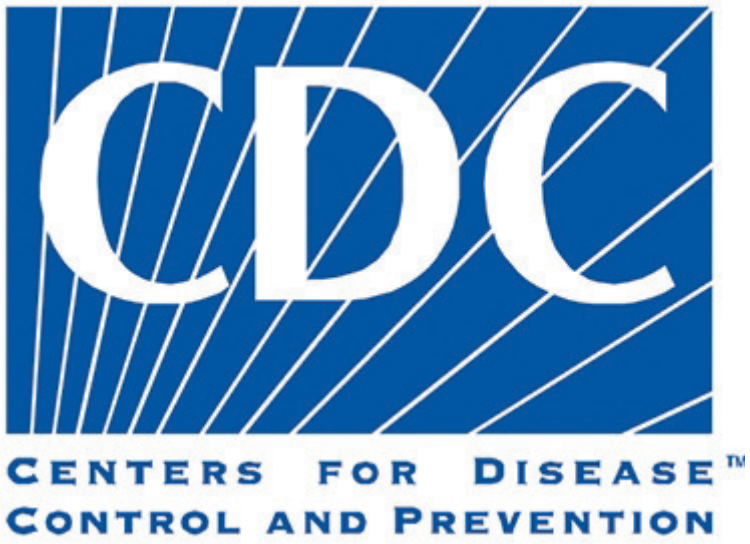


Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Center for Global Health

Partnering with the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease to Foster Sustainable and Effective Systems to Strengthen the Delivery of Quality Tuberculosis (TB) Services in Resource Limited Countries

CDC-RFA-GH19-1946

Application Due Date: 03/25/2019

_____ _____

Signature Date

Partnering with the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease to Foster Sustainable and Effective Systems to Strengthen the Delivery of Quality Tuberculosis (TB) Services in Resource Limited Countries

CDC-RFA-GH19-1946

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Part I. Overview Information

Applicants must go to the synopsis page of this announcement at www.grants.gov and click on the "Subscribe" button link to ensure they receive notifications of any changes to CDC-RFA-GH19-1946. Applicants also must provide an e-mail address to www.grants.gov to receive notifications of changes.

A. Federal Agency Name:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) / Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

B. Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) Title:

Partnering with the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease to Foster Sustainable and Effective Systems to Strengthen the Delivery of Quality Tuberculosis (TB) Services in Resource Limited Countries

C. Announcement Type: New - Type 1

This announcement is only for non-research activities supported by CDC. If research is proposed, the application will not be considered. For this purpose, research is defined at https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2007-title42-vol1/pdf/CFR-2007-title42-vol1-sec52-2.pdf. Guidance on how CDC interprets the definition of research in the context of public health can be found at https://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/regulations-and-policy/regulations/45-cfr-46/index.html (See section 45 CFR 46.102(d)).

Amendment I:

This amendment is for informational purposes only. CDC is not accepting new applications for award. The purpose of this amendment is to include language regarding HIV epidemic control under d. Other National Public Health Priorities and Strategies.

D. Agency Notice of Funding Opportunity Number:

CDC-RFA-GH19-1946

E. Assistance Listings (CFDA) Number:

93.947

F. Dates:

1. Due Date for Letter of Intent (LOI):	**N/A**
2. Due Date for Applications:	**03/25/2019**, 11:59 p.m. U.S. Eastern Standard Time, at www.grants.gov.

3. Date for Informational Conference Call:

N/A

G. Executive Summary:

1. Summary Paragraph:

Despite being preventable and treatable, tuberculosis (TB) is the leading infectious disease cause of death in the world, with an estimated 1.7 million TB deaths and 10.4 million new cases of TB in 2016. A fourth of the world's population - some 2 billion - are infected with TB, with an estimated 10.4 million developing active TB disease each year. 4.3 million of these individuals go undiagnosed each year by health care providers and do not get the TB care and

treatment they need. Drug-resistant TB poses another serious global public health threat. TB is also the leading cause of death among people living with HIV (PLHIV). Addressing TB on a global scale is required to effectively protect the U.S. from this costly and deadly disease. The goal of this NOFO is to partner with the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease (The Union) to foster sustainable and effective systems to strengthen the delivery of quality TB services to end the global TB epidemic. Through this NOFO, The Union is to strengthen and enhance TB services and TB control efforts in resource limited countries by promoting the wider use and adoption of recommended strategies and guidelines to interrupt TB transmission and to increase access to accurate diagnosis and effective treatment for TB and providing training and access to health officials, health professionals, and health care workers (HCWs) to the most current science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB.

a. Eligible Applicants: Single
b. NOFO Type: Cooperative Agreement
c. Approximate Number of Awards: 1

d. Total Period of Performance Funding: $0
The Approximate Project Period of Performance Funding/Estimated Total Funding for the Total 5 year Project Period is None. Award ceilings for years 2-5 will be set at continuation.

e. Average One Year Award Amount: $500,000

f. Total Period of Performance Length: 5
g. Estimated Award Date: 09/30/2019
h. Cost Sharing and / or Matching Requirements: N
Cost sharing or matching funds are not required for this program. Although no statutory matching requirement for this NOFO exists, leveraging other resources and related ongoing efforts to promote sustainability is strongly encouraged.

Part II. Full Text

A. Funding Opportunity Description

Part II. Full Text

1. Background

a. Overview

TB is an airborne disease transmitted through the air without direct person-to-person contact. TB is found all over the world, including in the U.S. Despite being preventable and treatable, TB is the leading infectious disease cause of death in the world, with an estimated 1.7 million TB deaths and 10.4 million new cases of the disease in 2016. A fourth of the world's population - some 2 billion people - are infected with TB, with an estimated 10.4 million developing active TB disease each year. 4.3 million of these individuals go undiagnosed each year by health care providers and do not get the TB care and treatment they need. More than 75 percent of undiagnosed or "missed"

cases are concentrated in just ten countries. Among these cases are an estimated 600,000 infected children and 400,000 people with drug-resistant forms of the disease, which poses another serious global public health threat, including in the U.S. In addition, people who are ill with TB can infect up to 10 to 15 people with whom they are in close contact in a single year. This means that each undiagnosed case can expand the current TB burden, which compounds the goal to end the TB epidemic worldwide exponentially more challenging. TB is also the leading cause of death among PLHIV.

Addressing TB on a global scale is required to end the TB epidemic per the World Health Organization's (WHO) End TB Strategy adopted by the World Health Assembly in May 2014 and to protect the U.S. from this costly and deadly disease.

The purpose of this NOFO is to partner with and utilize the expertise of the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease to strengthen and enhance TB services and TB control efforts in resource limited countries by: promoting the wider use and adoption of recommended strategies and guidelines to interrupt TB transmission and to increase access to accurate diagnosis and effective treatment for TB and providing training and access to health officials, health professionals, and HCWs to the most current science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB.

CDC is a significant driver of progress and contributor in preventing and controlling TB both in the U.S. and across the globe. CDC is on the frontlines in more than 30 high-burden countries working with partner governments to find, cure, and prevent TB, and help sustain country efforts to end the TB epidemic. CDC is:

- **FIND:** Expanding access to improved screening, contact tracing, and diagnostic tools to find the missing TB cases;
- **CURE:** Optimizing treatment for TB and multi-drug-resistant (MDR) TB, including identifying and evaluating better treatment regimens, and expanding access to care and treatment;
- **PREVENT:** Breaking the cycle of TB transmission by strengthening infection control, identifying TB hotspots to target screening, and scaling-up treatment to prevent TB; and
- **SUSTAIN:** Helping countries strengthen their surveillance and laboratory systems, and workforce and research capacity to support sustainable health systems including promoting the wider use and adoption of recommended TB strategies and guidelines.

b. Statutory Authorities

This program is authorized under Section 307 of the Public Health Service Act [42 USC 242*l*], as amended and Section 301(a) of the Public Health Service Act [42 USC 241(a)], as amended.

c. Healthy People 2030

N/A

d. Other National Public Health Priorities and Strategies

In an effort to ensure maximum cost efficiencies and program effectiveness, HHS/CDC also supports coordination with and among partners and integration of activities that promote Global Health Initiative principles. As such, recipients may be requested to participate in programmatic

activities that include the following activities:

- Implement a woman- and girl-centered approach;
- Increase impact through strategic coordination and integration;
- Strengthen and leverage key multilateral organizations, global health partnerships and private sector engagement;
- Encourage country ownership and invest in country-led plans;
- Build sustainability through investments in health systems;
- Improve metrics, monitoring and evaluation; and
- Promote research, development and innovation (research is not supported by this NOFO).

