

The Department of Homeland Security (DHS)

Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)

**Fiscal Year 2025 Presidential Residence Protection Assistance (PRPA)
Grant Program**

Fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, and other criminal or noncriminal misconduct related to this program may be reported to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) Hotline. The toll-free numbers to call are 1 (800) 323-8603 and TTY 1 (844) 889-4357.

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1. Basic Information

A. Agency Name	U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
B. NOFO Title	Presidential Residence Protection Assistance (PRPA) Grant Program
C. Announcement Type	Initial
D. Funding Opportunity Number	DHS-25-134-000-01
E. Assistance Listing Number	97.134
F. Expected Total Funding	Up to \$90,000,000
G. Anticipated Number of Awards	Multiple awards; the number will depend on selection and available funding.
H. Expected Award Range	To be determined
I. Projected Application Start Date	4/17/2026
J. Projected Application End Date	05/29/2026
K. Anticipated Funding Selection Date	08/28/2026
L. Anticipated Award Date	09/30/2026
M. Projected Period of Performance Start Date	07/01/2024
N. Projected Period of Performance End Date	09/30/2025

<p>O. Executive Summary</p>	<p>The Presidential Residence Protection Assistance (PRPA) Grant Program is a federally funded initiative designed to reimburse state and local law enforcement agencies (LEAs) for extraordinary personnel costs incurred while protecting any non-governmental residence of the President that is designated to be secured by the United States Secret Service (USSS). This program recognizes the importance of LEAs as critical partners in the provision of specialized security measures at private presidential residences and ensures that those LEAs are not financially burdened by their involvement.</p>
<p>P. Agency Contact</p>	<p>a. Program Office Contact FEMA Grant Programs Directorate (GPD) coordinates the PRPA Grant Program application review and selection process, initiates the issuance of awards, and provides support in addressing specific programmatic questions regarding the FY 2025 PRPA Grant Program. The Program Office can be reached by e-mail at FEMA-Grant-News@fema.dhs.gov</p> <p>b. FEMA Grants News This channel provides general information on all FEMA grant programs and maintains a comprehensive database containing key personnel contact information at the federal, state, and local levels. FEMA Grants News Team is reachable at fema-grants-news@fema.dhs.gov OR (800) 368-6498, Monday through Friday, 9:00 AM – 5:00 PM ET.</p> <p>c. Grant Programs Directorate (GPD) Award Administration Division GPD’s Award Administration Division (AAD) provides support regarding financial matters and budgetary technical assistance. AAD can be contacted at ASK-GMD@fema.dhs.gov.</p> <p>d. Civil Rights Consistent with Executive Order 14173, Ending Illegal Discrimination & Restoring Merit-Based Opportunity, the FEMA Office of Civil Rights is responsible for ensuring compliance with and enforcement of federal civil rights obligations in connection with programs and services conducted by FEMA. They are reachable at FEMA-CivilRightsOffice@fema.dhs.gov.</p> <p>e. Payment and Reporting System FEMA uses FEMA Grants Outcomes (FEMA GO) for financial reporting, invoicing, and tracking payments. The Direct Deposit/Electronic Funds Transfer (DD/EFT) method of payment is used for recipients. For any questions about the system, contact the FEMA GO Helpdesk at mailto:femago@fema.dhs.gov or (877) 585-3242, Monday through Friday, 9:00 AM – 6:00 PM ET.</p> <p>f. FEMA GO</p>

	For technical assistance with the FEMA GO system, please contact the FEMA GO Helpdesk at femago@fema.dhs.gov or (877) 585-3242, Monday through Friday, 9:00 AM – 6:00 PM ET.
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2. Eligibility

<p>A. Eligible Entities/Entity Types</p>	<p>Only the following entities or entity types are eligible to apply.</p> <p>a. Applicants Eligible applicants are limited to state and local LEAs, either directly or through the State Administrative Agency (SAA), that conducted protection activities associated with any non-governmental residence of the President of the United States designated to be secured by the USSS. Entities must have incurred extraordinary operational overtime costs to be eligible under this grant program.</p> <p>The SAA may apply on behalf of one or more eligible state or local LEA. If the SAA submits an application on behalf of any LEA, those agencies covered under the SAA’s application cannot also apply directly to FEMA for funding under this NOFO. Multiple applications may result in a delay in reimbursement and/or an application to be denied funding. Coordination between the SAA and any eligible state or local LEA is strongly encouraged.</p> <p>b. Subapplicants Subapplicants and subawards are allowed, but only as specified above.</p> <p>Subapplicants should not have foreign nationals or noncitizens included. If a subapplicant has foreign nationals, they must be properly vetted and must adhere to all government statutes, polices, and procedures including “staff American, stay in America” and security requirements.</p>
<p>B. Project Type Eligibility</p>	<p>a. Unallowable Project Types See Section 3.F “Program-Specific Unallowable Costs” for information on unallowable project types.</p> <p>b. Allowable Project Types Operational overtime and backfill overtime activities are the only direct costs eligible for reimbursement. In accordance with the Program’s authorizing language, only “extraordinary law enforcement personnel costs” are allowable.</p> <p>1. Definition of Extraordinary Costs</p> <p>Under the PRPA Program, extraordinary costs are defined as personnel expenses incurred by state and local law enforcement agencies that exceed normal operational costs due to the specific requirements of protecting a non-governmental residence of the President, as designated by the USSS.</p> <p>These costs must meet the following criteria:</p>

- **Personnel expenses** must go beyond standard law enforcement activities and be incurred specifically to fulfill Secret Service protection requests for a presidential residence.
- Costs must be **documented, reasonable, and directly attributable** to the protection mission, such as overtime pay, backfill for officers assigned to presidential protection, and other related expenses that would not have occurred in the absence of the presidential security detail.
- Only costs **explicitly requested by the Secret Service** for the protection of the President’s non-governmental residence are eligible for reimbursement.

Such costs must be in excess of the costs of normal and typical law enforcement operations and be directly attributable to the provision of protection services in keeping with the purpose of the PRPA Grant Program. Further, program funds may not be used to supplant state or local funds for personnel costs that would otherwise have been expended by a jurisdiction.

2. Compliance with Cost Principles

All costs charged to awards covered by this NOFO must comply with the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements at 2 C.F.R. Part 200, unless otherwise indicated in the NOFO, or the terms and conditions of the award. This includes, among other requirements, that costs must be incurred, and products and services must be delivered, within the period of performance of the award. See 2 C.F.R. § 200.403(h) (referring to the budget period, which for FEMA awards under this program is the same as the period of performance).

In general, the Cost Principles establish standards for the allowability of costs, provide detailed guidance on the cost accounting treatment of costs as direct or administrative costs, and set forth allowability principles for selected items of cost. More specifically, except as otherwise stated in this NOFO, the terms and condition of an award, or other program materials, costs charged to awards covered by this NOFO must be consistent with the Cost Principles for Federal Awards located at 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Subpart E. In order to be allowable, all costs charged to a FEMA award or applied to the cost share must be reasonable in nature and amount and allocable to the particular FEMA award.

