planning acceptors, or acceptors of a particular method of contraception. This restriction applies to salaries or payments paid or made to personnel performing functions under the project if the amount of the salary or payment increases or decreases based on a predetermined number of births, number of family planning acceptors, or number of acceptors of a particular method of contraception that the personnel affect or achieve.
- (5) A person must not be denied any right or benefit, including the right of access to participate in any program of general welfare or health care, based on the person's decision not to accept family planning services offered by the project.
- The project must provide family planning acceptors comprehensible information about the health benefits and risks of the method chosen, including those conditions that might

render the use of the method inadvisable and those adverse side effects known to be consequent to the use of the method. This requirement may be satisfied by providing information in accordance with the medical practices and standards and health conditions in the country where the project is conducted through counseling, brochures, posters, or package inserts.

- The recipient must notify CDC when it learns about an alleged violation in the requirements for voluntary family planning projects described in paragraphs (3), (4), or (5), above.
- The recipient must investigate and take appropriate corrective action, if necessary, when it learns about an alleged violation and must notify CDC about violations in a project affecting a number of people over a period of time that indicate there is a systemic problem in the project.
- The recipient must provide CDC such additional information about violations as CDC may request.

Monitoring and Evaluation Section (SIMS)

HHS/CDC or its designee will also undertake monitoring and evaluation of the defined activities within the agreement. The recipient must ensure reasonable access by HHS/CDC or its designee to all necessary sites, documentation, individuals and information to monitor, evaluate and verify the appropriate implementation the Activities and use of HHS/CDC funding under this Agreement, must require a provision to this effect in all sub-awards or contracts financed by funds under this Agreement. Where applicable, this includes support for, and response to, activities associated with the Site Improvement through Monitoring System.

Monitoring Reporting and Evaluation

CDC programs must ensure that recipient's Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan is aligned with the strategic information guidance established by OGAC and other HHS/CDC requirements, including PEPFAR's Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) strategy and CDC's Data for Partner Monitoring Program (DFPM). All evaluations conducted with PEPFAR funds must adhere to planning and reporting requirements as outlined in the PEPFAR ESoP including posting a final evaluation report detailing adherence to all evaluation standards on a publicly accessible website within 90 days of completion. https://datim.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/article_attachments/360040023292/PEPFAR_evaluation_standards_of_practice_v3.1_October_2019.pdf.

Human Subjects Restrictions for PEPFAR Awards

All plans for data collection from persons or personal records and for laboratory specimen collection and testing that are expected to result in public reports will require protocols for technical review and review of institutional human subjects protection considerations by CDC. Funds for implementing these activities will be restricted until all necessary institutional protocol approvals have been obtained. Funds for preparatory activities (e.g., protocol development, training, equipment, reagents, and site preparation) may be provided prior to protocol approval. To facilitate the early availability of funding, the budget and narrative should clarify which activities are preparatory.

Data collection protocols required for release of human subjects funding restrictions must be

submitted to the DGHT Science Office within 6 months of notification of such restrictions, but no later than the end of the first budget year. Requests for exceptions to these deadlines will need to be submitted in writing to the Grants Management Officer.

All protocol approvals should be obtained no later than the end of the subsequent budget period after the award or continuation has been made, provided that the Recipient has not been granted an exception to the deadlines specified above.

Additional restrictions applicable to Non-PEPFAR funding:

Indirect Costs for Foreign Organization

Indirect costs on grants awarded to foreign organizations and foreign public entities, and performed fully outside of the territorial limits of the U.S. may be paid to support the costs of compliance with federal requirements at a fixed rate of eight percent of MTDC exclusive of tuition and related fees, direct expenditures for equipment, and subawards in excess of \$25,000. Negotiated indirect costs may be paid to the American University, Beirut, and the World Health Organization. Indirect costs will not be reimbursed under grants to foreign organizations, international organizations, and foreign components of grants to domestic organizations (does not affect indirect cost reimbursement to the domestic entity for domestic activities). All requests for funds contained in the budget shall be stated in U.S. dollars. Once an award is made, CDC will not compensate foreign recipients for currency exchange fluctuations through the issuance of supplemental awards.

Public Financial Management Clause

The Parties acknowledge that HHS/CDC has the authority to assess the recipient's systems required to manage the activities supported with US Government funds under this Agreement and that this NOFO is expressly conditioned upon that assessment, as well as any measures, mitigation or means by which the recipient has or will address the vulnerabilities or weaknesses, if any, found in that assessment. The recipient agrees to take the necessary action(s) to address the recommendations or requirements of the assessment as agreed separately in writing with HHS/CDC in accordance with an action plan to be jointly developed to address such recommendations or as otherwise contained in this agreement.

Conference Costs and Fees

U.S. Government funds under this award must not be used to finance the travel, per diem, hotel expenses, meals, conference fees or other conference costs for any member of a foreign government's delegation to an international conference sponsored by a multilateral organization, as defined below, unless approved by CDC in writing.

- **Definitions:**

- A foreign government delegation is appointed by the national government (including ministries and agencies but excluding local, state and provincial entities) to act on behalf of the appointing authority at the international conference. A conference participant is a delegate for the purposes of this provision, only when there is an appointment or designation that the individual is

authorized to officially represent the government or agency. A delegate may be a private citizen.

- An international conference is a meeting where there is an agenda, an organizational structure, and delegations from countries other than the conference location, in which country delegations participate through discussion, votes, etc
- A multilateral organization is an organization established by international agreement and whose governing body is composed principally of foreign governments or other multilateral organizations

Trafficking in Persons Provision

- No contractor or sub-recipient under this Agreement that is a private entity may, during the period of time that the award is in effect:
 - engage in trafficking in persons, as defined in the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking in Persons, especially Women and Children, supplementing the UN Convention against Transnational Organized Crime;
 - procure any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person; or
 - use forced labor in the performance of this award.
- If HHS/CDC determines that there is a reasonable basis to believe that any private party contractor or subrecipient has violated paragraph 1 of this section or that an employee of the contractor or subrecipient has violated such a prohibition where that the employee's conduct is associated with the performance of this award or may be imputed to the contractor or subrecipient, HHS/CDC may, without penalty, (i) require the Recipient to terminate immediately the contract or subaward in question or (ii) unilaterally terminate this Agreement in accordance with the termination provision.
- For purposes of this provision, "employee" means an individual who is engaged in the performance in any part of the Project as a direct employee, consultant, or volunteer of any private party contractor or subrecipient.
- The Applicant must include in all subagreements, including subawards and contracts, a provision prohibiting the conduct described in subsection a by private party subrecipients, contractors, or any of their employees.
- Prohibition on Assistance to Drug Traffickers
 - HHS/CDC reserves the right to terminate assistance to, or take other appropriate measures with respect to, any participant approved by HHS/CDC who is found to have been convicted of a narcotics offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR Part 140.
 - The Applicant agrees not to disburse, or sign documents committing the Applicant to disburse funds to a sub-recipient designated by HHS/CDC ("Designated Sub-recipient") until advised by HHS/CDC that: (1) any USG review of the Designated Sub-recipient and its key individuals has been completed; (2) any related certifications have been obtained; and (3) the assistance to the Designated Sub-recipient has been approved.
 - The Applicant shall insert the following clause, or its substance, in its agreement with the Designated Sub-recipient:

- The Applicant reserves the right to terminate this Agreement or take other appropriate measures if the [Sub-recipient] or a key individual of the [Sub-recipient] is found to have been convicted of a narcotic offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR Part 140.