PEPFAR defines national HIV epidemic control as the point at which the total number of new infections falls below the total number of deaths from all causes among HIV-infected individuals (the classic R0 to Ri approach to infectious diseases), with both declining. This definition of epidemic control does not suggest near-term elimination or eradication of HIV as may be possible with other infectious diseases, but rather suggests a decline of HIV-infected persons in a population, achieved through the reduction of new HIV infections when mortality among people living with HIV (PLHIV) is steady or declining, consistent with natural aging. Critically, however, a country will not be able to maintain epidemic control if program efforts are not sufficiently sustained and new infections are allowed to rebound or death rates to increase.

Effective December 1, 2018, in addition to the specific activities listed in the Strategies and Activities section of this NOFO, all CDC PEPFAR cooperative agreements resulting from this NOFO may address the following activities, where and when appropriate, that focus U.S. government resources and activities toward achieving and sustaining the HIV/AIDS epidemic:

- Optimize HIV testing and treatment strategies to reach undiagnosed populations living with HIV, especially young adults, men, and key populations. These strategies may include or build upon traditional methods and activities related to outbreak detection, investigation, and response. Responding to recent infections or ongoing patterns of transmission will be prioritized.
- Focus on prevention among children, adolescents, young adults, and members of vulnerable and key populations.
- Support surveillance activities and programs, along with information systems, that improve understanding of HIV epidemiology, remaining gaps, and informed future programming.
- Support efforts to maintain quality for laboratory systems and activities, including diagnostics and viral load measurement.
- Actively use epidemiologic, program, and financial/cost data to ensure implementation of high quality, cost-effective programs to improve partner performance and increase epidemiologic impact.
- Support country-led, sustainable programming by working with and implementing activities through indigenous partners, including faith communities and faith-based organizations (FBOs), HIV network organizations and community-based organizations directly servicing communities and populations at-risk and most affected by HIV to build local capacity.

- Strengthen policy and financial contributions by partner governments in the HIV/AIDS response.
- Support activities, interventions, and programs to find, treat, and prevent Tuberculosis (TB) among PLHIV and to identify and treat HIV among people infected with TB.
- Support efforts to prevent, detect, respond, and treat infectious and non-infectious diseases that impact PLHIV and populations affected by HIV.

The Epidemic Control language immediately listed above is in effect under this NOFO from December 1, 2018 through the remainder of the project period.

This announcement is only for non-research activities supported by CDC. Recipients may not use funds for research. Certain activities that may require human subjects review due to institutional requirements but that are generally considered not to constitute research (e.g., formative assessments, surveys, disease surveillance, program monitoring and evaluation, field evaluation of diagnostic tests, etc.) may be funded through this mechanism. If research is proposed, the application will not be reviewed. For the definition of research, please see the CDC Web site at the following Internet address: http://www.cdc.gov/od/science/integrity/docs/cdc-policy-distinguishing-public-health-research-nonresearch.pdf

e. Relevant Work

Although important strides in TB prevention and control have been achieved around the world, much more needs to be done to eliminate the disease abroad as well as in the U.S. In May 2014, the World Health Assembly adopted the WHO's End TB Strategy, which serves as a blueprint for countries to end the TB epidemic by driving down TB deaths, incidence, and eliminating catastrophic costs. It outlines global impact targets to reduce TB deaths by 95% and to cut new cases by 90% between 2015 and 2035, and to ensure that no family is burdened with catastrophic costs due to TB. In September 2018, the United Nations General Assembly held its first High Level Meeting on TB and unanimously signed the Political Declaration on the Fight Against TB which outlined interim targets for treatment and prevention to be achieved by 2022 to keep the world on track to meeting the global goals to End TB by 2035.

CDC's global TB mission and strategies are aligned with the WHO's End TB Strategy (2016-2020), the Stop TB Partnership's Global Plan to End TB (2016-2020), the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals for TB, the United Nations Political Declaration on the Fight Against TB, as well as the U.S. Government's Global TB Strategy, 2015-2019. CDC works with technical organizations (Ministries of Health, the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB, and Malaria; and other U.S. agencies) to support and strengthen TB control programs to find, cure, and prevent TB, HIV-associated TB, and drug-resistant TB.

This NOFO is a continuation of the funded activities in cooperative agreements, PS04-04148 and PS09-9127 titled, "International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease: Improving the Effectiveness of Tuberculosis Prevention and Control Programs in Resource-Limited Countries" and PS14-1411 titled, "Improving Effectiveness of the Tuberculosis Prevention and Control Programs in Resource Limited Countries."

Additionally, along with global partners, CDC TB experts are focusing on a distinct set of strategies as part of CDC's effort to alleviate the morbidity and mortality that TB takes globally:

- Find, cure, prevent, and protect Americans both here and abroad by being on the frontline and providing expert technical advice, assistance, and training in more than 30 high burden countries - CDC and its partners are expanding access to improved screening, contact tracing, and diagnostic tools to find the undiagnosed or "missing" cases. Many of these cases occur among the most vulnerable and hardest to reach populations including children, pregnant women, PLHIV, miners, mobile populations, and HCWs. CDC and its partners are also evaluating new treatment regimens; working to expand access to care and treatment; and breaking the cycle of transmission by strengthening infection control, identifying TB hotspots to target screening efforts, and scaling-up treatment such as TB preventive therapy to prevent TB.
- Sustain countries' efforts to end the TB epidemic by helping countries to strengthen their surveillance and laboratory systems and workforce and research capacity to support sustainable health systems.
- Find and combat TB and its resistant forms- CDC is on the frontlines in some of the world's highest burden regions, working to understand what is driving the spread of drug-resistant TB and how to stop it.
- Increase access to effective prevention and treatment for those living with or at risk for HIV and TB co-infection - CDC is leading global efforts to scale up TB preventive therapy for PLHIV in President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)-funded countries.

2. CDC Project Description

a. Approach

Bold indicates period of performance outcome.

Strategies and Activities	Short-Term Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-Term Outcomes
FIND – Expand access to improved screening, contact tracing, and diagnostics to find missing TB cases	**Increased access to diagnostic services and modalities for all forms of TB**	Improved case-detection for all forms of TB	Reduced TB morbidity and mortality in high burden countries and settings
CURE – Optimize treatment for TB and MDR TB	**Increased access to effective treatment for all forms of TB**	Decreased gap between diagnosis and treatment for all forms of TB	
PREVENT – Break the cycle of TB transmission by strengthening infection control	**Improved implementation of infection control practices in health facilities and congregate settings**	**Decreased TB transmission in health facilities and congregate settings**	
SUSTAIN – Promote the wider use and adoption of recommended TB strategies and guidelines	**Increased sharing of best practices and lessons learned to improve TB programs** **Improved implementation of TB guidelines** **Improved delivery of TB services** **Increased access and knowledge to the most current science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB**	**Increased delivery of quality TB services**	

i. Purpose

Despite being preventable and treatable, TB is the leading infectious disease cause of death globally with an estimated 1.7 million TB deaths and 10.4 million falling ill to the disease in 2016. Addressing TB on a global scale is required to effectively protect the U.S. from this costly and deadly disease. The purpose of this NOFO is to partner with the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease to strengthen and enhance TB services and control efforts in

resource limited countries.

ii. Outcomes

Short-Term Outcomes:

- Increased access to diagnostic services and modalities for all forms of TB
- Increased access to effective treatment for all forms of TB
- Improved implementation of infection control practices in health facilities and congregate settings to interrupt the transmission of TB
- Increased sharing of best practices and lessons learned to improve TB programs
- Improved implementation of TB guidelines
- Improved delivery of TB services
- Increased access and knowledge to the most current science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB, MDR TB, XDR TB, and pediatric TB

Intermediate Outcomes:

- Decreased TB transmission in health facilities and congregate settings
- Increased delivery of quality TB services

CDC may require or allow applicant to propose additional related project period outcomes other than those identified in the NOFO.

iii. Strategies and Activities

The International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease is expected to implement the following strategies and activities during the 5-year project period. It may propose additional strategies and activities (beyond what is included in the logic model) to achieve the outcomes.

FIND: Expand access to improved screening, contact tracing, and diagnostic tools to find missing TB cases

- Produce and disseminate a variety of resources such as technical guides, handbooks, case studies, factsheets, toolkits, reports, etc. aimed at supporting resource limited countries' effort to increase access to accurate diagnostics.