3. Additional Requirements

Additionally, all costs charged to awards must comply with the grant program’s applicable statutes, policies, requirements in this NOFO as

	<p>well as with the terms and conditions of the award. If FEMA staff identify costs that are inconsistent with any of these requirements, these costs may be disallowed, and FEMA may recover funds as appropriate, consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and policies.</p> <p>As part of those requirements, grant recipients and subrecipients may only use federal funds or funds applied to a cost share for the purposes set forth in this NOFO and the terms and conditions of the award, and those costs must be consistent with the statutory authority for the award.</p>
C. Requirements for Personnel, Partners, and Other Parties	<p>All subapplicant/subrecipients must meet the same eligibility rules that apply to the primary applicant/recipient.</p> <p>Subapplicants should not have foreign nationals or noncitizens included. If a subapplicant has foreign nationals, they must be properly vetted and must adhere to all government statutes, polices, and procedures including “staff American, stay in America” and security requirements.</p> <p>Subapplicants/subrecipients must submit short bios and resumes. This should include the type of entity, organizational leadership, and board members along with the both the names and addresses of the individuals. Resumes are subject to approval.</p>
D. Maximum Number of Applications	<p>The maximum number of applications that can be submitted is:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 1 per eligible applicant
E. Additional Restrictions	<p>Applicants/subapplicants or recipients/subrecipients are required to certify their compliance with federal statutes, DHS directives, polices, and procedures.</p>
F. References for Eligibility Factors within the NOFO	<p>Please see the following references provided below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. “Responsiveness Review Criteria” subsection 2. “Financial Integrity Criteria” subsection 3. “Supplemental Financial Integrity Criteria and Review” subsection 4. FEMA may/will request financial information such as Employer Identification Number (EIN) and bank information as part of the potential award selection. This will apply to everyone prospered, including subrecipients.
G. Cost Sharing Requirement	<p>There is no cost share requirement.</p>
H. Cost Share Description, Type and Restrictions	<p>Not applicable.</p>

I. Cost Sharing Calculation Example	Not applicable.
J. Required information for verifying Cost Share	Not applicable.

3. Program Description

A. Background, Program Purpose, and Program History

Congress authorized FEMA to award financial assistance under the PRPA Grant Program pursuant to section 90006 of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ([Pub. L. No. 119-21](#)). [Section 90006\(a\)](#) authorizes awards for “the reimbursement of extraordinary law enforcement personnel costs for protection activities directly and demonstrably associated with any residence of the President designated pursuant to section 3 or 4 of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 (Public Law 94–524; [18 U.S.C. § 3056 note](#)) to be secured by the United States Secret Service.” This statutory authority ensures that state and local law enforcement agencies are not unduly burdened by the additional responsibilities and expenses required to safeguard presidential residences, as directed by the Secret Service.

B. Goal and Objective

The goal of the FY 2025 PRPA Grant Program is to provide financial assistance to LEAs in support of their efforts to protect designated presidential residences in coordination with the USSS.

The program’s objective is to reimburse eligible LEAs for extraordinary costs incurred during the protection of the President’s residences during the identified period of performance (July 1, 2024 through September 30, 2025). This ensures agencies can sustain their core public safety missions while supporting the USSS in the provision of security services associated with the designated presidential residences.

C. Program Rationale

The stated goal and objective of the PRPA Grant Program are directly aligned with the requirements of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 and section 90006 of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act. By providing targeted reimbursement, the program supports compliance with federal law and addresses the fiscal realities faced by law enforcement agencies assigned to presidential protection duties.

D. Federal Assistance Type Grant

E. Performance Measures and Targets

The following performance measures and corresponding target apply to the PRPA Grant Program (see [Section 7.F. Review and Selection Process](#) for information on priority designations):

- Performance Measure 1: Percentage of allowable Priority 1 activities reimbursed (100%).
- Performance Measure 2: Percentage of allowable Priority 2 activities reimbursed (90%).
- Performance Measure 3: Percentage of allowable Priority 3 activities reimbursed (80%).

These measures will track the percentage of eligible personnel cost claims that are fully reimbursed, based on the associated priority designation, to assess the extent to which the PRPA Grant Program reduces the financial burden on the involved LEAs.

F. Program-Specific Unallowable Costs

Under the PRPA Grant Program, the following costs are unallowable:

1. **Routine Law Enforcement Costs:** Standard operational expenses, such as salary costs incurred during normal patrol hours (“straight time”), are not eligible for reimbursement.
2. **Costs Unrelated to Protection of the Presidential Residences:** This includes costs associated with protection of the presidential residence that were not specifically directed by the USSS as well as costs unrelated to the presidential residences such as emergency management activities, campaign events, or protection of other officials.
3. **Equipment Costs:** Equipment costs are unallowable even when purchased specifically for presidential residence protection activities.
4. **Costs Associated with Hiring or Contracting Personnel:** This applies even if additional personnel are needed to conduct the agreed-upon presidential residence protection activities.
5. **Supplanting Funds:** Program funds cannot be used to replace state or local personnel budgets.

G. General Funding Requirements

Costs charged to federal awards (including federal and non-federal cost share funds) must comply with applicable statutes, rules and regulations, policies, this NOFO, and the terms and conditions of the federal award. This includes, among other requirements, that costs must be incurred, and products and services must be delivered within the budget period. [2 C.F.R. § 200.403\(h\)](#).

Recipients may not use federal funds or any cost share funds for the following activities:

1. Matching or cost sharing requirements for other federal grants and cooperative agreements (see [2 C.F.R. § 200.306](#)).
2. Lobbying or other prohibited activities under [18 U.S.C § 1913](#) or [2 C.F.R. § 200.450](#).
3. Prosecuting claims against the federal government or any other government entity (see [2 C.F.R. § 200.435](#)).

H. Indirect Costs (Facilities and Administrative Costs)

Indirect costs are allowable under this program as described in 2 C.F.R. Part 200, including 2 C.F.R. § 200.414. Applicants with a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement that desire to charge indirect costs to an award must provide a copy of their negotiated indirect cost rate agreement at the time of application. Not all applicants are required to have a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement. Applicants that are not required by 2 C.F.R. Part 200 to have a negotiated indirect cost rate agreement but are required by 2 C.F.R. Part 200 to develop an indirect cost rate proposal must provide a copy of their proposal at the time of application. Applicants who do not have a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement (including a provisional rate) and wish to charge the de minimis rate must reach out to the Grants Management Specialist or other relevant FEMA position for further instructions. Applicants who

wish to use a cost allocation plan in lieu of an indirect cost rate must also reach out to the FEMA Grants Management Specialist for further instructions. Post-award requests to charge indirect costs will be considered on a case-by-case basis and based upon the submission of an agreement or proposal as discussed above or based upon the de minimis rate or cost allocation plan, as applicable.

FEMA will review all indirect cost rate agreements under this program to determine whether it falls within the statutory limits on allowable costs under the PRPA Grant Program (see Allowable Costs section above). Per 2 C.F.R. § 200.414(c)(1), FEMA may deviate from an approved rate when required by Federal statute or regulation. The statute authorizing and appropriating the FY 2025 PRPA Grant Program requires this deviation. Per section 90006 of the *One Big Beautiful Bill Act, 2025* (Pub. L. No. 119-21), any indirect costs charged to the award must be in excess of the costs of typical law enforcement operations and be directly attributable to the provision of protection services in keeping with the purpose of the PRPA Grant Program. Further, program funds may not be used to supplant state or local funds for personnel costs that would otherwise have been expended by a jurisdiction.

Overtime fringe benefit rates are typically lower than regular time fringe benefits because categories such as leave, disability insurance, and health insurance are not dependent on hours worked and do not change if the employee works overtime hours. Therefore, in cases where fringe benefits costs are included in an indirect cost rate agreement, those costs are only allowable for reimbursement as part of the indirect costs if they increase with overtime labor costs (e.g., Social Security, Unemployment Compensation, Worker's Compensation, Retirement) and are attributable to extraordinary protection activities directly and demonstrably associated with any designated residence of the President. Also, in cases where fringe benefits costs are included in an indirect cost rate agreement, the fringe benefits cannot also be charged as a direct cost for reimbursement.