Financing of Terrorism

Consistent with numerous United Nations Security Council resolutions, including UNSCR 1267 (1999) ([http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1269\(1999\).pdf](http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1269(1999).pdf)), UNSCR 1368 (2001) ([http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1368\(2001\).pdf](http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1368(2001).pdf)), UNSCR 1373 (2001) ([http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1373\(2001\).pdf](http://www.undemocracy.com/S-RES-1373(2001).pdf)), and UNSCR 1989 (2011), both HHS/CDC and the applicant are firmly committed to the international fight against terrorism, and in particular, against the financing of terrorism. It is the policy of HHS/CDC to seek to ensure that none of its funds are used, directly or indirectly, to provide support to individuals or entities associated with terrorism. In accordance with this policy, the Applicant agrees to use reasonable efforts to ensure that none of the HHS/CDC funds provided under this Agreement are used to provide support to individuals or entities associated with terrorism, including those identified on the U.S. Department of Treasury Office of Foreign Assets Control Specially Designated Nationals List. This provision must be included in all subagreements, including contracts and subawards, issued under this award.

Restriction on Assistance for Military or Paramilitary Purposes or for Police and Prisons

No funds or other support provided under the award may be used for support to any military or paramilitary force or activity, or for support to any police, prison authority, or other security or law enforcement forces without the prior written consent of HHS/CDC.

UN Security Council Sanctions List

It is the policy of HHS/CDC to seek to ensure that none of its funds are used, directly or indirectly, to provide support to individuals or entities designated for United Nations Security Council sanctions. In accordance with this policy, the applicant agrees to use reasonable efforts to ensure that none of the funds provided under this grant are used to provide support of individuals or entities designated for UN Security Council sanctions (compendium of Security Council Targeted Sanctions Lists at: http://www.un.org/sc/committees/list_compend.shtml). This provision must be included in all sub-agreements, including contracts and sub-awards, issued under this award.

Worker's Rights

No funds or other support provided hereunder may be used for any activity that contributes to the violation of internationally recognized workers' rights of workers in the recipient country.

In the event the Applicant is requested or wishes to provide assistance in areas that involve workers' rights or the Applicant requires clarification from HHS/CDC as to whether the activity would be consistent with the limitation set forth above, the Applicant must notify HHS/CDC and provide a detailed description of the proposed activity. The Applicant must not proceed with the activity until advised by HHS/CDC that it may do so.

The Applicant must ensure that all employees and subcontractors and sub-recipients providing

employment-related services hereunder are made aware of the restrictions set forth in this clause and must include this clause in all subcontracts and other sub-agreements entered into hereunder.

The term “internationally recognized worker rights” includes-- the right of association; the right to organize and bargain collectively; a prohibition on the use of any form of forced or compulsory labor; a minimum age for the employment of children, and a prohibition on the worst forms of child labor; and acceptable conditions of work with respect to minimum wages, hours of work, and occupational safety and health.

The term “worst forms of child labor” means-- all forms of slavery or practices similar to slavery, such as the sale or trafficking of children, debt bondage and serfdom, or forced or compulsory labor, including forced or compulsory recruitment of children for use in armed conflict; the use, procuring, or offering of a child for prostitution, for the production of pornography or for pornographic purposes; the use, procuring, or offering of a child for illicit activities in particular for the production and trafficking of drugs; and work which, by its nature or the circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health, safety, or morals of children, as determined by the laws, regulations, or competent authority of the country.

Investment Promotion

No funds or other support provided hereunder may be used to provide a financial incentive to a business enterprise currently located in the United States for the purpose of inducing such an enterprise to relocate outside the United States if such incentive or inducement is likely to reduce the number of employees of such business enterprise in the United States because United States production is being replaced by such enterprise outside the United States.

In the event the Applicant requires clarification from HHS/CDC as to whether the activity would be consistent with the limitation set forth above, the Applicant must notify HHS/CDC and provide a detailed description of the proposed activity. The Applicant must not proceed with the activity until advised by HHS/CDC that it may do so.

The Applicant must ensure that its employees and subcontractors and sub-recipients providing investment promotion services hereunder are made aware of the restrictions set forth in this clause and must include this clause in all subcontracts and other sub-agreements entered into hereunder.

Contract Insurance Requirement

To the extent that a host government partner enters into contracts expressly approved by the U.S. government, the host country government partner shall ensure that its contractors or subcontractors (a) provide, before commencing performance under any contracts or subcontracts funded under this agreement, such workers' compensation insurance or security as required by HHS/CDC and (b) continue to maintain such insurance until performance is completed. The host country government partner shall insert, in all contracts and subcontracts under this agreement, a clause similar to this clause (including this sentence) imposing upon those contractors and subcontractors the obligation to obtain workers' compensation insurance or security as required by HHS/CDC.

Source and Nationality and Other Procurement Restrictions

Disbursements will be used exclusively to finance the costs of goods and services required for this Agreement [in accordance with 22 CFR 228, and] having their source and nationality in countries [included in Geographic Code [937 or 935]] OR [identified in subsection 6 below], except as HHS/CDC may otherwise agree in writing and as follows:

- Ocean transportation costs must be financed under the Agreement only on vessels under flag registry of [countries included in Code 935] OR [the following countries: LIST. Also see subsection 7 below on use of U.S.-flag vessels.
- Any motor vehicles financed under the Agreement will be of United States manufacture, except as HHS/CDC may otherwise agree in writing.
- The nationality of the contractor providing ocean and air shipping services will be deemed to be the ocean vessel's or aircraft's country of registry at the time of shipment.
- Provisions concerning restricted and ineligible goods and services may be provided in subsequent written communications between the parties. Special procurement rules apply to agricultural commodities, pharmaceuticals, pesticides, and fertilizer, none of which may be procured without advance written consent of HHS/CDC.
- Transportation by air of property or persons financed under this agreement will be on carriers holding United States certification to the extent service by such carriers is available under the Fly America Act. This requirement may be further described by HHS/CDC in subsequent written communications between the parties.
- Eligibility Date. No goods or services may be financed under the Agreement which are procured pursuant to orders or contracts firmly placed or entered into prior to the date of this Agreement, except as the Parties may otherwise agree in writing.
- Eligible countries for procurement: HHS/CDC to identify for specific agreement.
- Transportation
 - In addition to the requirements in subsection 1 above, costs of ocean or air transportation and related delivery services may not be financed under this Agreement, if the costs are for transportation under an ocean vessel or air charter which has not received prior HHS/CDC approval.
 - Unless HHS/CDC determines that privately owned U.S. -flag commercial ocean vessels are not available at fair and reasonable rates for such vessels, or otherwise agrees in writing:
 - At least fifty percent (50%) of the gross tonnage of all goods (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners and tankers) financed by HHS/CDC which may be transported on ocean vessels will be transported on privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels; and
 - At least fifty percent (50%) of the gross freight revenue generated by all shipments financed by HHS/CDC and transported to the territory of the Recipient on dry cargo liners shall be paid to or for the benefit of privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels. Compliance with the requirements of (1) and (2) of this subsection must be achieved with respect to both any cargo transported from U.S. ports and any cargo transported from non-U.S. ports, computed separately.

Monitoring and Evaluation Section

HHS/CDC or its designee will also undertake monitoring and evaluation of the defined activities within the agreement. The recipient must ensure reasonable access by HHS/CDC or its designee to all necessary sites, documentation, individuals and information to monitor, evaluate and verify the appropriate implementation the activities and use of HHS/CDC funding under this Agreement, must require a provision to this effect in all sub-awards or contracts financed by funds under this Agreement.

Monitoring Reporting and Evaluation

CDC programs must ensure that recipient's Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan is aligned with the guidance established by HHS/CDC and CDC's Data for Partner Monitoring Program (DFPM). All evaluations conducted must submit an evaluation report using a format agreed upon by HHS/CDC.

