

NRCS INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE SF-424A, BUDGET INFORMATION

SECTION A – BUDGET SUMMARY		
Column	Name	Instructions
(a)	Grant Program Function or Activity	This application relates to two Federal grant programs. NRCS does not require the project budget be broken down into separate functions or activities on this form. That level of detail, if desired, is reserved for the Budget Narrative which is a related, but separate document. Simply enter “Non-Federal” in Row 1 and “Federal” in Row 2. Leave the remaining rows blank.
(b)	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Enter the CFDA number from the notice of funding opportunity in Row 1 and 2. Leave the remaining rows blank.
(c)	Estimated Unobligated Funds: Federal	Leave this entire column blank.
(d)	Estimated Unobligated Funds: Non-Federal	Leave this entire column blank.
(e)	New or Revised Budget: Federal	Enter the total amount of the Federal cost share/match requested in Row 2 and 5, leave Row 1 blank. This amount must be consistent with the amount in Block 18a of the SF-424.
(f)	New or Revised Budget: Non-Federal	Enter the total amount of the Non-Federal cost share/match in Row 1 and 5, leave Row 2 blank. This amount must be consistent with the total amount of Blocks 18b through 18f of the SF-424.
(g)	Total	Enter the sum of Column (e) and (f) in Row 1 and 5. This is the total proposed agreement budget. This amount must be consistent with the total amount in Block 18g of the SF-424.

SECTION B – BUDGET CATEGORIES		
Column	Name	Instructions
(1)	Grant Program Function or Activity 1	The form auto-populates “Non-Federal” in the heading of Column 1. See the list of budget cost categories at the end of this table for guidance on what types of costs to include in each category. The total of Column 1 must be consistent with the Non-Federal total in Section A.
(2)	Grant Program Function or Activity 2	The form auto-populates “Federal” in the heading of Column 2. See the list of budget cost categories at the end of this table for guidance on what types of costs to include in each category. The total of Column 2 must be consistent with the Federal total in Section A.
(3)	Grant Program Function or Activity 3	Leave this entire column blank.
(4)	Grant Program Function or Activity 4	Leave this entire column blank.
(5)	Total	Enter the sum of each row in this column. The total amount for this row must equal the total proposed agreement budget, which must be consistent with the totals for each share in Section A.
		<i>All costs must comply with the cost principles of 2 CFR Part 200, Subpart E – Cost Principles. All costs for which reimbursement will be sought, must be allowable (2 CFR 200.403), allocable to the agreement (2 CFR 200.405), and reasonable in amount (2 CFR 200.404).</i>
	Personnel	Compensation for personal services includes all remuneration, paid currently or accrued, for services of employees of the applicant rendered during the period of performance under the Federal award. It includes,

		but not necessarily limited to the wages and salaries of its employees. Also, see 2 CFR 200.430, Compensation-Personal Services. Do not include the cost of fringe benefits in this category. Such costs must be listed in the “Fringe Benefit” category. Do not include the personnel cost of contractor’s or other organizations with which a contract or other agreement for their services exists. Those amounts must instead be listed under the “Contractual” category as part of the total value of the contract or agreement. Do not include the value of donated or volunteer services (third-party in-kind contributions of services) as it may <i>not</i> be charged to the Federal award either as a direct or indirect cost (2 CFR 200.434). However, the value of those services may be used to meet cost sharing/matching requirements (2 CFR 200.306).
	Fringe Benefits	Fringe benefits are allowances and services provided by employers to their employees as compensation in addition to regular salaries and wages. Fringe benefits include, but are not limited to, the costs of leave (vacation, family-related, sick or military), employee insurance, pensions, and unemployment benefit plans. Also, see 2 CFR 200.431, Compensation-Fringe Benefits. Do not include the fringe benefit cost of contractor’s or other organizations with which a contract or other agreement for their services exists. Those amounts must instead be listed under the “Contractual” category as part of the total value of the contract or agreement.
	Travel	Travel costs are the expenses for transportation, lodging, subsistence, and related items incurred by employees who are in travel status on official business of the non-Federal entity. This only includes the travel costs directly incurred by employees of the applicant. Also, see 2 CFR 200.474, Travel Costs. Travel costs do not include the cost of renting a conference room for people who are in travel status. Instead, that type of cost should be included under the “Contractual” category. Travel costs incurred by a third-party under a contract or agreement with the applicant should instead listed under the “Contractual” category as part of the total value of the contract or agreement.
	Equipment	The common dictionary definition or common use of the term “equipment” does not apply to financial assistance agreements. Consequently, property that might otherwise normally be considered equipment, might actually be considered “supplies” as defined by 2 CFR 200.94. “Equipment” is defined as “tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a per-unit acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-Federal entity for financial statement purposes, or \$5,000. See also §§200.12 Capital assets, 200.20 Computing devices, 200.48 General purpose equipment, 200.58 Information technology systems, 200.89 Special purpose equipment, and 200.94 Supplies” (2 CFR 200.33).