Indirect costs are allowed for recipients only when there are no subrecipients under the award as all funding must be passed through to the subrecipients. Indirect costs are allowed for all subrecipients.

Indirect costs are costs incurred for a common or joint purpose benefitting more than one cost objective and not readily assignable to specific cost objectives without disproportionate effort. Applicants with a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement who desire to charge indirect costs to a federal award must provide a copy of their indirect cost rate agreement with their applications. Not all applicants are required to have a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement. Applicants that are not required to have a negotiated indirect cost rate agreement but are required to develop an indirect cost rate proposal, must provide a copy of their proposal with their applications. Applicants without a current negotiated indirect cost rate agreement (including a provisional rate) and wish to charge the de minimis rate must reach out to FEMA for further instructions. Applicants who wish to use a cost allocation plan in lieu of an indirect cost rate proposal must reach out to FEMA for further instructions. As it relates to the indirect cost for subrecipients, a recipient must follow the requirements of [2 C.F.R. §§ 200.332](#) and [200.414](#) in approving the indirect cost rate for subawards.

I. Management and Administration (M&A) Costs

M&A costs are not allowed.

J. Pre-Award Costs

By statute, costs incurred or obligated **before July 1, 2024**, are strictly prohibited and not allowable under any circumstances.

K. Beneficiary Eligibility

This NOFO and any subsequent federal awards create no rights or causes of action for any beneficiary.

L. Participant Eligibility

This NOFO and any subsequent federal awards create no rights or causes of action for any participant.

M. Authorizing Authority

Section 90006 of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, 2025 ([Pub. L. No. 119-21](#)).

N. Appropriation Authority

Section 90006 of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, 2025 ([Pub. L. No. 119-21](#)).

O. Budget Period

The budget period will align with the period of performance, with both having the same start and end dates: **July 1, 2024, through September 30, 2025**.

P. Prohibition on Covered Equipment or Services

Recipients, sub-recipients, and their contractors or subcontractors must comply with the prohibitions set forth in Section 889 of the [John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019](#), which restrict the purchase of covered telecommunications and surveillance equipment and services. Please see 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.216, 200.327, 200.471, and Appendix II to 2 C.F.R. Part 200, and [FEMA Policy #405-143-1 - Prohibitions on Expending FEMA Award Funds for Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services](#) for more information.

Equipment and services costs are not allowable under this grant program.

4. Application Contents and Format

A. Pre-Application, Letter of Intent, and Whitepapers

Not applicable.

B. Application Content and Format

See [Section 4.D](#) below.

C. Application Components

The following forms or information are required to be submitted via FEMA GO. The Standard Forms (SF) are also available at [Forms | Grants.gov](#)

- SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance

- Grants.gov Lobbying Form, Certification Regarding Lobbying
- SF-424A, Budget Information (Non-Construction)
- SF-424B, Standard Assurances (Non-Construction)
- SF-LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

D. Program-Specific Required Documents and Information

The following program-specific forms or information are required to be submitted in FEMA GO:

- **Application:** Only one application, due no later than May 29, 2026, at 5 PM ET, is permitted for each applicant.
- **Reimbursement Requests:** Applicants should submit all reimbursement requests with their application in **FEMA GO**.
- **Documentation:** Documentation supporting reimbursement requests must be submitted as an attachment(s) in **FEMA GO**. All four categories of documentation described below (Investment Narrative, Detailed Budget Spreadsheet, Disclosure of Pending Applications or Open Awards, Certifications) are required. Information in these documents will be used to evaluate allowable costs.
- **Investment Narrative:** The Investment Narrative, a written narrative distinct from the detailed Budget Spreadsheet, must include:
 - A title;
 - A list of each LEA covered under the application;
 - Descriptions of the extraordinary law enforcement protection activities the LEA engaged in as they related to providing security during the FY 2025 PRPA Grant Program period of performance for the designated residences of the President;
 - Descriptions of the financial burden these operational overtime costs have placed on the LEA; and
 - A list of any and all agreements and/or memoranda of understanding (MOU) that were enacted to establish the security-related activities undertaken to protect the designated residences.

The Investment Narrative must be double-spaced, using a standard 12-point font (Times New Roman is preferred) with 1-inch margins, and must not exceed 10 pages. Please number pages “1 of 10,” “2 of 10,” etc. If the Investment Narrative fails to comply with these length-related restrictions, FEMA may consider such noncompliance in review and in final award decisions.

The file should be named in the following format “[Name of LEA] 2025_PRPA Grant Program Narrative” or other similarly descriptive naming convention.

- **Detailed Budget Spreadsheet:** Include a detailed budget spreadsheet in Microsoft Excel that identifies each LEA listed in the Investment Narrative and provide the following columns of information for each law enforcement personnel seeking reimbursement for operational overtime or backfill overtime activities:
 - Position/Rank;

- Compensation rate;
- Overtime compensation rate;
- Fringe benefits;
- Dates overtime worked;
- Total number of hours overtime worked;
- Total amount of overtime cost requested;
- Indicate the [Allocation Priority](#) (Priority 1, 2, or 3);
- A brief description of the protection activity (e.g. “residence perimeter security”; “motorcade security from airport to residence”; “road closure enforcement for motorcade”; “operational planning with USSS”, etc.)
- Additionally, for Priority 2 activities, the date, times, and location of travel to and from the designated residence.

In an effort to ensure Personally Identifiable Information (PII) is not unnecessarily used, applicants are not required to provide names or badge numbers for law enforcement personnel at the time of application. However, the detailed budget spreadsheets must be organized in a way that each law enforcement officer is listed separately such that, during monitoring and audit, the reimbursements requested can be directly cross-walked to the source documents supporting the reimbursement. The file should be named in the following format:

“[Name of LEA/EMA] Detailed_Budget_Spreadsheet”

Note: Upon request by DHS/FEMA, evidence must be provided that supports the expenses submitted for reimbursement in the detailed budget spreadsheet (e.g., valid timecards that contain detailed descriptions of the services performed or other supporting documentation permitted under 2 C.F.R. § 200.430).

- **Indirect Cost Agreement or Proposal:** If the budget includes indirect costs and the applicant is required to have an indirect cost rate agreement or proposal. If the applicant does not have or is not required to have an indirect cost rate agreement or proposal, please see [Section D.12](#) of this funding notice, “Funding Restrictions and Allowable Costs,” for further information regarding allowability of indirect costs and whether alternatives to an indirect cost rate agreement or proposal might be available, or contact the relevant FEMA staff identified in Section G of this funding notice, [DHS Awarding Agency Contact Information](#) for further instructions.
- **Disclosure of Pending Applications or Open Awards:** Each applicant shall disclose whether it or any LEA or EMA covered under the application has any pending applications or open awards for Federally funded grants or cooperative agreements that (1) include requests for funding to support the same investment narrative being proposed in the application under this NOFO; and (2) would cover any identical cost items outlined in the budget submitted to FEMA as part of the application under this NOFO.

The applicant shall disclose applications or requests made to FEMA or other Federal awarding agencies, and also applications for subawards of Federal funds (e.g., applications to other State agencies that subaward Federal funds).