Human/Animal Subjects Restriction

All plans for data collection from persons, animals or personal records and for laboratory specimen collection and testing that are expected to result in public reports will require protocols for technical review and review of institutional human or animal subjects protection considerations by CDC. Funds for implementing these activities will be restricted until all necessary institutional protocol approvals have been obtained. Funds for preparatory activities (e.g., protocol development, training, equipment, reagents, and site preparation) may be provided prior to protocol approval. To facilitate the early availability of funding, the budget and narrative should clarify which activities are preparatory.

Data collection protocols required for release of human/animal subjects funding restrictions must be submitted to the DGHP Science Office within 6 months of notification of such restrictions, but no later than the end of the first budget year. Requests for exceptions to these deadlines will need to be submitted in writing to the Grants Management Officer.

All protocol approvals should be obtained no later than the end of the subsequent budget period after the award or continuation has been made, provided that the Recipient has not been granted an exception to the deadlines specified above.

Please note that other funding restrictions may apply at time of award and may vary for other non-PEPFAR funding. Specific guidance will be provided in the NOA, as necessary

18. Data Management Plan

As identified in the Evaluation and Performance Measurement section, applications involving data collection must include a Data Management Plan (DMP) as part of their evaluation and performance measurement plan. The DMP is the applicant's assurance of the quality of the public health data through the data's lifecycle and plans to deposit data in a repository to preserve and to make the data accessible in a timely manner. See web link for additional information:

<https://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/ar-25.html>

19. Other Submission Requirements

a. Electronic Submission:

Applications must be submitted electronically by using the forms and instructions posted for this notice of funding opportunity at www.grants.gov. Applicants can complete the application package using Workspace, which allows forms to be filled out online or offline. All application attachments must be submitted using a PDF file format. Instructions and training for using Workspace can be found at www.grants.gov under the "Workspace Overview" option.

If Internet access is not available or if the forms cannot be accessed online, applicants may contact the OGS TIMS staff at 770- 488-2700 or by e-mail at ogstims@cdc.gov, Monday through Friday, 7:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., except federal holidays. Electronic applications will be considered successful if they are available to OGS TIMS staff for processing from www.grants.gov on the deadline date.

b. Tracking Number: Applications submitted through www.grants.gov are time/date stamped electronically and assigned a tracking number. The applicant's Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) will be sent an e-mail notice of receipt when www.grants.gov receives the application. The tracking number documents that the application has been submitted and initiates the required electronic validation process before the application is made available to CDC.

c. Validation Process: Application submission is not concluded until the validation process is completed successfully. After the application package is submitted, the applicant will receive a "submission receipt" e-mail generated by www.grants.gov. A second e-mail message to applicants will then be generated by www.grants.gov that will either validate or reject the submitted application package. This validation process may take as long as two business days. Applicants are strongly encouraged to check the status of their application to ensure that submission of their package has been completed and no submission errors have occurred. Applicants also are strongly encouraged to allocate ample time for filing to guarantee that their application can be submitted and validated by the deadline published in the NOFO. Non-validated applications will not be accepted after the published application deadline date.

If you do not receive a "validation" e-mail within two business days of application submission, please contact www.grants.gov. For instructions on how to track your application, refer to the e-mail message generated at the time of application submission or the Grants.gov Online User Guide.

[https:// www.grants.gov/help/html/help/index.htm? callingApp=custom#t=Get_Started%2FGet_Started. htm](https://www.grants.gov/help/html/help/index.htm?callingApp=custom#t=Get_Started%2FGet_Started.htm)

d. Technical Difficulties: If technical difficulties are encountered at www.grants.gov, applicants should contact Customer Service at www.grants.gov. The www.grants.gov Contact Center is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except federal holidays. The Contact Center is available by phone at 1-800-518-4726 or by e-mail at support@grants.gov. Application submissions sent by e-mail or fax, or on CDs or thumb drives will not be accepted. Please note that www.grants.gov is managed by HHS.

e. Paper Submission: If technical difficulties are encountered at www.grants.gov, applicants should call the www.grants.gov Contact Center at 1-800-518-4726 or e-mail them at support@grants.gov for assistance. After consulting with the Contact Center, if the technical difficulties remain unresolved and electronic submission is not possible, applicants may e-mail CDC GMO/GMS, before the deadline, and request permission to submit a paper application. Such requests are handled on a case-by-case basis.

An applicant's request for permission to submit a paper application must:

1. Include the www.grants.gov case number assigned to the inquiry
2. Describe the difficulties that prevent electronic submission and the efforts taken with the www.grants.gov Contact Center to submit electronically; and
3. Be received via e-mail to the GMS/GMO listed below at least three calendar days before the application deadline. Paper applications submitted without prior approval will not be considered.

If a paper application is authorized, OGS will advise the applicant of specific instructions for submitting the application (e.g., original and two hard copies of the application by U.S. mail or express delivery service).

E. Review and Selection Process

1. Review and Selection Process: Applications will be reviewed in three phases

a. Phase 1 Review

All applications will be initially reviewed for eligibility and completeness by CDC Office of Grants Services. Complete applications will be reviewed for responsiveness by the Grants Management Officials and Program Officials. Non-responsive applications will not advance to Phase II review. Applicants will be notified that their applications did not meet eligibility and/or published submission requirements.

b. Phase II Review

A review panel will evaluate complete, eligible applications in accordance with the criteria below.

- i. Approach
- ii. Evaluation and Performance Measurement
- iii. Applicant's Organizational Capacity to Implement the Approach

Not more than thirty days after the Phase II review is completed, applicants will be notified electronically if their application does not meet eligibility or published submission requirements

i. Approach

Maximum Points: 35

Does the application include an overall strategy and specific evidence-based, realistic, achievable, measurable, and culturally appropriate activities for meeting the proposed outcomes?

ii. Evaluation and Performance Measurement**Maximum Points: 30**

Does the evaluation and performance measurement plan appropriately address the components specified in this announcement (i.e. key evaluation questions, types of evaluations to be conducted, performance measures (i.e., indicators), how often performance measures must be reported, how evaluation and performance measurement will track how target populations are affected by NOFO strategies, how evaluation findings and performance measures will be used and yield findings to demonstrate the value of the NOFO, and how results will be disseminated)?

iii. Applicant's Organizational Capacity to Implement the Approach**Maximum Points: 35**

Does the applicant demonstrate experience and capacity to achieve the goals of this NOFO? Is the management structure for the project sufficient for the administration and management of the proposed activities, and to manage the resources of the program, prepare reports, audit expenditures, and produce, collect, and analyze performance data?

Budget**Maximum Points: 0****Budget (Reviewed Not Scored)**

Is the itemized budget for conducting the project, along with justification, reasonable and consistent with stated objectives and planned program activities? Is the budget itemized, well justified, and consistent with the goals of PEPFAR? If applicable, are there reasonable costs per client reached for both year one and later years of the project?

c. Phase III Review**Review of risk posed by applicants.**

Prior to making a Federal award, CDC is required by 31 U.S.C. 3321 and 41 U.S.C. 2313 to review information available through any OMB-designated repositories of government-wide eligibility qualification or financial integrity information as appropriate. See also suspension and debarment requirements at 2 CFR parts 180 and 376.

In accordance 41 U.S.C. 2313, CDC is required to review the non-public segment of the OMB-designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM (currently the Federal Recipient Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)) prior to making a Federal award where the Federal share is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, defined in 41 U.S.C. 134, over the period of performance. At a minimum, the information in the system for a prior Federal award recipient must demonstrate a satisfactory record of executing programs or activities under Federal grants, cooperative agreements, or procurement awards; and integrity and business ethics. CDC may make a Federal award to a recipient who does not fully meet these standards, if it is determined that the information is not relevant to the current Federal award under consideration or there are specific conditions that can appropriately mitigate the effects of the non-Federal entity's risk in accordance with 45 CFR §75.207.