		Include the cost of all equipment acquired under the agreement in this budget category. Do not include the value of third-party in-kind contributions of property (2 CFR 200.96) as it may <i>not</i> be charged to the Federal award either as a direct or indirect cost (2 CFR 200.434). However, the value of this property may be used to meet cost sharing/matching requirements (2 CFR 200.306). Do not include the cost of renting or leasing equipment in this category. Instead, such costs should be included under the “Contractual” category. Also, see 2 CFR 200.465. Also, see 2 CFR 200.439, Equipment and Other Capital Expenditures, regarding allowability of costs.
	Supplies	The common dictionary definition or common use of the term “equipment” does not apply to financial assistance agreements. Consequently, property that might otherwise normally be considered equipment, might actually be considered “supplies” as defined by 2 CFR 200.94 (see section above regarding the definition of equipment). “Supplies” is defined as all tangible personal property other than those described in §200.33 Equipment. A computing device is a supply if the acquisition cost is less than the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-Federal entity for financial statement purposes or \$5,000, regardless of the length of its useful life. See also §§200.20 Computing devices and 200.33 Equipment” (2 CFR 200.94). Include the cost of all supplies acquired under the agreement in this budget category. Do not include the value of third-party in-kind contributions of property (2 CFR 200.96) as it may <i>not</i> be charged to the Federal award either as a direct or indirect cost (2 CFR 200.434). However, the value of this property may be used to meet cost sharing/matching requirements (2 CFR 200.306). Also, see 2 CFR 200.453, Materials and Supplies Costs, Including Costs of Computing Devices, regarding the allowability of costs.
	Contractual	This is the value of all contracts or agreements with third-parties for services provided. It excludes the acquisition of equipment and supplies, which is included under those respective categories. Do not include the value of donated or volunteer services (third-party in-kind contributions of services). While the value of those services may be used to meet cost sharing/matching requirements, it may <i>not</i> be charged to the Federal award either as a direct or indirect cost (2 CFR 200.434). Also, see 2 CFR 200.459, Professional Service Costs, regarding the allowability of costs.
	Construction	This budget category includes cost involving the construction, alteration, or repair of real property (e.g., buildings and facilities).
	Other (Direct Costs)	This category includes all other direct costs that are not properly allocated to an of the other direct costs categories above. “Direct costs” is defined by 2 CFR 200.413.

		Also, see 2 CFR 200.466, Scholarships and Student Aid Costs, regarding tuition remission.
	Indirect Charges	This category includes the amount of indirect cost permitted under the agreement. “Indirect costs” is defined by 2 CFR 200.414. In order to be eligible to recover any indirect cost under a Federal award, the applicant must either 1) have a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement (NICRA) with a Federal agency that has not expired or 2) qualify for use of the de minimis rate authorized by 2 CFR 200.414(f). In order to qualify for the de minimis rate, the applicant must have never had a NICRA. A State, local, or tribal governmental department or agency unit that receives more than \$35 million in direct Federal funding is not eligible for the de minimis rate. Applicants with a NICRA must calculate indirect costs using the rate and base specified in their NICRA. Costs from both the Federal and non-Federal shares are used. The resultant total amount of indirect costs is entered in this budget category. An applicant may voluntarily reduce or waive recovery of indirect costs at their sole discretion and must not be encouraged or coerced in any way to do so by the NRCS. If voluntarily reduced or waived, the applicant may choose to apply any unrecovered indirect costs as part of their cost share or match. Unrecovered indirect cost means the difference between the amount charged to the Federal award and the amount which could have been charged to the Federal award under the non-Federal entity's approved negotiated indirect cost rate (2 CFR 200.306(c)). A copy of the applicant's current NICRA must be provided with the application. If the applicant does not have a current NICRA (e.g., it is expired), indirect costs may not be recovered under the agreement. Applicants that are eligible for the de minimis rate who already have a de minimis rate agreement must use the rate and base specified in the agreement, which is modified total direct costs (MTDC) as defined by 2 CFR 200.68. Note, the MTDC definition excludes certain costs from the base the rate is applied to (MTDC excludes <i>equipment</i>, capital expenditures, charges for patient care, rental costs, <i>tuition remission</i>, scholarships and fellowships, participant support costs and the portion of each <i>subaward in excess of \$25,000</i>; see the definition for complete detail). A copy of the applicant's de minimis rate agreement must be provided with the application. If an applicant is eligible to use the de minimis rate, but does not have a de minimis rate agreement, use an indirect cost rate of no more than 10% of MTDC when preparing the amount for this budget category. If selected for award, a de minimis rate agreement will be executed at the same time the grant agreement is. Regardless of whether the applicant has a NICRA or a de minimis rate agreement, a detailed breakdown of how the amount indirect cost was calculated must be included in the Budget Narrative, which is a separate document.
		As stated above, the value of any third-party in-kind contributions of property or services may not be charged to the Federal award either as a direct or indirect cost (2 CFR 200.434). However, the value of those services may be used as cost share or match (2 CFR 200.306).