Each applicant that has one or more pending applications or open awards as described above is to provide the following information about pending applications submitted within the last 12 months:

- The federal awarding agency;
- The solicitation name and project name; and
- The point of contact information at the applicable federal awarding agency.

An applicant **without** any pending applications or open awards as described above must submit, as a separate attachment, a statement to this effect:

“[Applicant Name on SF-424] does not have any pending applications submitted within the last 12 months for federally funded grants or cooperative agreements (or for subawards under federal grants or cooperative agreements) that request funding to support the same investment being proposed in this application to FEMA and that would cover any identical cost items outlined in the budget submitted as part of in this application.”

The file should be named:

“[Name of LEA/EMA] Disclosure_of_Pending_Applications”

- **Certifications:** The applicant must include in their application a signed letter from the head of each state or local LEA for which reimbursement is requested. The certification letter must be addressed to the FEMA Administrator and certify that the protection activities were requested by the Director of the USSS, for all overtime for which reimbursement under the FY 2025 PRPA Grant Program is requested. The certifications must be included as separate attachments to the application in FEMA GO.

The file should be named in the following format:

“[Name of LEA/EMA] Certification”

E. Post-Application Requirements for Successful Applicants

Not applicable.

5. Submission Requirements and Deadlines

A. Address to Request Application Package

Applications are processed through the FEMA GO system. To access the system, go to <https://go.fema.gov/>.

Steps Required to Apply For An Award Under This Program and Submit an Application:

To apply for an award under this program, all applicants must:

- a. Apply for, update, or verify their Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) number and EIN from the Internal Revenue Service;
- b. In the application, provide an UEI number;
- c. Have an account with login.gov;
- d. Register for, update, or verify their System for Award Management (SAM) account and ensure the account is active before submitting the application;
- e. Register in FEMA GO, add the organization to the system, and establish the Authorized Organizational Representative (AOR). The organization's electronic business point of contact (eBiz POC) from the SAM registration may need to be involved in this step. For step-by-step instructions, see <https://www.fema.gov/media-library/assets/documents/181607>;
- f. Submit the complete application in FEMA GO; and
- g. Continue to maintain an active SAM registration with current information at all times during which it has an active federal award or an application or plan under consideration by a federal awarding agency. As part of this, applicants must also provide information on an applicant's immediate and highest-level owner and subsidiaries, as well as on all predecessors that have been awarded federal contracts or federal financial assistance within the last three years, if applicable.

Per [2 C.F.R. 25.110\(a\)\(2\)\(iv\)](https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-25/chapter-I/subchapter-A/part-25.110/section-25.110(a)(2)(iv)), if an applicant is experiencing exigent circumstances that prevents it from obtaining an UEI number and completing SAM registration prior to receiving a federal award, the applicant must notify FEMA as soon as possible. Contact fema-grants-news@fema.dhs.gov and provide the details of the exigent circumstances.

How to Register to Apply:

General Instructions:

Registering and applying for an award under this program is a multi-step process and requires time to complete. Below are instructions for registering to apply for FEMA funds. Read the instructions carefully and prepare the requested information before beginning the registration process. Gathering the required information before starting the process will alleviate last-minute searches for required information.

The registration process can take up to four weeks to complete. To ensure an application meets the deadline, applicants are advised to start the required steps well in advance of their submission.

Organizations must have a UEI number, EIN, and an active SAM registration.

Obtain a UEI Number:

All entities applying for funding, including renewal funding, must have a UEI number. Applicants must enter the UEI number in the applicable data entry field on the SF-424 form. For more detailed instructions for obtaining a UEI number, refer to [SAM.gov](https://sam.gov).

Obtain Employer Identification Number:

In addition to having a UEI number, all entities applying for funding must provide an EIN. The EIN can be obtained from the Internal Revenue Services by visiting <https://www.irs.gov/businesses/small-businesses-self-employed/apply-for-an-employer-identification-number-ein-online>.

Create a login.gov account:

Applicants must have a login.gov account in order to register with SAM or update their SAM registration. Applicants can create a login.gov account at: https://secure.login.gov/sign_up/enter_email?request_id=34f19fa8-14a2-438c-8323-a62b99571fd.

Applicants only have to create a login.gov account once. For existing SAM users, use the same email address for both login.gov and SAM.gov so that the two accounts can be linked.

For more information on the login.gov requirements for SAM registration, refer to <https://www.sam.gov/SAM/pages/public/loginFAQ.jsf>.

Register with SAM:

In addition to having a UEI number, all organizations must register with SAM. Failure to register with SAM will prevent your organization from applying through FEMA GO. SAM registration must be renewed annually and must remain active throughout the entire grant life cycle.

For more detailed instructions for registering with SAM, refer to: [Register with SAM](#)

Note: per [2 C.F.R. § 25.200](#), applicants must also provide the applicant's immediate and highest-level owner, subsidiaries, and predecessors that have been awarded federal contracts or federal financial assistance within the past three years, if applicable.

Register in FEMA GO, Add the Organization to the System, and Establish the AOR:

Applicants must register in FEMA GO and add their organization to the system. The organization's eBiz POC from the SAM registration may need to be involved in this step. For step-by-step instructions, see: [FEMA GO Startup Guide](#)

Note: FEMA GO will support only the most recent major release of the following browsers:

Google Chrome;

Mozilla Firefox;

Apple Safari; and

Microsoft Edge.

Applicants using tablet type devices or other browsers may encounter issues with using FEMA GO.

Submitting the Final Application:

Applicants will be prompted to submit the standard application information, and any program-specific information required. Standard Forms (SF) may be accessed in the Forms tab under the: [SF-424 Family | Grants.gov](#).

Applicants should review these forms before applying to ensure they are providing all required information.

After submitting the final application, FEMA GO will provide either an error message, or an email to the submitting AOR confirming the transmission was successfully received.

B. Application Deadline
05/29/26 5:00 PM Eastern Time

C. Pre-Application Requirements Deadline
Not applicable

D. Post-Application Requirements Deadline
Not applicable

E. Effects of Missing the Deadline
All applications must be completed in FEMA GO by the application deadline. FEMA GO automatically records proof of submission and generates an electronic date/time stamp when FEMA GO successfully receives an application. The submitting AOR will receive via email the official date/time stamp and a FEMA GO tracking number to serve as proof of timely submission prior to the application deadline.

Applicants experiencing system-related issues have until 3:00 PM ET on the date applications are due to notify FEMA. No new system-related issues will be addressed after this deadline. Applications not received by the application submission deadline will not be accepted.

6. Intergovernmental Review

A. Requirement Description and State Single Point of Contact
An intergovernmental review may be required. Applicants must contact their state's [Single Point of Contact \(SPOC\)](#) to comply with the state's process under Executive Order 12372.

7. Application Review Information

A. Threshold Criteria
FEMA GPD staff will coordinate with USSS Office of Protective Operations to determine the eligibility of each applicant or subapplicant and the allowability of the claimed reimbursement costs. This will include verifying the involvement of each LEA in protecting the designated presidential residences and the associated dates/times and specific activities associated with each reimbursement request.

B. Application Review Criteria
The application review process will focus on verifying that all claimed reimbursement costs are limited to extraordinary law enforcement personnel costs that were incurred through the provision of protection activities directly and demonstrably associated with a designated presidential residence. In this context, extraordinary costs mean operational overtime and backfill costs. In addition to the verification process conducted in coordination with USSS as

explained in the section above, FEMA will ask the applicant to provide timecards or other supporting documentation to verify the dates/time of services performed, overtime status, and associated hourly costs for each involved LE officer.