CDC's framework for evaluating the risks posed by an applicant may incorporate results of the evaluation of the applicant's eligibility or the quality of its application. If it is determined that a Federal award will be made, special conditions that correspond to the degree of risk assessed

may be applied to the Federal award. The evaluation criteria is described in this Notice of Funding Opportunity.

In evaluating risks posed by applicants, CDC will use a risk-based approach and may consider any items such as the following:

- (1) Financial stability;
- (2) Quality of management systems and ability to meet the management standards prescribed in this part;
- (3) History of performance. The applicant's record in managing Federal awards, if it is a prior recipient of Federal awards, including timeliness of compliance with applicable reporting requirements, conformance to the terms and conditions of previous Federal awards, and if applicable, the extent to which any previously awarded amounts will be expended prior to future awards;
- (4) Reports and findings from audits performed under subpart F 45 CFR 75 or the reports and findings of any other available audits; and
- (5) The applicant's ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements imposed on non-Federal entities.

CDC must comply with the guidelines on government-wide suspension and debarment in 2 CFR part 180, and require non-Federal entities to comply with these provisions. These provisions restrict Federal awards, subawards and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal programs or activities.

2. Announcement and Anticipated Award Dates

Applicants will receive notification of their application status by the end of August 2021. The award date will be September 30, 2021.

F. Award Administration Information

1. Award Notices

Recipients will receive an electronic copy of the Notice of Award (NOA) from CDC OGS. The NOA shall be the only binding, authorizing document between the recipient and CDC. The NOA will be signed by an authorized GMO and emailed to the Recipient Business Officer listed in application and the Program Director.

Any applicant awarded funds in response to this Notice of Funding Opportunity will be subject to the DUNS, SAM Registration, and Federal Funding Accountability And Transparency Act Of 2006 (FFATA) requirements.

Unsuccessful applicants will receive notification of these results by e-mail with delivery receipt or by U.S. mail.

2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Recipients must comply with the administrative and public policy requirements outlined in 45 CFR Part 75 and the HHS Grants Policy Statement, as appropriate.

Brief descriptions of relevant provisions are available at <http://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/index.html#ui-id-17>.

The HHS Grants Policy Statement is available at <http://www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/grants/grants/policies-regulations/hhsgps107.pdf>.

The following administrative requirements apply to this project:

Generally applicable administrative requirements (ARs):

- AR-10: Smoke-Free Workplace
- AR-11: Healthy People 2020
- AR-12: Lobbying Restrictions
- AR-14: Accounting System Requirements
- AR-16: Security Clearance Requirement
- AR-21: Small, Minority, And Women-owned Business
- AR-24: Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
- AR-25: Release and Sharing of Data
- AR-26: National Historic Preservation Act of 1966
- AR-29: Compliance with EO13513, "Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving," October 1, 2009
- AR-30: Compliance with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- AR-33: Plain Writing Act of 2010, P.L. 111-274
- AR-34: Affordable Care Act, P.L. 111-148

ARs applicable to Center for Global Health Assistance Awards:

- AR-35: Protecting Life in Global Health Assistance

ARs applicable to HIV/AIDS Awards:

- AR-4: HIV/AIDS Confidentiality Provisions
- AR-5: HIV Program Review Panel
- AR-6: Patient Care

Organization Specific ARs:

- AR-8: Public Health System Reporting (Community-based non-governmental organizations)
- AR-13: Prohibition on Use of CDC Funds for Certain Gun Control Activities
- AR-15: Proof of Non-profit Status (Non-profit organizations)
- AR 23: Compliance with 45 C.F.R. Part 87 (Faith-based organizations)

Potentially Applicable Public Policy Requirements

- False or Misleading Information
- Taxes: Certification of Filing and Payment of Taxes
- Fly America Act/ U.S. Flag Air Carriers
- National Environmental Policy Act

If applicable, award recipients will be required to submit an electronic version of the final, peer-reviewed manuscript of any work developed under this award upon acceptance for publication. Additional information will be provided in the award terms.

The full text of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for HHS Awards, 45 CFR 75, can be found at: <https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=pt45.1.75>

3. Reporting

Reporting provides continuous program monitoring and identifies successes and challenges that recipients encounter throughout the project period. Also, reporting is a requirement for recipients who want to apply for yearly continuation of funding. Reporting helps CDC and recipients because it:

- Helps target support to recipients;
- Provides CDC with periodic data to monitor recipient progress toward meeting the Notice of Funding Opportunity outcomes and overall performance;
- Allows CDC to track performance measures and evaluation findings for continuous quality and program improvement throughout the period of performance and to determine applicability of evidence-based approaches to different populations, settings, and contexts; and
- Enables CDC to assess the overall effectiveness and influence of the NOFO.

The table below summarizes required and optional reports. All required reports must be sent electronically to GMS listed in the “Agency Contacts” section of the NOFO copying the CDC Project Officer.

<u>Report</u>	<u>When?</u>	<u>Required?</u>
Recipient Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan	6 months into award	Yes
Annual Performance Report (APR)	120 days before end of budget period. Serves as yearly continuation application.	Yes
Performance Measure Reporting	Annual reports due 90 calendar days after the award year and quarterly reports due 30 days after the reporting period	Yes
Audit, Books, and Records	When applicable, within 30 days of completion of the audit and no later than nine months after the end of the period under audit	Yes, as applicable
Reporting of Foreign Taxes	Quarterly reports due April 15, July 15, October 15, and January 15	Yes

<u>Report</u>	<u>When?</u>	<u>Required?</u>
Expenditure Analysis	Annually, in conjunction with the PEPFAR Annual Progress Report at the completion of the USG fiscal year	Yes
Federal Financial Reporting Forms	90 days after end of calendar quarter in which budget period ends	Yes
Final Performance and Financial Report	90 days after end of project period.	Yes
Payment Management System (PMS) Reporting	Quarterly reports due January 30, April 30, July 30, and October 30	Yes

a. Recipient Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan (required)

With support from CDC, recipients must elaborate on their initial applicant evaluation and performance measurement plan. This plan must be no more than 20 pages; recipients must submit the plan 6 months into the award. HHS/CDC will review and approve the recipient's monitoring and evaluation plan to ensure that it is appropriate for the activities to be undertaken as part of the agreement, for compliance with the monitoring and evaluation guidance established by HHS/CDC, or other guidance otherwise applicable to this Agreement.

Recipient Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan (required): This plan should provide additional detail on the following:

Performance Measurement

- Performance measures and targets
- The frequency that performance data are to be collected.
- How performance data will be reported.
- How quality of performance data will be assured.
- How performance measurement will yield findings to demonstrate progress towards achieving NOFO goals (e.g., reaching target populations or achieving expected outcomes).
- Dissemination channels and audiences.
- Other information requested as determined by the CDC program.

Evaluation

- The types of evaluations to be conducted (e.g. process or outcome evaluations).
- The frequency that evaluations will be conducted.
- How evaluation reports will be published on a publically available website.
- How evaluation findings will be used to ensure continuous quality and program improvement.
- How evaluation will yield findings to demonstrate the value of the NOFO (e.g., effect on improving public health outcomes, effectiveness of NOFO, cost-effectiveness or cost-benefit).
- Dissemination channels and audiences.