CURE: Optimize treatment for TB and its drug resistant forms, including identifying and evaluating better treatment regimens and expanding access to care and treatment

- Produce and disseminate a variety of resources such as technical guides, handbooks, case studies, factsheets, toolkits, reports, etc. aimed at supporting resource limited countries' effort to increase access to effective treatment for all forms of TB.

PREVENT: Break the cycle of TB transmission by strengthening infection control

- Implement and evaluate infection control interventions in health facilities and high-risk congregate settings.
- Support the implementation of TB Building and Strengthening Infection Control Strategies (BASICS) as an innovative tool and a mentoring model to improve infection control practices in resource limited countries.

SUSTAIN: Help countries strengthen their surveillance and laboratory systems, and workforce and research capacity to support sustainable health systems, including promoting the wider use and adoption of recommended TB strategies and guidelines.

- Produce and publish monographs and related publications to share best practices and lessons learned to improve diagnosis, prevention, control, and treatment of TB including drug-resistant TB.
- Provide technical assistance in the introduction of various TB guidelines at the local and national levels in resource limited countries.
- Develop specialized training courses to strengthen the delivery of quality TB services at all levels of a resource limited country's health care system.
- Organize and conduct special symposia and workshops to provide training and access to health officials, health professionals, and HCWs from resource limited countries with the most current science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB, MDR TB, XDR TB, and pediatric TB.

In furtherance of the underlying purpose of this announcement, Recipient is expected to provide copies and/or access to all data, software, tools, training materials, guidelines, and systems developed under this NOFO to Ministry of Health and other relevant stakeholders for appropriate use. CDC should be provided access consistent with applicable grants regulations.

1. Collaborations

a. With other CDC programs and CDC-funded organizations:

The specific activities listed in this NOFO may take place in resource limited countries and settings with high TB burden. The recipient is expected to collaborate with other CDC implementing partners, such as WHO and Ministries of Health, to avoid duplication and promote synergies across proposed or planned activities.

b. With organizations not funded by CDC:

The recipient is expected to work closely with international agencies or organizations such as the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) and other government entities responsible for engaging in the global elimination of TB.

2. Target Populations

The target populations for this NOFO include, but are not limited to: health officials, health

professionals, HCWs, and health managers working to prevent, control, and eliminate TB. People with TB or at risk for TB will also benefit from the NOFO as well as PLHIV.

a. Health Disparities

N/A

iv. Funding Strategy

N/A

b. Evaluation and Performance Measurement

i. CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement Strategy

The overall CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement Strategy will focus on both process and outcome evaluation. Process evaluation is conducted to monitor activities during the implementation and operation of a program while an outcome evaluation examines the longer-term successes and accomplishments of a program.

Below are examples of process and outcome measures for the strategies/activities and outcomes previously discussed in the logic model and associated narrative sections. The International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease is encouraged to propose relevant measures beyond those presented below that will show progress toward implementing proposed or planned activities and on achieving the project outcomes.

FIND: Expand access to improved screening, contact tracing, and diagnostic tools to find missing TB cases

- Process measures:
    - Number of resources produced to support resource limited countries' effort to increase access to accurate diagnostics and available for dissemination (at least 1 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
- Outcome measures:
    - **Percentage of new and relapse TB patients tested using a WHO-recommended rapid test at time of diagnosis (WHO End TB Indicator):** Patients tested using a WHO-recommended rapid test at the time of diagnosis, divided by the total number of new and relapse TB patients (expressed as a percentage)
    - **TX_TB denominator and disaggregates (PEPFAR Indicator):** Number of antiretroviral treatment patients screened for TB at least once

CURE: Optimize treatment for TB and its drug resistant forms including identifying and evaluating better treatment regimens and expanding access to care and treatment

- Process measures:
    - Number of resources produced to support resource limited countries' effort to increase access to effective TB treatment and available for dissemination (at least 1 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
- Outcome measures:
    - **TB treatment coverage (WHO End TB Indicator):**

- *National level:* Number of new and relapse cases that were notified and treated, divided by the estimated number of incident TB cases in that same year [national level indicator, because must have estimates of incident TB cases]
- *Alternative (subnational level):* Percentage of diagnosed cases that start treatment.

PREVENT: Break the cycle of TB transmission by strengthening infection control

- Process measures:
  - Number of infection control interventions in health facilities and high-risk congregate settings evaluations conducted (4 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
  - Number of site visits conducted to support the implementation of TB BASICS to improve infection control practices in health facilities (2 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
- Outcome measures:
  - Number of recommendations implemented as recommended by each infection control interventions evaluation
  - Number of health facilities establishing or improving their infection control programs

SUSTAIN: Help countries strengthen their surveillance and laboratory systems, and workforce and research capacity to support sustainable health systems including promoting the wider use and adoption of recommended TB strategies and guidelines.

- Process measures:
  - Number of monographs and related publications to share best practices and lessons learned to improve diagnosis, prevention, control, and treatment of TB including drug-resistant TB produced and published (at least 6 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
  - Number of technical assistance provided at local or national level for the introduction of various TB guidelines (2 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
  - Number of special symposia and workshops conducted to provide training and access with the most current science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB, MDR TB, XDR TB, and pediatric TB (at least 2 per year: Year 1 - 5; Frequency: annually)
- Outcome measures:
  - Number of documented TB program improvements made based on the dissemination of scientific findings, lessons learned, and best practices
  - Number of TB programs having adopted TB guidelines that were introduced to them
  - Percent improvement by symposia and workshops participants in their knowledge on the science, epidemiology, and clinical information on TB, MDR TB, XDR TB, or pediatric TB

The International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease should dedicate funds made available under this NOFO for evaluation and performance monitoring. The final funding amount will be agreed upon by both CDC and the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung

Disease; however, since routine monitoring of progress will be reported to both organizations, it should be expected that no more than 5% of funds available through this NOFO be used to fund monitoring activities and no more than 5% used to fund evaluation activities.

As part of the overall evaluation of the project, the recipient should take into consideration answering the evaluation questions below. By the end of the project period, evaluation results and findings demonstrating value of the NOFO will be captured through Annual Progress Reports (APR), meeting minutes, trip reports, technical reports, assessment/evaluation reports, and interviews with key informants, and, if relevant, the recipients will be expected to pursue additional dissemination avenues in public domains, including in public health journals, conferences, and through informal channels (e.g., website, newsletters) to share with global TB partners to the greatest extent possible the pertinent evaluation results and findings.

Sample evaluation questions:

- Which type of resource was the most effective in supporting resource-limited countries' efforts to increase access to accurate diagnostics and to effective TB treatment?
- To what extent does providing technical assistance at the local or national level to introduce TB guidelines help in the adoption of these guidelines?

ii. Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan

Applicants must provide an evaluation and performance measurement plan that demonstrates how the recipient will fulfill the requirements described in the CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement and Project Description sections of this NOFO. At a minimum, the plan must describe:

- How applicant will collect the performance measures, respond to the evaluation questions, and use evaluation findings for continuous program quality improvement.
- How key program partners will participate in the evaluation and performance measurement planning processes.
- Available data sources, feasibility of collecting appropriate evaluation and performance data, and other relevant data information (e.g., performance measures proposed by the applicant)
- Plans for updating the Data Management Plan (DMP), if applicable, for accuracy throughout the lifecycle of the project. The DMP should provide a description of the data that will be produced using these NOFO funds; access to data; data standards ensuring released data have documentation describing methods of collection, what the data represent, and data limitations; and archival and long-term data preservation plans. For more information about CDC's policy on the DMP, see https://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/ar-25.html.

Where the applicant chooses to, or is expected to, take on specific evaluation studies, they should be directed to:

- Describe the type of evaluations (i.e., process, outcome, or both).
- Describe key evaluation questions to be addressed by these evaluations.

- Describe other information (e.g., measures, data sources).

Recipients will be required to submit a more detailed Evaluation and Performance Measurement plan, including a DMP, if applicable, within the first 6 months of award, as described in the Reporting Section of this NOFO.

c. Organizational Capacity of Recipients to Implement the Approach

Applicant should submit the following materials as part of the appendix:

- Statement of experience (maximum 4 pages)
- Curriculum Vitae (CVs)/Resumes for key staff who will work on the activities, including but not limited to: the Principal Investigator (PI), business official, technical area advisors/leads, Finance/Business Manager, and other relevant technical staff.
    - CVs/resumes should highlight technical skills and experience related to carrying out the proposed activities including demonstrated expertise in strengthening and enhancing TB services and control efforts in resource limited countries.
- Job descriptions for all positions key to the performance of the award, including positions applying less than 100% Level of Effort (LOE) on the award. Positions should include but are not limited to: PI, business official, technical area advisors/leads, and Finance/Business Manager.
- Organizational chart (maximum 1 page)

The above referenced materials to be submitted in the appendix should demonstrate organizational capacity to address the requirements of the NOFO.