The following criteria will be used to determine whether claimed costs are allowable for reimbursement:

Table 1: Application Evaluation Criteria

Evaluation Criteria	Source of Verification
Were the costs incurred between July 1, 2024, and September 30, 2025?	Detailed Budget Worksheet(s)
Were the costs incurred by law enforcement and/or other emergency personnel?	Investment Narrative, Detailed Budget Spreadsheet(s)
Were the costs incurred for operational or backfill overtime?	Investment Narrative, Detailed Budget Spreadsheet(s)
Were the costs incurred extraordinary? Meaning, were costs over and above normal expenditures of the agency?	Investment Narrative, Detailed Budget Spreadsheet(s), Disclosure of Pending Applications or Open Awards
Were the costs incurred directly attributable to the protection of a non-governmental residence of the President designated to be secured by the USSS in accordance with the priorities defined in Section F below?	Investment Narrative, Detailed Budget Spreadsheet(s), USSS Validation
Were the costs incurred as the result of an official request by the Director of the USSS pursuant to section 3 or section 4 of the <i>Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976</i> (Pub. L. No. 94-524)?	Certifications, USSS Validation
Does the applicant have any pending applications or open awards for federally funded grants or cooperative agreements that (1) include requests for funding to support the same Investment Narrative being proposed in the application under this NOFO, and (2) would cover any identical cost items outlined in the budget submitted to FEMA as part of the application under this NOFO?	Disclosure of Pending Applications or Open Awards
Has the applicant been approved for overtime or backfill overtime requests for the purposes outlined in this NOFO through any open FEMA grant award?	FEMA Official Grant Files

C. Financial Integrity Criteria

Before making an award, FEMA is required to review OMB-designated databases for applicants' eligibility and financial integrity information. This is required by [the Payment Integrity Information Act of 2019 \(Pub. L. No. 116-117, § 2 \(2020\)\)](#), [41 U.S.C. § 2313](#), and [the "Do Not Pay Initiative" \(31 U.S.C. 3354\)](#). For more details, please see [2 C.F.R. § 200.206](#).

Thus, the Financial Integrity Criteria may include the following risk-based considerations of the applicant:

1. Financial stability.
2. Quality of management systems and ability to meet management standards.
3. History of performance in managing federal award.
4. Reports and findings from audits.
5. Ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements.

D. Supplemental Financial Integrity Criteria and Review

Before making an award expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold (currently a total federal share of \$250,000) over the period of performance:

FEMA is required by [41 U.S.C. § 2313](#): to review or consider certain information found in SAM.gov. For details, please see [2 C.F.R. § 200.206\(a\)\(2\)](#).

1. An applicant may review and comment on any information in the responsibility/qualification records available in SAM.gov.
2. Before making decisions in the risk review required by [2 C.F.R. § 200.206](#), FEMA will consider any comments by the applicant.

E. Reviewers and Reviewer Selection

FEMA GPD program staff will review all eligible applications in coordination with USSS Office of Protective Operations.

F. Review and Selection Process

FEMA will make award selections based on the eligibility criteria outlined in [Section 2, Eligibility Information](#). Funding allocations and award amounts will be determined by the priorities outlined below.

- **Priority 1:** Priority for allocation of funding will be to agencies that incurred extraordinary law enforcement operational overtime costs while the President or First Lady were at the designated residence.
- **Priority 2:** Additional funding may be allocated for operational overtime costs associated with transportation of the President or First Lady to and from the designated residence within the state.
- **Priority 3:** Remaining funding may be provided on a pro-rata basis for reimbursement of extraordinary law enforcement operational overtime costs incurred by agencies for maintaining the security of the designated residences in the absence of the President or First Lady.

For example, if there are insufficient funds to reimburse all Priority 3 costs, FEMA will reduce the reimbursement amount by an equal percentage for all Priority 3 costs. Therefore, instead of reimbursing 100% of the Priority 3 costs, the percentage will be reduced for all awards, so the total amount awarded equals the available funding amount (\$90 million).

Applicants that have identified other sources of reimbursement (e.g., U.S. Department of Justice financial assistance, direct appropriation) for costs incurred protecting the President's designated residences will not be reimbursed for the same costs paid for by other sources.

G. Final Selection

FEMA leadership will decide award selections and amounts based on the results of the review process outlined above.

8. Award Notices

A. Notice of Award

The Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) should carefully read the federal award package before accepting the federal award. The federal award package includes instructions on administering the federal award as well as terms and conditions for the award.

By submitting an application, applicants agree to comply with the prerequisites stated in this NOFO and the material terms and conditions of the federal award, should they receive an award.

FEMA will provide the federal award package to the applicant electronically via FEMA GO. Award packages include an Award Letter, Summary Award Memo, Agreement Articles, and Obligating Document. An award package notification email is sent via the grant application system to the submitting AOR.

Recipients must accept their awards no later than 60 days from the award date. Failure to accept a grant award within the specified timeframe may result in a loss of funds.

Funds will remain on hold until the recipient accepts the award via FEMA GO and all other conditions of the award have been satisfied, or until the award is otherwise rescinded. Failure to accept a grant award within the specified timeframe may result in a loss of funds.

B. Pass-Through Requirements

If a SAA applies and is awarded funding on behalf of eligible state and local LEAs, all funding must be passed through to the applicable subrecipients as described in the terms and conditions of the award.

In addition, pass-through entities are responsible for closing out their subawards as described in 2 C.F.R. § 200.344; subrecipients are still required to submit closeout materials within 90 calendar days of the period of performance end date. When a subrecipient completes all closeout requirements, pass-through entities must promptly complete all closeout actions for subawards in time for the recipient to submit all necessary documentation and information to FEMA during the closeout of the prime award.

C. Note Regarding Pre-Award Costs

Pre-award costs are allowed. However, costs incurred prior to July 1, 2024 will not be allowable under any circumstances.

D. Obligation of Funds

Program funds are obligated upon issuance of the award.

E. Notification to Unsuccessful Applicants

Unsuccessful applicants will be notified via email generated through the FEMA GO system.

9. Post-Award Requirements and Administration

A. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Presidential Executive Orders

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Presidential Executive Orders related to grants (also known as federal assistance and financial assistance), the full text of which are incorporated by reference. Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on November 21, 2025, in County of Santa Clara et al. v. Noem, et al., No. 25-cv-08330-WHO (N.D. Cal.), this requirement does not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect. If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, this requirement will immediately become effective. Also, pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on November 21, 2025, in City of Chicago et al. v. Noem, et al., No. 25-CV-12765 (N.D. Ill.), this requirement does not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect. If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, this requirement will immediately become effective.

In accordance with [Executive Order 14305, Restoring American Airspace Sovereignty \(June 6, 2025\)](#), and to the extent allowed by law, eligible state, local, tribal, and territorial grant recipients under this NOFO are permitted to purchase unmanned aircraft systems, otherwise known as drones, or equipment or services for the detection, tracking, or identification of drones and drone signals, consistent with the legal authorities of state, local, tribal, and territorial agencies. Recipients must comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations, and adhere to any statutory requirements on the use of federal funds for such unmanned aircraft systems, equipment, or services.

Subrecipient Monitoring and Management

Pass-through entities must comply with the requirements for subrecipient monitoring and management as set forth in 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.331-333.