HHS/CDC or its designee will also undertake monitoring and evaluation of the defined activities

within the agreement. The recipient must ensure reasonable access by HHS/CDC or its designee to all necessary sites, documentation, individuals and information to monitor, evaluate and verify the appropriate implementation the activities and use of HHS/CDC funding under this Agreement.

b. Annual Performance Report (APR) (required)

The recipient must submit the APR via www.Grantsolutions.gov no later than 120 days prior to the end of the budget period. This report must not exceed 45 pages excluding administrative reporting. Attachments are not allowed, but web links are allowed.

This report must include the following:

- **Performance Measures:** Recipients must report on performance measures for each budget period and update measures, if needed.
- **Evaluation Results:** Recipients must report evaluation results for the work completed to date (including findings from process or outcome evaluations).
- **Work Plan:** Recipients must update work plan each budget period to reflect any changes in period of performance outcomes, activities, timeline, etc.
- **Successes**
 - Recipients must report progress on completing activities and progress towards achieving the period of performance outcomes described in the logic model and work plan.
 - Recipients must describe any additional successes (e.g. identified through evaluation results or lessons learned) achieved in the past year.
 - Recipients must describe success stories.
- **Challenges**
 - Recipients must describe any challenges that hindered or might hinder their ability to complete the work plan activities and achieve the period of performance outcomes.
 - Recipients must describe any additional challenges (e.g., identified through evaluation results or lessons learned) encountered in the past year.
- **CDC Program Support to Recipients**
 - Recipients must describe how CDC could help them overcome challenges to complete activities in the work plan and achieving period of performance outcomes.
- **Administrative Reporting** (No page limit)
 - SF-424A Budget Information-Non-Construction Programs.
 - Budget Narrative – Must use the format outlined in "Content and Form of Application Submission, Budget Narrative" section.
 - Indirect Cost Rate Agreement.

The recipients must submit the Annual Performance Report via www.Grantsolutions.gov no later than 120 days prior to the end of the budget period.

c. Performance Measure Reporting (optional)

CDC programs may require more frequent reporting of performance measures than annually in the APR. If this is the case, CDC programs must specify reporting frequency, data fields, and format for recipients at the beginning of the award period.

Performance Measure Reporting (required):

If funded, the recipient is responsible for managing and monitoring each project, program, sub-award, function or activity supported through awarded funds. Recipients must monitor sub-awards to ensure that sub-recipients have met the programmatic impact requirements as set forth in the sub-recipient's agreement.

Performance reports must contain, for each award, brief information on each of the following:

- A comparison of actual accomplishments with the goals and objectives previously established for the period, including metrics outlined in the monitoring and evaluation plan any findings of an external entity, or both.
- Reasons why established goals for the performance period were not met, if appropriate, and planned action steps to be taken to meet established goals.
- Other pertinent information including, when appropriate, statutory or Congressional reporting requirements, analysis and explanation of cost overruns or high unit costs reported in financial reports.
- The recipient must immediately notify the awarding agency of developments that have a significant impact on or adverse conditions which materially impair the award-supported activities.
- The Quarterly Pipeline Analysis report must contain expenditures versus budget as identified in work plan, description of challenges, and explanation of unexpected pipeline (high or low). The Pipeline Analysis report must contain the project period, award amount to date, outlay or liquidated amount to date, and the balance of the pipeline, or the award amount to date less the outlay.

The recipient must submit the original and two copies of annual and quarterly Performance reports and quarterly pipeline analysis. Annual reports must be due 90 calendar days after the award year and quarterly reports must be due 30 days after the reporting period. The final performance reports are due 90 calendar days after the expiration or termination of an award.

Additionally, the following terms apply to all performance measure and evaluation plans and reports:

CDC programs must ensure that recipient's Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan is aligned with the strategic information guidance established by OGAC and other HHS/CDC requirements, including PEPFAR's Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) strategy, PEPFAR's ESoP, and CDC's Data for Partner Monitoring Program (DFPM).

The recipient must ensure reasonable access by HHS/CDC or its designee to all necessary sites, documentation, individuals and information to monitor, evaluate and verify the appropriate implementation the Activities and use of HHS/CDC funding should an award be made available,

must require a provision to this effect in all sub-awards or contracts financed by PEPFAR resources. Where applicable, this includes support for, and response to, activities associated with the Site Improvement through Monitoring System and implementation of Data and Service Quality Assessments.

The recipient is required to submit in a timely manner all program results for all relevant programmatic indicators in accordance with U.S. government guidance. All evaluation reports (with or without CDC authors) must adhere to the PEPFAR ESoP and must be published on a publicly available Internet website, upon approval from CDC offices.

Audit, Books, and Records Clause (required):

- A. Reports and Information. The recipient must furnish HHS/CDC accounting records and such other information and reports relating to the Agreement as HHS/CDC may reasonably request.
- B. The Recipient Agreement Books and Records. The recipient must maintain accounting books, records, documents and other evidence relating to the Agreement, adequate to show, without limitation, all costs incurred by the recipient, the receipt and use of goods and services acquired by the recipient, agreed-upon cost sharing requirements, the nature and extent of solicitations of prospective suppliers of goods and services acquired by the recipient, the basis of award of recipient contracts and orders, and the overall progress of the Agreement toward completion ("Agreement books and records"). The recipient must maintain Agreement books and records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in the United States, or at the recipient's option, with approval by HHS/CDC, other accounting principles, such as those (1) prescribed by the International Accounting Standards Committee (an affiliate of the International Federation of Accountants), or (2) prevailing in the country of the recipient. Agreement books and records must be maintained for at least three years after the date of last disbursement by HHS/CDC or for such longer period, if any, required to resolve any litigation, claims or audit findings.
- C. Partner Government Audit. If \$300,000 or more of US Government funds are expended by the recipient in its fiscal year under the Agreement, the recipient must have financial audits made of the expenditures in accordance with the following terms, except as the Parties may otherwise agree in writing:
 - i. The recipient must use its Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), if the SAI is approved by HHS/CDC, or select an independent auditor to perform the audit in accordance with the guidelines issued by HHS/CDC.
 - ii. The audit must determine whether the receipt and expenditure of the funds provided under the Agreement are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles agreed to in Section 2 above and whether the recipient has complied with the terms of the Agreement. Each audit must be submitted to HHS/CDC no later than nine months after the close of the recipient's year under audit.
- D. Sub-recipient Audits. The recipient, except as the Parties may otherwise agree in writing, must ensure that "covered" sub-recipients, as defined below, are audited, and submit to HHS/CDC, no later than the end of the recipient's year under audit, in form and

substance satisfactory to HHS/CDC, a plan for the audit of the expenditures of "covered" sub-recipients, as defined below, that receive funds under this Agreement pursuant to a direct contract or agreement with the recipient.