Applicants must title these documents "Experience" "CVs/Resumes" "Job Descriptions" "Organizational Chart" and upload it at www.grants.gov.

d. Work Plan

Applicant must include a work plan that demonstrates how the outcomes, strategies, activities, timelines, and staffing will take place over the course of the award. Applicants must submit a detailed work plan for the first year of the project and a high level plan for the subsequent years.

e. CDC Monitoring and Accountability Approach

Monitoring activities include routine and ongoing communication between CDC and recipients, site visits, and recipient reporting (including work plans, performance, and financial reporting). Consistent with applicable grants regulations and policies, CDC expects the following to be included in post-award monitoring for grants and cooperative agreements:

- Tracking recipient progress in achieving the desired outcomes.
- Ensuring the adequacy of recipient systems that underlie and generate data reports.
- Creating an environment that fosters integrity in program performance and results.

Monitoring may also include the following activities deemed necessary to monitor the award:

- Ensuring that work plans are feasible based on the budget and consistent with the intent of the award.
- Ensuring that recipients are performing at a sufficient level to achieve outcomes within stated timeframes.
- Working with recipients on adjusting the work plan based on achievement of outcomes, evaluation results and changing budgets.
- Monitoring performance measures (both programmatic and financial) to assure satisfactory performance levels.

Monitoring and reporting activities that assist grants management staff (e.g., grants management officers and specialists, and project officers) in the identification, notification, and management of high-risk recipients.

f. CDC Program Support to Recipients (THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS)

In a cooperative agreement, CDC staff is substantially involved in the program activities, above and beyond routine grant monitoring. CDC activities for this program include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Organize an orientation meeting with the recipient for a briefing on applicable U.S. Government, HHS/CDC.
2. Review and make recommendations as necessary to the process used by the recipient to select key personnel and/or post-award subcontractors and/or subrecipients to be involved in the activities performed under this agreement.
3. Review and approve recipient's annual work plan and detailed budget.
4. Review and approve the recipient's monitoring and evaluation plan.
5. Meet on a regular basis with the recipient to assess expenditures in relation to approved work plan and modify plans as necessary.
6. Meet on a quarterly basis with the recipient to assess quarterly technical and financial progress reports and modify plans as necessary.
7. Meet on an annual basis with the recipient to review annual progress report for each U.S. Government Fiscal Year, and to review annual work plans and budgets for the subsequent year.
8. Provide technical assistance, as mutually agreed upon, and revise annually during validation of the first and subsequent annual work plans. This could include expert technical assistance and targeted training activities in specialized areas, such as strategic information, project management, and confidential counseling and testing.
9. Provide in-country administrative support to help the recipient meet U.S. Government financial and reporting requirements approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).
10. Collaborate with the recipient on designing and implementing the activities listed above, including, but not limited to: the provision of technical assistance to develop program activities, data management and analysis, quality assurance, the presentation and possibly publication of program results and findings, and the management and tracking of finances.

11. Provide technical assistance or advice on any data collections on 10 or more people that are planned or conducted by the recipient. All such data collections-- where CDC staff will be or are approving, directing, conducting, managing, or owning data-- must undergo OMB project determinations by CDC and may require OMB Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) clearance prior to the start of the project.
12. Provide consultation and scientific and technical assistance based on appropriate HHS/CDC documents to promote the use of best practices known at the time.
13. Assist the recipient in developing and implementing quality-assurance criteria and procedures.
14. Facilitate in-country planning and review meetings for technical assistance activities.
15. Provide technical oversight for all activities under this award.
16. Provide ethical reviews, as necessary, for evaluation activities, including from HHS/CDC headquarters. Evaluations can be process, outcome or impact.
    1. Process Evaluation: measures how the intervention was delivered, what worked/did not, differences between the intended population and the population served, and access to the intervention
    2. Outcome Evaluation: determines effects of intervention in target population(s) (e.g., change in knowledge, attitudes, behavior, capacity, etc.).
    3. Impact Evaluation: measures net effects of program and prove of causality.
17. Supply the recipient with protocols for related evaluations.

B. Award Information

1. Funding Instrument Type:	Cooperative Agreement CDC's substantial involvement in this program appears in the CDC Program Support to Recipients Section.
2. Award Mechanism:	U2G
3. Fiscal Year:	2019
4. Approximate Total Fiscal Year Funding:	$500,000
5. Approximate Period of Performance Funding:	$0

This amount is subject to the availability of funds.

The Approximate Project Period of Performance Funding/Estimated Total Funding for the Total 5 year Project Period is None. Award ceilings for years 2-5 will be set at continuation.

Estimated Total Funding:	$0
6. Approximate Period of Performance Length:	5 year(s)
7. Expected Number of Awards:	1
8. Approximate Average Award:	$500,000 Per Budget Period
9. Award Ceiling:	$500,000 Per Budget Period

This amount is subject to the availability of funds.

10. Award Floor: $0 Per Budget Period
None

11. Estimated Award Date: 09/30/2019
12. Budget Period Length: 12 month(s)

Throughout the project period, CDC will continue the award based on the availability of funds, the evidence of satisfactory progress by the recipient (as documented in required reports), and the determination that continued funding is in the best interest of the federal government. The total number of years for which federal support has been approved (project period) will be shown in the "Notice of Award." This information does not constitute a commitment by the federal government to fund the entire period. The total period of performance comprises the initial competitive segment and any subsequent non-competitive continuation award(s).

13. Direct Assistance

Direct Assistance (DA) is not available through this NOFO.

C. Eligibility Information

1. Eligible Applicants

Eligibility Category: Others (see text field entitled "Additional Information on Eligibility" for clarification)

Additional Eligibility Category:

2. Additional Information on Eligibility

Eligible applicants that can apply for this NOFO are:

International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease (The Union)

3. Justification for Less than Maximum Competition

The International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease (The Union) was founded in 1920 by the League of Nations and the U.S. at the first post-war international conference on TB held in Paris as the Federation of 31 national tuberculosis and lung disease associations. Under its Constitution, The Union was given the mandate to establish a Federation amongst the national associations or organizations engaged in the campaign against TB, to coordinate their efforts throughout the world, and to work in collaboration with international organizations to end TB disease; to organize scientific conferences and congress regarding TB; to compare national legislation in preventing and controlling TB; to collect international TB statistics; to stimulate scientific and social investigations regarding the distribution, spread, prevention, and

treatment of TB in various countries; and to collect and distribute information to national organizations included in The Union on all questions concerning scientific and sociological study of TB. The Union's mandate was extended in 1973 to include other lung diseases. The Union is the only federation of national TB and lung disease associations and individuals with the goal of combating these diseases globally, making it uniquely positioned to facilitate training/capacity building, adoption of best practices and guidelines, information sharing, and improve access to accurate diagnosis and effective treatment for TB.

Soon after the World Health Organization (WHO) was created in 1946, The Union became the first non-governmental organization (NGO) to enter in to official relations with WHO. "Official relations" is a privilege that the WHO Executive Board may grant to nongovernmental organizations, international business associations and philanthropic foundations that have and continue to have a sustained and systematic engagement in the interest of WHO and whose activities conforms to the spirit, purposes, and principles of WHO's Constitution and contribute significantly to the advancement of public health. This recognition also carries certain privileges, including participating in sessions of WHO's governing bodies. Since its official recognition and the collaboration of the two organizations began in 1947, WHO considers The Union to be the primary leader in international efforts for TB elimination and often uses their annual conference and network of national TB associations to work with countries and partners to develop and refine strategic and programmatic approaches to improve global TB control and prevention and to discuss and release newly developed or updated TB guidelines.

The Union is uniquely positioned as a federation of national TB and lung disease associations to combat TB and lung disease globally to offer training and other capacity-building activities leading to health solutions for the poor in resource limited countries, the key activities under this NOFO, due to its WHO-recognized accomplishments and leadership role in the global TB fight since its founding. The Union developed the first drug combination that could completely cure TB, created the first diagnostic model of using microscopy to diagnose and treat TB, and created the directly observed treatment short course (DOTS) that has been universally accepted and recommended by WHO as the gold standard for TB treatment since 1995. As the only federation of national TB and lung disease associations, the Union has a key role in the communication of developments and updated guidelines globally through its annual conference and two official journals.