B. DHS Standard Terms and Conditions

A recipient under this funding opportunity must comply with the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions in effect as of the date of the federal award. The DHS Standard Terms and Conditions are available online: [DHS Standard Terms and Conditions | Homeland Security](#). For continuation awards, the terms and conditions for the initial federal award will apply unless otherwise specified in the terms and conditions of the continuation award. The specific version of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions applicable to the federal award will be in the federal award package.

A recipient under this funding opportunity must comply with the FY 2025 Department of Homeland Security Standard Terms and Conditions, v. 3 (Apr. 18, 2025). However, Paragraphs C.IX and C.XVII(2)(a)(iii) do not apply to any federal award under this funding opportunity to the extent their application is limited by the injunction in *State of Illinois, et al. v. FEMA, et al.*,

No. 25-206 (D. R.I.) issued on October 14, 2025, or *City and County of San Francisco, et al. v. Trump, et al.*, No. 3:25-cv-01350 (N.D. Cal.) issued on August 22, 2025.

Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on November 21, 2025, in *County of Santa Clara et al. v. Noem, et al.*, No. 25-cv-08330-WHO (N.D. Cal.), the following terms and conditions do not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect: (1) Paragraph C.XVII of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Anti-Discrimination"; and (2) Paragraph C.XXXI of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Presidential Executive Orders". If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, Paragraph C.XVII and Paragraph C.XXXI will immediately become effective. As stated above, Paragraph C.XVII(2)(a)(iii) of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions will not apply even if the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished.

Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on November 21, 2025, in *City of Chicago et al. v. Noem, et al.*, No. 25-CV-12765 (N.D. Ill.), the following terms and conditions do not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect: (1) Paragraph C.XVII of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Anti-Discrimination"; and (2) Paragraph C.XXXI of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Presidential Executive Orders". If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, Paragraph C.XVII and Paragraph C.XXXI will immediately become effective. As stated above, Paragraph C.XVII(2)(a)(iii) of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions will not apply even if the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished.

Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on October 31, 2025, in *City of Seattle v. Trump, et al.*, No. 2:25-cv-01435-BJR (W.D. Wa.), the following terms and conditions do not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect: Paragraph C.XVII of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Anti-Discrimination". If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, Paragraph C.XVII will immediately become effective. As stated above, Paragraph C.XVII(2)(a)(iii) of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions will not apply even if the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished.

C. Financial Reporting Requirements

1. Recipients must report obligations and expenditures through a federal financial report. The Federal Financial Report (FFR) form, also known as Standard Form 425 (SF-425), is available online at: [SF-425 OMB #4040-0014](#). Recipients must file the FFR electronically via FEMA GO.
2. The FFR must be submitted only once, during closeout.
3. The final FFR is due within 120 calendar days after the end of the POP.

FEMA may withhold future federal awards and cash payments if the recipient does not submit timely financial reports, or the financial reports submitted demonstrate lack of progress or provide insufficient detail.

D. Programmatic Performance Reporting Requirements

Recipients are required to submit one Programmatic Report. The Programmatic Report is a qualitative narrative summary on the impact reimbursements had on each law enforcement agency. The Programmatic Report must be submitted only once, during closeout in FEMA GO.

E. Closeout Reporting Requirements

Within 120 days following award issuance, or after an amendment has been issued to close out a federal award, recipients must submit the following:

1. The final request for payment, if applicable.
2. The final FFR.
3. The final Performance Report detailing all accomplishments.
4. A qualitative narrative summary of the impact of those accomplishments throughout the period of performance;
5. Other documents required by this NOFO, terms and conditions of the federal award, or other DHS Component guidance.

After FEMA approves these reports, it will issue a closeout notice. The notice will indicate the period of performance as closed, list any remaining funds to be de-obligated, and address the record maintenance requirement. Unless a longer period applies, such as due to an audit or litigation, for equipment or real property used beyond the period of performance, or due to other circumstances outlined in [2 C.F.R. § 200.334](#), this maintenance requirement is three years from the date of the final FFR.

Also, pass-through entities are responsible for closing out those subawards as described in [2 C.F.R. § 200.344](#); subrecipients are still required to submit closeout materials within 90 calendar days of the subaward period of performance end date. When a subrecipient completes all closeout requirements, pass-through entities must promptly complete all closeout actions in time for the recipient to submit all necessary documentation and information to FEMA during the closeout of their prime award. The recipient is responsible for returning any balances of unobligated or unliquidated funds that have been drawn down that are not authorized to be retained per [2 C.F.R. § 200.344\(e\)](#).

Administrative Closeout

Administrative closeout is a mechanism for FEMA to unilaterally execute closeout of an award. FEMA will use available award information in lieu of final recipient reports, per [2 C.F.R. § 200.344\(h\)-\(i\)](#). It is an activity of last resort, and if FEMA administratively closes an award, this may negatively impact a recipient's ability to obtain future funding.

Additional Reporting Requirements

Anytime there is a change in personnel for any of the awardees and/or subrecipients, their information needs to be submitted for approval (all the previous personal information identified).

F. Disclosing Information per 2 C.F.R. § 180.335

Before entering into a federal award, the applicant must notify FEMA if it knows that the applicant or any of the principals (as defined at [2 C.F.R. § 180.995](#)) for the federal award:

1. Are presently excluded or disqualified;

2. Have been convicted within the preceding three years of any of the offenses listed in § 180.800(a) or had a civil judgment rendered against you for one of those offenses within that time period;
3. Are presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State, or local) with the commission of any of the offenses listed in § 180.800(a); or
4. Have had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated within the preceding three years for cause or default.

This requirement is fully described in [2 C.F.R. §180.335](#).

Additionally, [2 C.F.R. § 180.350](#) requires recipients to provide immediate notice to FEMA at any time after entering a federal award if:

1. The recipient learns that either it failed to earlier disclose information as required by 2 C.F.R. § 180.335;
2. Due to changed circumstances, the applicant or any of the principals for the federal award now meet the criteria at 2 C.F.R. § 180.335 listed above.

G. Reporting of Matters Related to Recipient Integrity and Performance

[Appendix XII to 2 C.F.R. Part 200](#) states the terms and conditions for recipient integrity and performance matters used for this funding opportunity.

If the total value of all active federal grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts for a recipient exceeds \$10,000,000 at any time during the period of performance:

1. The recipient must maintain the currency of information reported in SAM.gov about civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings described in paragraph 2 of Appendix XII;
2. The required reporting frequency is described in paragraph 4 of Appendix XII.

H. Single Audit Report

A recipient expending \$1,000,000 or more in federal awards (as defined by [2 C.F.R. § 200.1](#)) during its fiscal year must undergo an audit. This may be either a single audit complying with [2 C.F.R. § 200.514](#) or a program-specific audit complying with [2 C.F.R. §§ 200.501](#) and [200.507](#). Audits must follow [2 C.F.R. Part 200, Subpart F](#), 2 C.F.R. § 200.501, and the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) [Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards](#).

I. Monitoring and Oversight

Per [2 C.F.R. § 200.337](#), DHS and its authorized representatives have the right of access to any records of the recipient or subrecipient pertinent to a Federal award to perform audits, site visits, and any other official use. The right also includes timely and reasonable access to the recipient's or subrecipient's personnel for the purpose of interview and discussion related to such documents or the Federal award in general.

Pursuant to this right and per [2 C.F.R. § 200.329](#), DHS may conduct desk reviews and make site visits to review and evaluate project accomplishments and management control systems as well as provide any required technical assistance. Recipients and subrecipients must respond in a timely and accurate manner to DHS requests for information relating to a federal award.