- i. "Covered" sub-recipient is one who expends \$300,000 or more in its fiscal year in "US Government awards" (i.e. as recipients of US Government cost reimbursable contracts, grants or cooperative agreements).
 - ii. The plan must describe the methodology to be used by the recipient to satisfy its audit responsibilities for covered sub-recipients. The recipient may satisfy such audit responsibilities by relying on independent audits of the sub-recipients; expanding the scope of the independent financial audit of the recipient to encompass testing of sub-recipients' accounts; or a combination of these procedures.
 - iii. The plan must identify the funds made available to sub-recipients that will be covered by audits conducted in accordance with audit provisions that satisfy the recipient's audit responsibilities.
 - iv. The recipient must ensure that covered sub-recipients under direct contracts or agreements with the recipient take appropriate and timely corrective actions; consider whether sub-recipients' audits necessitate adjustment of its own records; and require each such sub-recipient to permit independent auditors to have access to records and financial statements as necessary.
- E. Audit Reports. The recipient must furnish or cause to be furnished to HHS/CDC an audit report for each audit arranged for by the recipient in accordance with this Section within 30 days after completion of the audit and no later than nine months after the end of the period under audit.
- F. Cost of Audits. Subject to HHS/CDC approval in writing, costs of audits performed in accordance with the terms of this Section may be budgeted for, and charged to, the Agreement so long as such costs are allowable, allocable, and reasonable as defined in the Cost Allowability section of this Agreement.
- G. Audit by HHS/CDC. HHS/CDC retains the right to perform the audits required under this Agreement on behalf of the recipient conduct a financial review, or otherwise ensure accountability of organizations expending US Government funds regardless of the audit requirement.
- H. Opportunity to Audit or Inspect. The recipient must afford authorized representatives of HHS/CDC the opportunity at all reasonable times to audit or inspect activities financed under the Agreement, the utilization of goods and services financed by HHS/CDC, and books, records and other documents relating to the Agreement.
- I. Sub-recipient Books and Records. The recipient will incorporate paragraphs (A), (B), (D), (E), (F), (G) and (H) of this provision into all sub-agreements with non-U.S. organizations which meet the \$300,000 threshold of paragraph (C) of this provision. Sub-agreements with non-U.S. organizations, which do not meet the \$300,000 threshold, must, at a minimum, incorporate paragraphs (G) and (H) of this provision. Sub-agreements with U.S. organizations must state that the U.S. organization is subject to the audit requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 and 45 CFR 75.

Expenditure Analysis (required):

Recipients of PEPFAR funds are required to report annually on program expenditures. Specifically, annual completion of PEPFAR Program Expenditures (Form DS-4213, approved by OMB 1405-0208, or the relevant OMB-approved format) will be required in conjunction with the PEPFAR Annual Progress Report at the completion of the USG fiscal year.

d. Federal Financial Reporting (FFR) (required)

The annual FFR form (SF-425) is required and must be submitted 90 days after the end of the budget period through the Payment Management System (PMS). The report must include only those funds authorized and disbursed during the timeframe covered by the report. The final FFR must indicate the exact balance of unobligated funds, and may not reflect any unliquidated obligations. There must be no discrepancies between the final FFR expenditure data and the Payment Management System's (PMS) cash transaction data. Failure to submit the required information by the due date may adversely affect the future funding of the project. If the information cannot be provided by the due date, recipients are required to submit a letter of explanation to OGS and include the date by which the Grants Officer will receive information.

e. Final Performance and Financial Report (required)

The Final Performance Report is due 120 days after the end of the period of performance. The Final FFR is due 120 days after the end of the period of performance and must be submitted through the Payment Management System (PMS). CDC programs must indicate that this report should not exceed 40 pages. This report covers the entire period of performance and can include information previously reported in APRs. At a minimum, this report must include the following:

- Performance Measures – Recipients must report final performance data for all process and outcome performance measures.
- Evaluation Results – Recipients must report final evaluation results for the period of performance for any evaluations conducted.
- Impact/Results/Success Stories – Recipients must use their performance measure results and their evaluation findings to describe the effects or results of the work completed over the project period, and can include some success stories.
- A final Data Management Plan that includes the location of the data collected during the funded period, for example, repository name and link data set(s)
- Additional forms as described in the Notice of Award (e.g., Equipment Inventory Report, Final Invention Statement).

4. Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA)

Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA), P.L. 109–282, as amended by section 6202 of P.L. 110–252 requires full disclosure of all entities and organizations receiving Federal funds including awards, contracts, loans, other assistance, and payments through a single publicly accessible Web site, <http://www.USASpending.gov>.

Compliance with this law is primarily the responsibility of the Federal agency. However, two elements of the law require information to be collected and reported by applicants: 1) information on executive compensation when not already reported through the SAM, and 2) similar information on all sub-awards/subcontracts/consortiums over \$25,000.

For the full text of the requirements under the FFATA and HHS guidelines, go to:

- <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/PLAW-109publ282/pdf/PLAW-109publ282.pdf>,
- https://www.fsr.gov/documents/ffata_legislation_110_252.pdf
- <http://www.hhs.gov/grants/grants/grants-policies-regulations/index.html#FFATA>.

5. Reporting of Foreign Taxes (International/Foreign projects only)

A. Valued Added Tax (VAT) and Customs Duties – Customs and import duties, consular fees, customs surtax, valued added taxes, and other related charges are hereby authorized as an allowable cost for costs incurred for non-host governmental entities operating where no applicable tax exemption exists. This waiver does not apply to countries where a bilateral agreement (or similar legal document) is already in place providing applicable tax exemptions and it is not applicable to Ministries of Health. Successful applicants will receive information on VAT requirements via their Notice of Award.

B. The U.S. Department of State requires that agencies collect and report information on the amount of taxes assessed, reimbursed and not reimbursed by a foreign government against commodities financed with funds appropriated by the U.S. Department of State, Foreign Operations and Related Programs Appropriations Act (SFOAA) (“United States foreign assistance funds”). Outlined below are the specifics of this requirement:

1) Annual Report: The recipient must submit a report on or before November 16 for each foreign country on the amount of foreign taxes charged, as of September 30 of the same year, by a foreign government on commodity purchase transactions valued at 500 USD or more financed with United States foreign assistance funds under this grant during the prior United States fiscal year (October 1 – September 30), and the amount reimbursed and unreimbursed by the foreign government. [Reports are required even if the recipient did not pay any taxes during the reporting period.]

2) Quarterly Report: The recipient must quarterly submit a report on the amount of foreign taxes charged by a foreign government on commodity purchase transactions valued at 500 USD or more financed with United States foreign assistance funds under this grant. This report shall be submitted no later than two weeks following the end of each quarter: April 15, July 15, October 15 and January 15.

3) Terms: For purposes of this clause:

“Commodity” means any material, article, supplies, goods, or equipment;

“Foreign government” includes any foreign government entity;

“Foreign taxes” means value-added taxes and custom duties assessed by a foreign government on a commodity. It does not include foreign sales taxes.

4) Where: Submit the reports to the Director and Deputy Director of the CDC office in the country(ies) in which you are carrying out the activities associated with this cooperative agreement. In countries where there is no CDC office, send reports to VATreporting@cdc.gov.

5) Contents of Reports: The reports must contain:

- a. recipient name;
- b. contact name with phone, fax, and e-mail;
- c. agreement number(s) if reporting by agreement(s);
- d. reporting period;
- e. amount of foreign taxes assessed by each foreign government;
- f. amount of any foreign taxes reimbursed by each foreign government;
- g. amount of foreign taxes unreimbursed by each foreign government.

6) Subagreements. The recipient must include this reporting requirement in all applicable subgrants and other subagreements.

G. Agency Contacts

CDC encourages inquiries concerning this notice of funding opportunity.

Program Office Contact

For programmatic technical assistance, contact:

First Name:

Nora

Last Name:

Macklin

Project Officer

Department of Health and Human Services

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Address:

KEMRI Campus, Mbagathi Road -off Mbagathi Way

Nairobi, Kenya

Telephone:

N/A

Email:

vpa9@cdc.gov

Grants Staff Contact

For financial, awards management, or budget assistance, contact:

First Name:

Shicann

Last Name:

Phillips

Grants Management Specialist

Department of Health and Human Services

Office of Grants Services

Address:

2939 Flowers Road, MS TV1

Atlanta, GA 30341

Telephone:

770.488.2809

Email:

ibq7@cdc.gov

For assistance with **submission difficulties related to** www.grants.gov, contact the Contact Center by phone at 1-800-518-4726.

Hours of Operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except on federal holidays.