Three previous awards have been made to The Union, under the following NOFOs/award numbers:

- NOFO #PS04-04148; award #PS024277
- NOFO #PS09-9127; award #PS001623
- NOFO #PS14-1411; award #PS004641

Similar deviations have been previously requested for the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease, and they were all approved (in 2004, 2009, and 2014).The deviation was requested because of The Union's mandate to establish and work with the only global Federation to end TB disease and WHO's official recognition of The Union's crucial role in the fight against TB and its elimination globally. This new project is closely tied to CDC's prior and ongoing activities and is intrinsically linked to CDC's long-term goal to reduce TB morbidity and mortality in high burden countries and settings and CDC's contribution to end

the global TB epidemic by driving down TB deaths, incidence, and eliminating catastrophic costs as outlined in the WHO END TB Strategy adopted by the World Health Assembly in May 2014. Since 2004, CDC has been working closely with The Union to improve the quality, efficiency and effectiveness of TB prevention and control programs in resource-limited countries, leveraging The Union's global federation of national TB and lung disease association. Through this new project, it is expected that many of these activities will continue due to the critical need.

Single Source Memo approved on October 11, 2018.

4. Cost Sharing or Matching

Cost Sharing / Matching Requirement: No

Cost sharing or matching funds are not required for this program. Although no statutory matching requirement for this NOFO exists, leveraging other resources and related ongoing efforts to promote sustainability is strongly encouraged.

5. Maintenance of Effort

Maintenance of effort is not required for this program.

D. Application and Submission Information

1. Required Registrations

An organization must be registered at the three following locations before it can submit an application for funding at www.grants.gov.

a. Data Universal Numbering System:

All applicant organizations must obtain a Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number. A DUNS number is a unique nine-digit identification number provided by Dun & Bradstreet (D&B). It will be used as the Universal Identifier when applying for federal awards or cooperative agreements.

The applicant organization may request a DUNS number by telephone at 1-866-705-5711 (toll free) or internet at http:// fedgov.dnb. com/ webform/ displayHomePage.do. The DUNS number will be provided at no charge.

If funds are awarded to an applicant organization that includes sub-recipients, those sub-recipients must provide their DUNS numbers before accepting any funds.

b. System for Award Management (SAM):

The SAM is the primary registrant database for the federal government and the repository into which an entity must submit information required to conduct business as a recipient. All applicant organizations must register with SAM, and will be assigned a SAM number. All information relevant to the SAM number must be current at all times during which the applicant has an application under consideration for funding by CDC. If an award is made, the SAM information must be maintained until a final financial report is submitted or the final payment is received, whichever is later. The SAM registration process can require 10 or more business days, and registration must be renewed annually. Additional information about registration procedures may be found at https://www.sam.gov/SAM/.

c. Grants.gov:
The first step in submitting an application online is registering your organization at www.grants.gov, the official HHS E-grant Web site. Registration information is located at the "Applicant Registration" option at www.grants.gov.
All applicant organizations must register at www.grants.gov. The one-time registration process usually takes not more than five days to complete. Applicants should start the registration process as early as possible.

Step	System	Requirements	Duration	Follow Up
1	Data Universal Number System (DUNS)	1. Click on http:// fedgov.dnb.com/ webform 2. Select Begin DUNS search/request process 3. Select your country or territory and follow the instructions to obtain your DUNS 9-digit # 4. Request appropriate staff member(s) to obtain DUNS number, verify & update information under DUNS number	1-2 Business Days	To confirm that you have been issued a new DUNS number check online at (http:// fedgov.dnb.com/ webform) or call 1-866-705-5711
2	System for Award Management (SAM) formerly Central Contractor Registration (CCR)	1. Retrieve organizations DUNS number 2. Go to https://www.sam.gov/SAM/ and designate an E-Biz POC (note CCR username will not work in SAM and you will need to have an active SAM account before you can register on grants.gov)	3-5 Business Days but up to 2 weeks and must be renewed once a year	For SAM Customer Service Contact https://fsd.gov/ fsd-gov/ home.do Calls: 866-606-8220
3	Grants.gov	1. Set up an individual account in Grants.gov using organization new DUNS number to become an authorized organization representative (AOR) 2. Once the account is set up the E-BIZ POC will be notified via email 3. Log into grants.gov using the password the E-BIZ POC received and create	Same day but can take 8 weeks to be fully registered and approved in the system (note, applicants MUST	Register early! Log into grants.gov and check AOR status until it shows you have been approved

		new password 4. This authorizes the AOR to submit applications on behalf of the organization	obtain a DUNS number and SAM account before applying on grants.gov)	

2. Request Application Package

Applicants may access the application package at www.grants.gov.

3. Application Package

Applicants must download the SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, package associated with this notice of funding opportunity at www.grants.gov.

4. Submission Dates and Times

If the application is not submitted by the deadline published in the NOFO, it will not be processed. Office of Grants Services (OGS) personnel will notify the applicant that their application did not meet the deadline. The applicant must receive pre-approval to submit a paper application (see Other Submission Requirements section for additional details). If the applicant is authorized to submit a paper application, it must be received by the deadline provided by OGS.

a. Letter of Intent Deadline (must be emailed or postmarked by)

Due Date for Letter of Intent: **N/A**

b. Application Deadline

Due Date for Applications: **03/25/2019** , 11:59 p.m. U.S. Eastern Standard Time, at www.grants.gov. If Grants.gov is inoperable and cannot receive applications, and circumstances preclude advance notification of an extension, then applications must be submitted by the first business day on which grants.gov operations resume.

Date for Information Conference Call

N/A

5. CDC Assurances and Certifications

All applicants are required to sign and submit "Assurances and Certifications" documents indicated at http://wwwn.cdc.gov/ grantassurances/ (S(mj444mxct51lnrv1hljjjmaa)) /Homepage.aspx.
Applicants may follow either of the following processes:

- Complete the applicable assurances and certifications with each application submission, name the file "Assurances and Certifications" and upload it as a PDF file with at

www.grants.gov

- Complete the applicable assurances and certifications and submit them directly to CDC on an annual basis at http://wwwn.cdc.gov/ grantassurances/ (S(mj444mxct51lnrv1hljjjmaa))/ Homepage.aspx

Assurances and certifications submitted directly to CDC will be kept on file for one year and will apply to all applications submitted to CDC by the applicant within one year of the submission date.

Risk Assessment Questionnaire Requirement

CDC is required to conduct pre-award risk assessments to determine the risk an applicant poses to meeting federal programmatic and administrative requirements by taking into account issues such as financial instability, insufficient management systems, non-compliance with award conditions, the charging of unallowable costs, and inexperience. The risk assessment will include an evaluation of the applicant's CDC Risk Questionnaire, located at https://www.cdc.gov/grants/documents/PPMR-G-CDC-Risk-Questionnaire.pdf, as well as a review of the applicant's history in all available systems; including OMB-designated repositories of government-wide eligibility and financial integrity systems (see 45 CFR 75.205(a)), and other sources of historical information. These systems include, but are not limited to: FAPIIS (https://www.fapiis.gov/), including past performance on federal contracts as per Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act of 2009; Do Not Pay list; and System for Award Management (SAM) exclusions.

CDC requires all applicants to complete the Risk Questionnaire, OMB Control Number 0920-1132 annually. This questionnaire, which is located at https://www.cdc.gov/grants/documents/PPMR-G-CDC-Risk-Questionnaire.pdf, along with supporting documentation must be submitted with your application by the closing date of the Notice of Funding Opportunity Announcement. If your organization has completed CDC's Risk Questionnaire within the past 12 months of the closing date of this NOFO, then you must submit a copy of that questionnaire, or submit a letter signed by the authorized organization representative to include the original submission date, organization's EIN and DUNS. When uploading supporting documentation for the Risk Questionnaire into this application package, clearly label the documents for easy identification of the type of documentation. For example, a copy of Procurement policy submitted in response to the questionnaire may be labeled using the following format: Risk Questionnaire Supporting Documents _ Procurement Policy.