J. Program Evaluation

Title I of the Foundations for Evidence-Based Policymaking Act of 2018, Pub. L. No. 115-435 (2019) (Evidence Act), [PUBL435.PS](#) urges federal agencies to use program evaluation as a critical tool to learn, improve delivery, and elevate program service and delivery across the program lifecycle. Evaluation means “an assessment using systematic data collection and analysis of one or more programs, policies, and organizations intended to assess their effectiveness and efficiency.” Evidence Act, § 101 (codified at 5 U.S.C. § 311). OMB A-11, Section 290 (Evaluation and Evidence-Building Activities) further outlines the standards and practices for evaluation activities. Federal agencies are required to specify any requirements for recipient participation in program evaluation activities (2 C.F.R. § 200.301). Program evaluation activities incorporated from the outset in the NOFO and program design and implementation allow recipients and agencies to meaningfully document and measure progress and achievement towards program goals and objectives, and identify program outcomes and lessons learned, as part of demonstrating recipient performance (2 C.F.R. § 200.301).

As such, recipients and subrecipients are required to participate in a Program Office (PO) or a DHS Component-led evaluation, if selected. This may be carried out by a third-party on behalf of the PO or the DHS Component. Such an evaluation may involve information collections including but not limited to, records of the recipients; surveys, interviews, or discussions with individuals who benefit from the federal award, program operating personnel, and award recipients; and site visits or other observation of recipient activities, as specified in a DHS Component or PO-approved evaluation plan. More details about evaluation requirements may be provided in the federal award, if available at that time, or following the award as evaluation requirements are finalized. Evaluation costs incurred during the period of performance are allowable costs (either as direct or indirect) in accordance with [2 C.F.R. § 200.413](#).

Recipients and subrecipients are also encouraged, but not required, to participate in any additional evaluations after the period of performance ends, although any costs incurred to participate in such evaluations are not allowable and may not be charged to the federal award.

K. Additional Performance Reporting Requirements

Not applicable.

F. Termination of Federal Award

1. Paragraph C.XL of the FY 2025 DHS Standard Terms and Conditions, v.3 sets forth a term and condition entitled “Termination of a Federal Award.” The termination provision condition listed below applies to the grant award and the term and condition in Paragraph C.XL of the FY 2025 DHS Standard Terms and Conditions, v.3 does not.

2. Termination of the Federal Award by FEMA

FEMA may terminate the federal award in whole or in part for one of the following reasons identified in 2 C.F.R. § 200.340:

- a. If the recipient or subrecipient fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the federal award.

- b. With the consent of the recipient, in which case FEMA and the recipient must agree upon the termination conditions. These conditions include the effective date and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated.
- c. If the federal award no longer effectuates the program goals or agency priorities. Under this provision, FEMA may terminate the award for these purposes if any of the following reasons apply:
 - i. If DHS/FEMA, in its sole discretion, determines that a specific award objective is ineffective at achieving program goals as described in this NOFO;
 - ii. If DHS/FEMA, in its sole discretion, determines that an objective of the award as described in this NOFO will be ineffective at achieving program goals or agency priorities;
 - iii. If DHS/FEMA, in its sole discretion, determines that the design of the grant program is flawed relative to program goals or agency priorities;
 - iv. If DHS/FEMA, in its sole discretion, determines that the grant program is not aligned to either the DHS Strategic Plan, the FEMA Strategic Plan, or successor policies or documents;
 - v. If DHS/FEMA, in its sole discretion, changes or re-evaluates the goals or priorities of the grant program and determines that the award will be ineffective at achieving the updated program goals or agency priorities; or
 - vi. For other reasons based on program goals or agency priorities described in the termination notice provided to the recipient pursuant to 2 C.F.R. § 200.341.
 - vii. If the awardee falls out of compliance with the Agency's statutory or regulatory authority, award terms and conditions, or other applicable laws.

3. Termination of a Subaward by the Pass-Through Entity

The pass-through entity may terminate a subaward in whole or in part for one of the following reasons identified in 2 C.F.R. § 200.340:

- a. If the subrecipient fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the federal award.
- b. With the consent of the subrecipient, in which case the pass-through entity and the subrecipient must agree upon the termination conditions. These conditions include the effective date and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated.
- c. If the pass-through entity's award has been terminated the pass-through recipient will terminate its subawards.

4. Termination by the Recipient or Subrecipient

The recipient or subrecipient may terminate the federal award in whole or in part for the following reason identified in 2 C.F.R. § 200.340: Upon sending FEMA or pass-through entity a written notification of the reasons for such termination, the effective date, and, in the case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated. However, if FEMA or the pass-through entity determines that the remaining portion of the federal award will not accomplish the purposes for which the federal award was made, FEMA or pass-through entity may terminate the federal award in its entirety.

5. Impacts of Termination

- a. When FEMA terminates the federal award prior to the end of the period of performance due to the recipient's material failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the federal award, FEMA will report the termination in SAM.gov in the manner described at 2 C.F.R. § 200.340(c).
- b. When the federal award is terminated in part or its entirety, FEMA or the pass-through entity and the recipient or subrecipient remain responsible for compliance with the requirements in 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.344 and 200.345.

6. Notification requirements

FEMA or the pass-through entity must provide written notice of the termination in a manner consistent with 2 C.F.R. § 200.341. The federal award will be terminated on the date of the notification unless stated otherwise in the notification.

7. Opportunities to Object and Appeals

Where applicable, when FEMA terminates the federal award, the written notification of termination will provide the opportunity and describe the process to object and provide information challenging the action, pursuant to 2 C.F.R. § 200.342.

8. Effects of Suspension and Termination

The allowability of costs to the recipient or subrecipient resulting from financial obligations incurred by the recipient or subrecipient during a suspension or after the termination of a federal award are subject to 2 C.F.R. § 200.343.

M. Best Practices

While not a requirement in the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions, as a best practice: entities receiving funds through this program should ensure that cybersecurity is integrated into the design, development, operation, and maintenance of investments that impact information technology (IT) and/ or operational technology (OT) systems. Additionally, "The recipient and subrecipient must take reasonable cybersecurity and other measures to safeguard information including protected personally identifiable information (PII) and other types of information." 2 C.F.R. § 200.303(e).

N. Payment Information

Recipients will submit payment requests in FEMA GO for FY 2025 awards under this program.

Instructions to Grant Recipients Pursuing Payments

FEMA reviews all grant payments and obligations to ensure allowability in accordance with [2 C.F.R. § 200.305](#). These measures ensure funds are disbursed appropriately while continuing to support and prioritize communities who rely on FEMA for assistance. Once a recipient submits a

payment request, FEMA will review the request. If FEMA approves a payment, recipients will be notified by FEMA GO and the payment will be delivered pursuant to the recipients SAM.gov financial information. If FEMA disapproves a payment, FEMA will inform the recipient.

Processing and Payment Timeline

FEMA must comply with regulations governing payments to grant recipients. See [2 C.F.R. § 200.305](#). For grant recipients other than States, [2 C.F.R. § 200.305\(b\)\(3\)](#) stipulates that FEMA is to make payments on a reimbursement basis within 30 days after receipt of the payment request, unless FEMA reasonably believes the request to be improper. For state recipients, [2 C.F.R. § 200.305\(a\)](#) instructs that federal grant payments are governed by Treasury-State Cash Management Improvement Act (CMIA) agreements ("Treasury-State agreement") and default procedures codified at [31 C.F.R. part 205](#) and [Treasury Financial Manual \(TFM\) 4A-2000, "Overall Disbursing Rules for All Federal Agencies."](#) See [2 C.F.R. § 200.305\(a\)](#).