SECTION C – NON-FEDERAL RESOURCES		
Column	Name	Instructions
(a)	Grant Program Function or Activity	The form auto-populates “Non-Federal” in Column (a) of Row 8 and “Federal” in Row 9.
(b)	Applicant	Enter the amount of the non-Federal share from the SF-424, Block 18b in Row 8. Leave Row 9 blank since this section only includes non-Federal resources.
(c)	State	Enter the amount of the non-Federal share from the SF-424, Block 18c in Row 8. Leave Row 9 blank since this section only includes non-Federal resources.
(d)	Other Sources	Enter the amount of the non-Federal share from the SF-424, sum of Blocks 18d and 18e in Row 8. Leave Row 9 blank since this section only includes non-Federal resources.
(e)	Totals	Enter the total amount of the non-Federal share from the SF-424 in Row 8. This must also match the total non-Federal share listed in Section A and B of the SF-424A. Leave Row 9 blank since this section only includes non-Federal resources.

SECTION D – FORECASTED CASH NEEDS		
Row	Name	Instructions
13	Federal	The purpose of this section is to forecast the estimated amount of cash needed by quarter from the NRCS during only the first year of the proposed agreement. As stated earlier, applicants should assume an agreement start date of 09/15/2018. Consequently, the amount for this row is the amount of Federal cash needed for the Federal fiscal year (FY) of the agreement is for the timeframe of FY 18 – 09/15/2018 to 9/30/2018.
14	Non-Federal	The purpose of this section is to forecast the estimated amount of cash needed by quarter from all other non-Federal sources during only the first year of the proposed agreement. As stated earlier, applicants should assume an agreement start date of 09/15/2018. Consequently, the amount for this row is the amount of Federal cash needed for the Federal fiscal year (FY) of the agreement is for the timeframe of FY 18 – 09/15/2018 to 9/30/2018.
15	Total	Enter the totals for each column in this row.

SECTION E – BUDGET ESTIMATES OF FEDERAL FUNDS NEEDED FOR BALANCE OF THE PROJECT		
Column	Name	Instructions
(a)	Grant Program Function or Activity	The form auto-populates “Non-Federal” in Column (a) of Row 16 and “Federal” in Row 17. The purpose of this section is to list the amount of only Federal funds which will be needed to complete the program or project over the succeeding FY funding periods. Consequently, leave Row 16 (Non-Federal) blank. The total of all columns in Row 20, when added to the total in Row 13 of Section D, must equal the total amount of the Federal funds requested on Block 18a of the SF-424 and Sections A and B of the SF-424A.
(b)	First – Future Funding Period	This column lists the amount of Federal funds which is estimated to be needed in the second FY of the agreement is for the timeframe of FY 19 – 10/1/2018 to 9/30/2019.

(c)	Second – Future Funding Period	FY 20 – 10/1/2019 to 9/30/2020.
(d)	Third – Future Funding Period	FY 21 – 10/1/2020 to 9/30/2021.
(e)	Fourth – Future Funding Period	Leave blank

SECTION F – OTHER BUDGET INFORMATION		
Column	Name	Instructions
21	Direct Charges	Not required.
22	Indirect Charges	Not required.
23	Remarks	Not required.