Duplication of Efforts

Applicants are responsible for reporting if this application will result in programmatic, budgetary, or commitment overlap with another application or award (i.e. grant, cooperative agreement, or contract) submitted to another funding source in the same fiscal year. Programmatic overlap occurs when (1) substantially the same project is proposed in more than one application or is submitted to two or more funding sources for review and funding consideration or (2) a specific objective and the project design for accomplishing the objective are the same or closely related in two or more applications or awards, regardless of the funding source. Budgetary overlap occurs when duplicate or equivalent budgetary items (e.g.,

equipment, salaries) are requested in an application but already are provided by another source. Commitment overlap occurs when an individual's time commitment exceeds 100 percent, whether or not salary support is requested in the application. Overlap, whether programmatic, budgetary, or commitment of an individual's effort greater than 100 percent, is not permitted. Any overlap will be resolved by the CDC with the applicant and the PD/PI prior to award.
Report Submission: The applicant must upload the report in Grants.gov under "Other Attachment Forms." The document should be labeled: "Report on Programmatic, Budgetary, and Commitment Overlap."

6. Content and Form of Application Submission

Applicants are required to include all of the following documents with their application package at www.grants.gov.

7. Letter of Intent

LOI is not requested or required as part of the application for this NOFO.

8. Table of Contents

(There is no page limit. The table of contents is not included in the project narrative page limit.): The applicant must provide, as a separate attachment, the "Table of Contents" for the entire submission package.
Provide a detailed table of contents for the entire submission package that includes all of the documents in the application and headings in the "Project Narrative" section. Name the file "Table of Contents" and upload it as a PDF file under "Other Attachment Forms" at www.grants.gov.

9. Project Abstract Summary

(Maximum 1 page)
A project abstract is included on the mandatory documents list and must be submitted at www.grants.gov. The project abstract must be a self-contained, brief summary of the proposed project including the purpose and outcomes. This summary must not include any proprietary or confidential information. Applicants must enter the summary in the "Project Abstract Summary" text box at www.grants.gov.

10. Project Narrative

(Unless specified in the "H. Other Information" section, maximum of 20 pages, single spaced, 12 point font, 1-inch margins, number all pages. This includes the work plan. Content beyond the specified page number will not be reviewed.)
Applicants must submit a Project Narrative with the application forms. Applicants must name this file "Project Narrative" and upload it at www.grants.gov. The Project Narrative must include **all** of the following headings (including subheadings): Background, Approach, Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan, Organizational Capacity of Applicants to Implement the Approach, and Work Plan. The Project Narrative must be succinct, self-explanatory, and in the order outlined in this section. It must address outcomes and

activities to be conducted over the entire period of performance as identified in the CDC Project Description section. Applicants should use the federal plain language guidelines and Clear Communication Index to respond to this Notice of Funding Opportunity. Note that recipients should also use these tools when creating public communication materials supported by this NOFO. Failure to follow the guidance and format may negatively impact scoring of the application.

a. Background

Applicants must provide a description of relevant background information that includes the context of the problem (See CDC Background).

b. Approach

i. Purpose

Applicants must describe in 2-3 sentences specifically how their application will address the public health problem as described in the CDC Background section.

ii. Outcomes

Applicants must clearly identify the outcomes they expect to achieve by the end of the project period, as identified in the logic model in the Approach section of the CDC Project Description. Outcomes are the results that the program intends to achieve and usually indicate the intended direction of change (e.g., increase, decrease).

iii. Strategies and Activities

Applicants must provide a clear and concise description of the strategies and activities they will use to achieve the period of performance outcomes. Applicants must select existing evidence-based strategies that meet their needs, or describe in the Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan how these strategies will be evaluated over the course of the project period. See the Strategies and Activities section of the CDC Project Description.

1. Collaborations

Applicants must describe how they will collaborate with programs and organizations either internal or external to CDC. Applicants must address the Collaboration requirements as described in the CDC Project Description.

2. Target Populations and Health Disparities

Applicants must describe the specific target population(s) in their jurisdiction and explain how such a target will achieve the goals of the award and/or alleviate health disparities. The applicants must also address how they will include specific populations that can benefit from the program that is described in the Approach section. Applicants must address the Target Populations and Health Disparities requirements as described in the CDC Project Description.

c. Applicant Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan

Applicants must provide an evaluation and performance measurement plan that demonstrates how the recipient will fulfill the requirements described in the CDC Evaluation and Performance Measurement and Project Description sections of this NOFO. At a minimum, the plan must describe:

- How applicant will collect the performance measures, respond to the evaluation questions, and use evaluation findings for continuous program quality improvement. The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA): Applicants are advised that any activities involving information collections (e.g., surveys, questionnaires, applications, audits, data requests, reporting, recordkeeping and disclosure requirements) from 10 or more individuals or non-Federal entities, including State and local governmental agencies, and funded or sponsored by the Federal Government are subject to review and approval by the Office of Management and Budget. For further information about CDC's requirements under PRA see https://www.cdc.gov/od/science/integrity/reducePublicBurden/.
- How key program partners will participate in the evaluation and performance measurement planning processes.
- Available data sources, feasibility of collecting appropriate evaluation and performance data, data management plan (DMP), and other relevant data information (e.g., performance measures proposed by the applicant).

Where the applicant chooses to, or is expected to, take on specific evaluation studies, they should be directed to:

- Describe the type of evaluations (i.e., process, outcome, or both).
- Describe key evaluation questions to be addressed by these evaluations.
- Describe other information (e.g., measures, data sources).

Recipients will be required to submit a more detailed Evaluation and Performance Measurement plan (including the DMP elements) within the first 6 months of award, as described in the Reporting Section of this NOFO.

d. Organizational Capacity of Applicants to Implement the Approach

Applicants must address the organizational capacity requirements as described in the CDC Project Description.

Applicants must title these documents in their appendix as follows: "Experience" "CVs/Resumes" "Job Descriptions" "Organizational Chart" and upload it at www.grants.gov.

11. Work Plan

(Included in the Project Narrative's page limit)
Applicants must prepare a work plan consistent with the CDC Project Description Work Plan section. The work plan integrates and delineates more specifically how the recipient plans to

carry out achieving the period of performance outcomes, strategies and activities, evaluation and performance measurement.

12. Budget Narrative

Applicants must submit an itemized budget narrative. When developing the budget narrative, applicants must consider whether the proposed budget is reasonable and consistent with the purpose, outcomes, and program strategy outlined in the project narrative. The budget must include:

- Salaries and wages
- Fringe benefits
- Consultant costs
- Equipment
- Supplies
- Travel
- Other categories
- Contractual costs
- Total Direct costs
- Total Indirect costs

Indirect costs could include the cost of collecting, managing, sharing and preserving data. Indirect costs on grants awarded to foreign organizations and foreign public entities and performed fully outside of the territorial limits of the U.S. may be paid to support the costs of compliance with federal requirements at a fixed rate of eight percent of MTDC exclusive of tuition and related fees, direct expenditures for equipment, and subawards in excess of $25,000. Negotiated indirect costs may be paid to the American University, Beirut, and the World Health Organization.

If applicable and consistent with the cited statutory authority for this announcement, applicant entities may use funds for activities as they relate to the intent of this NOFO to meet national standards or seek health department accreditation through the Public Health Accreditation Board (see: http://www.phaboard.org). Applicant entities to whom this provision applies include state, local, territorial governments (including the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianna Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau), or their bona fide agents, political subdivisions of states (in consultation with states), federally recognized or state-recognized American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments, and American Indian or Alaska Native tribally designated organizations. Activities include those that enable a public health organization to deliver public health services such as activities that ensure a capable and qualified workforce, up-to-date information systems, and the capability to assess and respond to public health needs. Use of these funds must focus on achieving a minimum of one national standard that supports the intent of the NOFO. Proposed activities must be included in the budget narrative and must indicate which standards will be addressed.

Vital records data, including births and deaths, are used to inform public health program and

policy decisions. If applicable and consistent with the cited statutory authority for this NOFO, applicant entities are encouraged to collaborate with and support their jurisdiction's vital records office (VRO) to improve vital records data timeliness, quality and access, and to advance public health goals. Recipients may, for example, use funds to support efforts to build VRO capacity through partnerships; provide technical and/or financial assistance to improve vital records timeliness, quality or access; or support vital records improvement efforts, as approved by CDC.
Applicants must name this file "Budget Narrative" and upload it as a PDF file at www.grants.gov. If requesting indirect costs in the budget, a copy of the indirect cost-rate agreement is required. If the indirect costs are requested, include a copy of the current negotiated federal indirect cost rate agreement or a cost allocation plan approval letter for those Recipients under such a plan. Applicants must name this file "Indirect Cost Rate" and upload it at www.grants.gov.