Treasury-State agreements generally apply to "major federal assistance programs" that are governed by [31 C.F.R. part 205, subpart A](#) and are identified in the Treasury-State agreement. [31 C.F.R. §§ 205.2, 205.6](#). Where a federal assistance (grant) program is not governed by subpart A, payment and funds transfers from FEMA to the state are subject to [31 C.F.R. part 205, subpart B](#). Subpart B requires FEMA to "limit a funds transfer to a state to the minimum amounts needed by the state and must time the disbursement to be in accord with the actual, immediate cash requirements of the state in carrying out a federal assistance program or project. The timing and amount of funds transfers must be as close as is administratively feasible to a state's actual cash outlay for direct program costs and the proportionate share of any allowable indirect costs." [31 C.F.R. § 205.33\(a\)](#). Nearly all FEMA grants are not "major federal assistance programs." As a result, payments to states for those grants are subject to the "default" rules of [31 C.F.R. part 205, subpart B](#).

If additional information is needed, a request for information will be issued by FEMA to the recipient; recipients are strongly encouraged to respond to any additional FEMA request for information inquiries within three business days. If an adequate response is not received, the request may be denied, and the entity may need to submit a new reimbursement request; this will re-start the 30-day timeline.

Submission Process

All non-disaster grant program reimbursement requests must be reviewed and approved by FEMA prior to drawdowns. For the FY 2025 PRPA Grant Program, the information required for FEMA's payment review process will be submitted at the time of application as outlined in [Section 4. Application Contents and Format](#). This information will be reviewed by FEMA as part of the application review and awarding process. Therefore, award issuance will constitute approval for the recipient to drawdown funds as specified in the awarding document. No additional information will be required for payment processing.

For all non-disaster reimbursement requests (regardless of system), please ensure submittal of the following information:

1. Grant ID / Award Number
2. Total amount requested for drawdown
3. Purpose of drawdown and timeframe covered (must be within the award performance period)
4. Subrecipient Funding Details (if applicable).
 - Is funding provided directly or indirectly to a subrecipient?
 - If **no**, include statement “This grant funding is not being directed to a subrecipient.”
 - If **yes**, provide the following details:
 - The name, mission statement, and purpose of each subrecipient receiving funds, along with the amount allocated and the specific role or activity being reimbursed.
 - Whether the subrecipient’s work or mission involves supporting aliens, regardless of whether FEMA funds support such activities.
 - Whether the payment request includes an activity involving support to aliens.
 - Whether the subrecipient has any diversity, equity, and inclusion practices.¹
5. Supporting documentation to demonstrate that expenses are allowable, allocable, reasonable, and necessary under [2 C.F.R. Part 200](#) and in compliance with the grant’s NOFO, award terms, and applicable federal regulations

O. Immigration Conditions

1. Materiality of Pending Immigration Condition

An immigration term and condition, including those in the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions, may be material to the Department of Homeland Security’s decision to make this grant award, and the Department of Homeland Security may take any remedy for noncompliance, including termination, if the state or territorial recipient or any local government subrecipient fails to

¹ Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on November 21, 2025, in *County of Santa Clara et al. v. Noem, et al.*, No. 25-cv-08330-WHO (N.D. Cal.), Paragraph C.XVII of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Anti-Discrimination" does not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect. If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, Paragraph C.XVII will immediately become effective.

Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on November 21, 2025, in *City of Chicago et al. v. Noem, et al.*, No. 25-CV-12765 (N.D. Ill.), Paragraph C.XVII of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Anti-Discrimination" does not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect. If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, Paragraph C.XVII will immediately become effective.

Pursuant to the preliminary injunction order issued on October 31, 2025, in *City of Seattle v. Trump, et al.*, No. 2:25-cv-01435-BJR (W.D. Wa.), Paragraph C.XVII of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions titled "Anti-Discrimination" does not apply to awards or subawards issued to any of the plaintiffs subject to the preliminary injunction order while the order remains in effect. If the preliminary injunction is stayed, vacated, or extinguished, Paragraph C.XVII will immediately become effective.

As stated above, Paragraph C.XVII(2)(a)(iii) of the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions will not apply even if any of these preliminary injunctions are stayed, vacated, or extinguished.

comply with this term and condition. No final agency decision has been made as of the date of this publication.

A recipient under this funding opportunity must comply with the FY 2025 Department of Homeland Security Standard Terms and Conditions, v. 3 (Apr. 18, 2025). However, Paragraphs C.IX and C.XVII(2)(a)(iii) do not apply to any federal award under this funding opportunity to the extent their application is limited by the injunction in *State of Illinois, et al. v. FEMA, et al.*, No. 25-206 (D. R.I.) issued on October 14, 2025, or *City and County of San Francisco, et al. v. Trump, et al.*, No. 3:25-cv-01350 (N.D. Cal.) issued on August 22, 2025.

10. Other Information

A. Period of Performance Extension

Extensions to the period of performance are not allowed.

B. Other Information

a. *Mandatory Disclosures*

The non-Federal entity or applicant for a federal award must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity all violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award, [2 C.F.R. § 200.113](#).

b. *Adaptive Support*

Pursuant to [Section 504, of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973](#), recipients of FEMA financial assistance must ensure that their programs and activities do not discriminate against qualified individuals with disabilities.

c. *Record Retention*

1. Record Retention Period

Financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, and all other non-Federal entity records pertinent to a Federal award generally must be maintained for at least three years from the date the final FFR is submitted. *See* [2 C.F.R. §200.334](#). Further, if the recipient does not submit a final FFR and the award is administratively closed, FEMA uses the date of administrative closeout as the start of the general record retention period.

The record retention period **may be longer than three years or have a different start date** in certain cases.

2. Types of Records to Retain

PRPA recipients and subrecipients must maintain all personnel timecards and other official records, such as operations plans, personnel assignment records, pay statements, and budget documents, that account for their operational activities and personnel related costs associated with protection of the presidential residences during the period of performance.

d. *Actions to Address Noncompliance*

Non-federal entities receiving financial assistance funding from FEMA are required to comply with requirements in the terms and conditions of their awards or subawards, including the terms set forth in applicable federal statutes, regulations, NOFOs, and policies. Throughout the award lifecycle or even after an award has been closed, FEMA or the pass-through entity may discover potential or actual noncompliance on the part of a recipient or subrecipient.

In the case of any potential or actual noncompliance, FEMA may place special conditions on an award per [2 C.F.R. § 200.208](#) and [2 C.F.R. § 200.339](#). FEMA may place a hold on funds until the matter is corrected, or additional information is provided per [2 C.F.R. § 200.339](#), or it may do both. Similar remedies for noncompliance with certain federal civil rights laws are authorized pursuant to [44 C.F.R. Part 7](#) and [44 C.F.R. Part 19](#) or other applicable regulations.

If the noncompliance is not able to be corrected by imposing additional conditions or the recipient or subrecipient refuses to correct the matter, FEMA may take other remedies allowed under [2 C.F.R. § 200.339](#).

e. *Audits*

FEMA grant recipients are subject to audit oversight from multiple entities including the DHS OIG, the GAO, the pass-through entity, or independent auditing firms for single audits, and may cover activities and costs incurred under the award. Auditing agencies such as the DHS OIG, the GAO, and the pass-through entity (if applicable), and FEMA in its oversight capacity, must have access to records pertaining to the FEMA award.