CDC Telecommunications for persons with hearing loss is available at: TTY 1-888-232-6348

H. Other Information

Following is a list of acceptable attachments **applicants** can upload as PDF files as part of their application at www.grants.gov. Applicants may not attach documents other than those listed; if other documents are attached, applications will not be reviewed.

- Project Abstract
- Project Narrative
- Budget Narrative
- CDC Assurances and Certifications
- Report on Programmatic, Budgetary and Commitment Overlap
- Table of Contents for Entire Submission

For international NOFOs:

- SF424
- SF424A
- Funding Preference Deliverables

Optional attachments, as determined by CDC programs:

The appendices will not be counted toward the project narrative page limit. **The total amount of appendices must not exceed 90 pages, single spaced, 12 point font, 1-inch margins, number all pages.** Any pages after page 90 of the appendix will not be considered for review. The following documents may be included in the application appendices:

- **Applicants must submit the following documents in the appendix and title them as follows: “CVs/Resumes,” “Job Descriptions,” “Organizational Chart,” “Financial Statement”, as found in the “Organizational Capacity of Recipients to Implement the Approach” section, and include in the Table of Contents.**
- **Letters of Commitment**, if applicable. Applicants may submit letters of commitment. Letters of commitment refer to statements of active participation and financial involvement in the project. Letters of commitment are different from letters of support.

As stated below under Page Limitations, letters of support are not requested and will not be referred to reviewers.

- **Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement**, if applicable
- **Non-profit organization IRS status forms**, if applicable

Any information submitted as part of the appendix via www.grants.gov must be uploaded in a PDF file format, and should be clearly labeled (i.e., Organizational Chart should be named “Organizational Chart”).

Page Limitations

- Applicants must abide by the page number limitation listed in Section D, #10 Project Narrative. Any pages submitted beyond the number of pages listed for the project narrative will not be reviewed.
- Application materials must be submitted in 12pt font.
- Applicants must abide by the submission requirements for the project narrative and appendix.
 - Materials required in the project narrative submitted in the appendix will not be reviewed.
 - Materials submitted in the appendix that are not requested in the NOFO will not be reviewed.
- Letters of support are not requested and will not be referred to reviewers.
- If the total amount of appendices includes more than 90 pages, any pages after page 90 of the appendix will not be considered for review. For this purpose, all appendices must have page numbers and must be clearly identified in the Table of Contents as appendices. All applications will be initially reviewed for completeness by CDC OGS staff.

Amendments, Questions and Answers (Q&As)

Applicants must submit their Q&As, if any, by email to pepfarfoas@cdc.gov and to the Project Officer listed under the Agency Contacts Section of this NOFO no later than 15 days after the publication date in www.grants.gov. Questions received more than 15 days after the NOFO is published on www.grants.gov will not be considered and a response will not be provided.

All changes, updates, and amendments to the NOFO will be posted to www.grants.gov following the approval of CDC.

For additional information on reporting requirements, visit the CDC website at: http://www.cdc.gov/od/pgo/funding/grants/additional_req.shtm.

Other CDC NOFOs can be found on Grants.gov website, at the following internet address: <http://www.grants.gov>.

I. Glossary

Activities: The actual events or actions that take place as a part of the program.

Administrative and National Policy Requirements, Additional Requirements

(ARs): Administrative requirements found in 45 CFR Part 75 and other requirements mandated by statute or CDC policy. All ARs are listed in the Template for CDC programs. CDC programs must indicate which ARs are relevant to the NOFO; recipients must comply with the ARs listed in the NOFO. To view brief descriptions of relevant provisions, see [http:// www.cdc.gov/ grants/ additional requirements/ index.html](http://www.cdc.gov/grants/additional_requirements/index.html). Note that 2 CFR 200 supersedes the administrative requirements (A-110 & A-102), cost principles (A-21, A-87 & A-122) and audit requirements (A-50, A-89 & A-133).

Approved but Unfunded: Approved but unfunded refers to applications recommended for approval during the objective review process; however, they were not recommended for funding by the program office and/or the grants management office.

Assistance Listings (CFDA): A government-wide compendium published by the General Services Administration (available on-line in searchable format as well as in printable format as a .pdf file) that describes domestic assistance programs administered by the Federal Government.

Assistance Listings (CFDA) Number: A unique number assigned to each program and NOFO throughout its lifecycle that enables data and funding tracking and transparency

Award: Financial assistance that provides support or stimulation to accomplish a public purpose. Awards include grants and other agreements (e.g., cooperative agreements) in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, by the federal government to an eligible applicant.

Budget Period or Budget Year: The duration of each individual funding period within the project period. Traditionally, budget periods are 12 months or 1 year.

Carryover: Unobligated federal funds remaining at the end of any budget period that, with the approval of the GMO or under an automatic authority, may be carried over to another budget period to cover allowable costs of that budget period either as an offset or additional authorization. Obligated but liquidated funds are not considered carryover.

CDC Assurances and Certifications: Standard government-wide grant application forms.

Competing Continuation Award: A financial assistance mechanism that adds funds to a grant and adds one or more budget periods to the previously established period of performance (i.e., extends the “life” of the award).

Continuous Quality Improvement: A system that seeks to improve the provision of services with an emphasis on future results.

Contracts: An award instrument used to acquire (by purchase, lease, or barter) property or services for the direct benefit or use of the Federal Government.

Cooperative Agreement: A financial assistance award with the same kind of interagency relationship as a grant except that it provides for substantial involvement by the federal agency funding the award. Substantial involvement means that the recipient can expect federal programmatic collaboration or participation in carrying out the effort under the award.

Cost Sharing or Matching: Refers to program costs not borne by the Federal Government but by the recipients. It may include the value of allowable third-party, in-kind contributions, as well as expenditures by the recipient.

Direct Assistance: A financial assistance mechanism, which must be specifically authorized by statute, whereby goods or services are provided to recipients in lieu of cash. DA generally involves the assignment of federal personnel or the provision of equipment or supplies, such as vaccines. DA is primarily used to support payroll and travel expenses of CDC employees assigned to state, tribal, local, and territorial (STLT) health agencies that are recipients of grants and cooperative agreements. Most legislative authorities that provide financial assistance to STLT health agencies allow for the use of DA. [http:// www.cdc.gov /grants /additionalrequirements /index.html](http://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/index.html).

DUNS: The Dun and Bradstreet (D&B) Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet Information Services. When applying for Federal awards or cooperative agreements, all applicant organizations must obtain a DUNS number as the Universal Identifier. DUNS number assignment is free. If requested by telephone, a DUNS number will be provided immediately at no charge. If requested via the Internet, obtaining a DUNS number may take one to two days at no charge. If an organization does not know its DUNS number or needs to register for one, visit Dun & Bradstreet at [http://fedgov.dnb.com/ webform/displayHomePage.do](http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform/displayHomePage.do).

Evaluation (program evaluation): The systematic collection of information about the activities, characteristics, and outcomes of programs (which may include interventions, policies, and specific projects) to make judgments about that program, improve program effectiveness, and/or inform decisions about future program development.

Evaluation Plan: A written document describing the overall approach that will be used to guide an evaluation, including why the evaluation is being conducted, how the findings will likely be used, and the design and data collection sources and methods. The plan specifies what will be done, how it will be done, who will do it, and when it will be done. The NOFO evaluation plan is used to describe how the recipient and/or CDC will determine whether activities are implemented appropriately and outcomes are achieved.

Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA): Requires that information about federal awards, including awards, contracts, loans, and other assistance and payments, be available to the public on a single website at www.USAspending.gov.

Fiscal Year: The year for which budget dollars are allocated annually. The federal fiscal year starts October 1 and ends September 30.