13. Funds Tracking

Proper fiscal oversight is critical to maintaining public trust in the stewardship of federal funds. Effective October 1, 2013, a new HHS policy on subaccounts requires the CDC to set up payment subaccounts within the Payment Management System (PMS) for all new grant awards. Funds awarded in support of approved activities and drawdown instructions will be identified on the Notice of Award in a newly established PMS subaccount (P subaccount). Recipients will be required to draw down funds from award-specific accounts in the PMS. Ultimately, the subaccounts will provide recipients and CDC a more detailed and precise understanding of financial transactions. The successful applicant will be required to track funds by P-accounts/sub accounts for each project/cooperative agreement awarded. Applicants are encouraged to demonstrate a record of fiscal responsibility and the ability to provide sufficient and effective oversight. Financial management systems must meet the requirements as described 2 CFR 200 which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Records that identify adequately the source and application of funds for federally-funded activities.
- Effective control over, and accountability for, all funds, property, and other assets.
- Comparison of expenditures with budget amounts for each Federal award.
- Written procedures to implement payment requirements.
- Written procedures for determining cost allowability.
- Written procedures for financial reporting and monitoring.

14. Intergovernmental Review

Executive Order 12372 does not apply to this program.

15. Pilot Program for Enhancement of Employee Whistleblower Protections

Pilot Program for Enhancement of Employee Whistleblower Protections: All applicants will be subject to a term and condition that applies the terms of 48 Code of Federal Regulations

(CFR) section 3.908 to the award and requires that recipients inform their employees in writing (in the predominant native language of the workforce) of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712.

16. Copyright Interests Provisions

This provision is intended to ensure that the public has access to the results and accomplishments of public health activities funded by CDC. Pursuant to applicable grant regulations and CDC's Public Access Policy, Recipient agrees to submit into the National Institutes of Health (NIH) Manuscript Submission (NIHMS) system an electronic version of the final, peer-reviewed manuscript of any such work developed under this award upon acceptance for publication, to be made publicly available no later than 12 months after the official date of publication. Also at the time of submission, Recipient and/or the Recipient's submitting author must specify the date the final manuscript will be publicly accessible through PubMed Central (PMC). Recipient and/or Recipient's submitting author must also post the manuscript through PMC within twelve (12) months of the publisher's official date of final publication; however the author is strongly encouraged to make the subject manuscript available as soon as possible. The recipient must obtain prior approval from the CDC for any exception to this provision.

The author's final, peer-reviewed manuscript is defined as the final version accepted for journal publication, and includes all modifications from the publishing peer review process, and all graphics and supplemental material associated with the article. Recipient and its submitting authors working under this award are responsible for ensuring that any publishing or copyright agreements concerning submitted articles reserve adequate right to fully comply with this provision and the license reserved by CDC. The manuscript will be hosted in both PMC and the CDC Stacks institutional repository system. In progress reports for this award, recipient must identify publications subject to the CDC Public Access Policy by using the applicable NIHMS identification number for up to three (3) months after the publication date and the PubMed Central identification number (PMCID) thereafter.

17. Funding Restrictions

Restrictions that must be considered while planning the programs and writing the budget are:

- Recipients may not use funds for research.
- Recipients may not use funds for clinical care except as allowed by law.
- Recipients may use funds only for reasonable program purposes, including personnel, travel, supplies, and services.
- Generally, recipients may not use funds to purchase furniture or equipment. Any such proposed spending must be clearly identified in the budget.
- Reimbursement of pre-award costs generally is not allowed, unless the CDC provides written approval to the recipient.
- Other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships, no funds may be used for:
    - publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution, or use of any

material designed to support or defeat the enactment of legislation before any legislative body
    - the salary or expenses of any grant or contract recipient, or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence the enactment of legislation, appropriations, regulation, administrative action, or Executive order proposed or pending before any legislative body
- See Additional Requirement (AR) 12 for detailed guidance on this prohibition and additional guidance on lobbying for CDC recipients.
- The direct and primary recipient in a cooperative agreement program must perform a substantial role in carrying out project outcomes and not merely serve as a conduit for an award to another party or provider who is ineligible.
- In accordance with the United States Protecting Life in Global Health Assistance policy, all non-governmental organization (NGO) applicants acknowledge that foreign NGOs that receive funds provided through this award, either as a prime recipient or subrecipient, are strictly prohibited, regardless of the source of funds, from performing abortions as a method of family planning or engaging in any activity that promotes abortion as a method of family planning, or to provide financial support to any other foreign non-governmental organization that conducts such activities. See Additional Requirement (AR) 35 for applicability (https://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/ar-35.html).

- Indirect costs on grants awarded to foreign organizations and foreign public entities, and performed fully outside of the territorial limits of the U.S. may be paid to support the costs of compliance with federal requirements at a fixed rate of eight percent of MTDC exclusive of tuition and related fees, direct expenditures for equipment, and subawards in excess of $25,000. Negotiated indirect costs may be paid to the American University, Beirut, and the World Health Organization. Indirect costs will not be reimbursed under grants to foreign organizations, international organizations, and foreign components of grants to domestic organizations (does not affect indirect cost reimbursement to the domestic entity for domestic activities).
- All requests for funds contained in the budget shall be stated in U.S. dollars. Once an award is made, CDC will not compensate foreign recipients for currency exchange fluctuations through the issuance of supplemental awards.

18. Data Management Plan

As identified in the Evaluation and Performance Measurement section, applications involving data collection must include a Data Management Plan (DMP) as part of their evaluation and performance measurement plan. The DMP is the applicant's assurance of the quality of the public health data through the data's lifecycle and plans to deposit data in a repository to preserve and to make the data accessible in a timely manner. See web link for additional

information:
https://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/ar-25.html

19. Other Submission Requirements

a. Electronic Submission:
Applications must be submitted electronically by using the forms and instructions posted for this notice of funding opportunity at www.grants.gov. Applicants can complete the application package using Workspace, which allows forms to be filled out online or offline. All application attachments must be submitted using a PDF file format. Instructions and training for using Workspace can be found at www.grants.gov under the "Workspace Overview" option.

b. Tracking Number: Applications submitted through www.grants.gov are time/date stamped electronically and assigned a tracking number. The applicant's Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) will be sent an e-mail notice of receipt when www.grants.gov receives the application. The tracking number documents that the application has been submitted and initiates the required electronic validation process before the application is made available to CDC.

c. Validation Process: Application submission is not concluded until the validation process is completed successfully. After the application package is submitted, the applicant will receive a "submission receipt" e-mail generated by www.grants.gov. A second e-mail message to applicants will then be generated by www.grants.gov that will either validate or reject the submitted application package. This validation process may take as long as two business days. Applicants are strongly encouraged to check the status of their application to ensure that submission of their package has been completed and no submission errors have occurred. Applicants also are strongly encouraged to allocate ample time for filing to guarantee that their application can be submitted and validated by the deadline published in the NOFO. Non-validated applications will not be accepted after the published application deadline date.

If you do not receive a "validation" e-mail within two business days of application submission, please contact www.grants.gov. For instructions on how to track your application, refer to the e-mail message generated at the time of application submission or the Grants.gov Online User Guide.
https:// www.grants.gov/help/html/help/index.htm? callingApp=custom#t=
Get_Started%2FGet_Started. htm

d. Technical Difficulties: If technical difficulties are encountered at www.grants.gov, applicants should contact Customer Service at www.grants.gov. The www.grants.gov Contact Center is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except federal holidays. The Contact Center is available by phone at 1-800-518-4726 or by e-mail at support@grants.gov. Application submissions sent by e-mail or fax, or on CDs or thumb drives will not be accepted. Please note that www.grants.gov is managed by HHS.

e. Paper Submission: If technical difficulties are encountered at www.grants.gov, applicants should call the www.grants.gov Contact Center at 1-800-518-4726 or e-mail them

at support@grants.gov for assistance. After consulting with the Contact Center, if the technical difficulties remain unresolved and electronic submission is not possible, applicants may e-mail CDC GMO/GMS, before the deadline, and request permission to submit a paper application. Such requests are handled on a case-by-case basis.
An applicant's request for permission to submit a paper application must:

1. Include the www.grants.gov case number assigned to the inquiry
2. Describe the difficulties that prevent electronic submission and the efforts taken with the www.grants.gov Contact Center to submit electronically; and
3. Be received via e-mail to the GMS/GMO listed below at least three calendar days before the application deadline. Paper applications submitted without prior approval will not be considered.

   If a paper application is authorized, OGS will advise the applicant of specific instructions for submitting the application (e.g., original and two hard copies of the application by U.S. mail or express delivery service).