Grant: A legal instrument used by the federal government to transfer anything of value to a recipient for public support or stimulation authorized by statute. Financial assistance may be money or property. The definition does not include a federal procurement subject to the Federal Acquisition Regulation; technical assistance (which provides services instead of money); or assistance in the form of revenue sharing, loans, loan guarantees, interest subsidies, insurance, or direct payments of any kind to a person or persons. The main difference between a grant and a cooperative agreement is that in a grant there is no anticipated substantial programmatic involvement by the federal government under the award.

Grants.gov: A "storefront" web portal for electronic data collection (forms and reports) for federal grant-making agencies at www.grants.gov.

Grants Management Officer (GMO): The individual designated to serve as the HHS official responsible for the business management aspects of a particular grant(s) or cooperative agreement(s). The GMO serves as the counterpart to the business officer of the recipient organization. In this capacity, the GMO is responsible for all business management matters associated with the review, negotiation, award, and administration of grants and interprets grants administration policies and provisions. The GMO works closely with the program or project officer who is responsible for the scientific, technical, and programmatic aspects of the grant.

Grants Management Specialist (GMS): A federal staff member who oversees the business and other non-programmatic aspects of one or more grants and/or cooperative agreements. These activities include, but are not limited to, evaluating grant applications for administrative content and compliance with regulations and guidelines, negotiating grants, providing consultation and technical assistance to recipients, post-award administration and closing out grants.

Health Disparities: Differences in health outcomes and their determinants among segments of the population as defined by social, demographic, environmental, or geographic category.

Health Equity: Striving for the highest possible standard of health for all people and giving special attention to the needs of those at greatest risk of poor health, based on social conditions.

Health Inequities: Systematic, unfair, and avoidable differences in health outcomes and their determinants between segments of the population, such as by socioeconomic status (SES), demographics, or geography.

Healthy People 2030: National health objectives aimed at improving the health of all Americans by encouraging collaboration across sectors, guiding people toward making informed health decisions, and measuring the effects of prevention activities.

Inclusion: Both the meaningful involvement of a community's members in all stages of the program process and the maximum involvement of the target population that the intervention will benefit. Inclusion ensures that the views, perspectives, and needs of affected communities, care providers, and key partners are considered.

Indirect Costs: Costs that are incurred for common or joint objectives and not readily and specifically identifiable with a particular sponsored project, program, or activity; nevertheless, these costs are necessary to the operations of the organization. For example, the costs of operating and maintaining facilities, depreciation, and administrative salaries generally are considered indirect costs.

Intergovernmental Review: Executive Order 12372 governs applications subject to Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs. This order sets up a system for state and local governmental review of proposed federal assistance applications. Contact the state single point of contact (SPOC) to alert the SPOC to prospective applications and to receive instructions on the State's process. Visit the following web address to get the current SPOC list:
https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/Intergovernmental_Review-SPOC_01_2018_OFFM.pdf.

Letter of Intent (LOI): A preliminary, non-binding indication of an organization's intent to submit an application.

Lobbying: Direct lobbying includes any attempt to influence legislation, appropriations, regulations, administrative actions, executive orders (legislation or other orders), or other similar deliberations at any level of government through communication that directly expresses a view on proposed or pending legislation or other orders, and which is directed to staff members or other employees of a legislative body, government officials, or employees who participate in formulating legislation or other orders. Grass roots lobbying includes efforts directed at inducing or encouraging members of the public to contact their elected representatives at the federal, state, or local levels to urge support of, or opposition to, proposed or pending legislative proposals.

Logic Model: A visual representation showing the sequence of related events connecting the activities of a program with the programs' desired outcomes and results.

Maintenance of Effort: A requirement contained in authorizing legislation, or applicable regulations that a recipient must agree to contribute and maintain a specified level of financial effort from its own resources or other non-government sources to be eligible to receive federal grant funds. This requirement is typically given in terms of meeting a previous base-year dollar amount.

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or Memorandum of Agreement

(MOA): Document that describes a bilateral or multilateral agreement between parties expressing a convergence of will between the parties, indicating an intended common line of action. It is often used in cases where the parties either do not imply a legal commitment or cannot create a legally enforceable agreement.

Nonprofit Organization: Any corporation, trust, association, cooperative, or other organization that is operated primarily for scientific, educational, service, charitable, or similar purposes in the public interest; is not organized for profit; and uses net proceeds to maintain, improve, or expand the operations of the organization. Nonprofit organizations include institutions of higher education, hospitals, and tribal organizations (that is, Indian entities other than federally recognized Indian tribal governments).

Notice of Award (NoA): The official document, signed (or the electronic equivalent of signature) by a Grants Management Officer that: (1) notifies the recipient of the award of a grant; (2) contains or references all the terms and conditions of the grant and Federal funding limits and obligations; and (3) provides the documentary basis for recording the obligation of Federal funds in the HHS accounting system.

Objective Review: A process that involves the thorough and consistent examination of applications based on an unbiased evaluation of scientific or technical merit or other relevant aspects of the proposal. The review is intended to provide advice to the persons responsible for making award decisions.

Outcome: The results of program operations or activities; the effects triggered by the program. For example, increased knowledge, changed attitudes or beliefs, reduced tobacco use, reduced morbidity and mortality.

Performance Measurement: The ongoing monitoring and reporting of program accomplishments, particularly progress toward pre-established goals, typically conducted by program or agency management. Performance measurement may address the type or level of program activities conducted (process), the direct products and services delivered by a program

(outputs), or the results of those products and services (outcomes). A “program” may be any activity, project, function, or policy that has an identifiable purpose or set of objectives.

Period of performance –formerly known as the project period - : The time during which the recipient may incur obligations to carry out the work authorized under the Federal award. The start and end dates of the period of performance must be included in the Federal award.

Period of Performance Outcome: An outcome that will occur by the end of the NOFO's funding period

Plain Writing Act of 2010: The Plain Writing Act of 2010 requires that federal agencies use clear communication that the public can understand and use. NOFOs must be written in clear, consistent language so that any reader can understand expectations and intended outcomes of the funded program. CDC programs should use NOFO plain writing tips when writing NOFOs.

Program Strategies: Strategies are groupings of related activities, usually expressed as general headers (e.g., Partnerships, Assessment, Policy) or as brief statements (e.g., Form partnerships, Conduct assessments, Formulate policies).

Program Official: Person responsible for developing the NOFO; can be either a project officer, program manager, branch chief, division leader, policy official, center leader, or similar staff member.

Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB): A nonprofit organization that works to promote and protect the health of the public by advancing the quality and performance of public health departments in the U.S. through national public health department accreditation <http://www.phaboard.org>.

Social Determinants of Health: Conditions in the environments in which people are born, live, learn, work, play, worship, and age that affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality-of-life outcomes and risks.

Statute: An act of the legislature; a particular law enacted and established by the will of the legislative department of government, expressed with the requisite formalities. In foreign or civil law any particular municipal law or usage, though resting for its authority on judicial decisions, or the practice of nations.

Statutory Authority: Authority provided by legal statute that establishes a federal financial assistance program or award.

System for Award Management (SAM): The primary vendor database for the U.S. federal government. SAM validates applicant information and electronically shares secure and encrypted data with federal agencies' finance offices to facilitate paperless payments through Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). SAM stores organizational information, allowing www.grants.gov to verify identity and pre-fill organizational information on grant applications.

Technical Assistance: Advice, assistance, or training pertaining to program development, implementation, maintenance, or evaluation that is provided by the funding agency.

Work Plan: The summary of period of performance outcomes, strategies and activities, personnel and/or partners who will complete the activities, and the timeline for completion. The

work plan will outline the details of all necessary activities that will be supported through the approved budget.

NOFO-specific Glossary and Acronyms