E. Review and Selection Process

1. Review and Selection Process: Applications will be reviewed in three phases

a. Phase 1 Review
All applications will be initially reviewed for eligibility and completeness by CDC Office of Grants Services. Complete applications will be reviewed for responsiveness by the Grants Management Officials and Program Officials. Non-responsive applications will not advance to Phase II review. Applicants will be notified that their applications did not meet eligibility and/or published submission requirements.

b. Phase II Review

A review panel will evaluate complete, eligible applications in accordance with the criteria below.
i. Approach
ii. Evaluation and Performance Measurement
iii. Applicant's Organizational Capacity to Implement the Approach
Not more than thirty days after the Phase II review is completed, applicants will be notified electronically if their application does not meet eligibility or published submission requirements.

i. Approach	Maximum Points:35

Does the application include an overall strategy and specific evidence based, realistic, achievable, measurable, and culturally appropriate activities for meeting the proposed outcomes?

ii. Evaluation and Performance Measurement	Maximum Points:30

Does the evaluation and performance measurement plan appropriately address the components

specified in this announcement (i.e. key evaluation questions, types of evaluations to be conducted, performance measures (i.e., indicators), how often performance measures must be reported, how evaluation and performance measurement will track how target populations are affected by NOFO strategies, how evaluation findings and performance measures will be used and yield findings to demonstrate the value of the NOFO, and how results will be disseminated)?

iii. Applicant's Organizational Capacity to Implement the Approach — Maximum Points:35

Does the applicant demonstrate experience and capacity to achieve the goals of this NOFO? Is the management structure for the project sufficient for the administration and management of the proposed activities, and to manage the resources of the program, prepare reports, audit expenditures, and produce, collect, and analyze performance data?

Budget

Budget (reviewed not scored)

Is the itemized budget for conducting the project, along with justification, reasonable and consistent with stated objectives and planned program activities? Is the budget itemized, well justified and consistent with the goals of the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief? If applicable, are there reasonable costs per client reached for both year one and later years of the project?

c. Phase III Review

Review of risk posed by applicants.

Prior to making a Federal award, CDC is required by 31 U.S.C. 3321 and 41 U.S.C. 2313 to review information available through any OMB-designated repositories of government-wide eligibility qualification or financial integrity information as appropriate. See also suspension and debarment requirements at 2 CFR parts 180 and 376.

In accordance 41 U.S.C. 2313, CDC is required to review the non-public segment of the OMB-designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM (currently the Federal Recipient Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)) prior to making a Federal award where the Federal share is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, defined in 41 U.S.C. 134, over the period of performance. At a minimum, the information in the system for a prior Federal award recipient must demonstrate a satisfactory record of executing programs or activities under Federal grants, cooperative agreements, or procurement awards; and integrity and business ethics. CDC may make a Federal award to a recipient who does not fully meet these standards, if it is determined that the information is not relevant to the current Federal award under consideration or there are specific conditions that can appropriately mitigate the effects of the non-Federal entity's risk in accordance with 45 CFR §75.207.

CDC’s framework for evaluating the risks posed by an applicant may incorporate results of the

evaluation of the applicant's eligibility or the quality of its application. If it is determined that a Federal award will be made, special conditions that correspond to the degree of risk assessed may be applied to the Federal award. The evaluation criteria is described in this Notice of Funding Opportunity.
In evaluating risks posed by applicants, CDC will use a risk-based approach and may consider any items such as the following:
(1) Financial stability;
(2) Quality of management systems and ability to meet the management standards prescribed in this part;
(3) History of performance. The applicant's record in managing Federal awards, if it is a prior recipient of Federal awards, including timeliness of compliance with applicable reporting requirements, conformance to the terms and conditions of previous Federal awards, and if applicable, the extent to which any previously awarded amounts will be expended prior to future awards;
(4) Reports and findings from audits performed under subpart F 45 CFR 75 or the reports and findings of any other available audits; and
(5) The applicant's ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements imposed on non-Federal entities.
CDC must comply with the guidelines on government-wide suspension and debarment in 2 CFR part 180, and require non-Federal entities to comply with these provisions. These provisions restrict Federal awards, subawards and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal programs or activities.

2. Announcement and Anticipated Award Dates

The anticipated announcement date is August 2019. The award date will be September 30, 2019.

F. Award Administration Information

1. Award Notices

Recipients will receive an electronic copy of the Notice of Award (NOA) from CDC OGS. The NOA shall be the only binding, authorizing document between the recipient and CDC. The NOA will be signed by an authorized GMO and emailed to the Recipient Business Officer listed in application and the Program Director.

Any applicant awarded funds in response to this Notice of Funding Opportunity will be subject to the DUNS, SAM Registration, and Federal Funding Accountability And Transparency Act Of 2006 (FFATA) requirements.

Unsuccessful applicants will receive notification of these results by e-mail with delivery receipt or by U.S. mail.

2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Recipients must comply with the administrative and public policy requirements outlined in 45 CFR Part 75 and the HHS Grants Policy Statement, as appropriate.
Brief descriptions of relevant provisions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/grants/additionalrequirements/index.html#ui-id-17.
The HHS Grants Policy Statement is available at http://www.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/grants/grants/policies-regulations/hhsgps107.pdf.

The following administrative requirements apply to this project:

Generally applicable administrative requirements (ARs):

- AR-10: Smoke-Free Workplace
- AR-12: Lobbying Restrictions
- AR-14: Accounting System Requirements
- AR-16: Security Clearance Requirement
- AR-21: Small, Minority, And Women-owned Business
- AR-24: Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
- AR-25: Release and Sharing of Data
- AR-26: National Historic Preservation Act of 1966
- AR-29: Compliance with EO13513, "Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving," October 1, 2009
- AR-30: Compliance with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- AR-33: Plain Writing Act of 2010, P.L. 111-274
- AR-34: Affordable Care Act, P.L. 111-148

ARs applicable to Center for Global Health Assistance Awards:

- AR-35: Protecting Life in Global Health Assistance

Organization Specific ARs:

- AR-8: Public Health System Reporting (Community-based non-governmental organizations)
- AR-13: Prohibition on Use of CDC Funds for Certain Gun Control Activities
- AR-15: Proof of Non-profit Status (Non-profit organizations)
- AR 23: Compliance with 45 C.F.R. Part 87 (Faith-based organizations)

Potentially Applicable Public Policy Requirements

- False or Misleading Information
- Taxes: Certification of Filing and Payment of Taxes
- Fly America Act/ U.S. Flag Air Carriers
- National Environmental Policy Act

If applicable, award recipients will be required to submit an electronic version of the final, peer-reviewed manuscript of any work developed under this award upon acceptance for publication.

Additional information will be provided in the award terms.

The full text of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for HHS Awards, 45 CFR 75, can be found at: https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=pt45.1.75

3. Reporting

Reporting provides continuous program monitoring and identifies successes and challenges that recipients encounter throughout the project period. Also, reporting is a requirement for recipients who want to apply for yearly continuation of funding. Reporting helps CDC and recipients because it:

- Helps target support to recipients;
- Provides CDC with periodic data to monitor recipient progress toward meeting the Notice of Funding Opportunity outcomes and overall performance;
- Allows CDC to track performance measures and evaluation findings for continuous quality and program improvement throughout the period of performance and to determine applicability of evidence-based approaches to different populations, settings, and contexts; and
- Enables CDC to assess the overall effectiveness and influence of the NOFO.

The table below summarizes required and optional reports. All required reports must be sent electronically to GMS listed in the "Agency Contacts" section of the NOFO copying the CDC Project Officer.

Report	**When?**	**Required?**
Recipient Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan	6 months into award	Yes
Annual Performance Report (APR)	120 days before end of budget period. Serves as yearly continuation application.	Yes
Reporting of Foreign Taxes	Quarterly reports due April 15, July 15, October 15, and January 15	Yes
Federal Financial Reporting Forms	90 days after end of calendar quarter in which budget period ends	Yes
Final Performance and Financial Report	90 days after end of project period.	Yes
Payment Management System (PMS)	Quarterly reports due January 30, 2020; April 30, 2020; July 30, 2020; October	Yes

Reporting	30, 2020.	

a. Recipient Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan (required)
With support from CDC, recipients must elaborate on their initial applicant evaluation and performance measurement plan. This plan must be no more than 20 pages; recipients must submit the plan 6 months into the award. HHS/CDC will review and approve the recipient's monitoring and evaluation plan to ensure that it is appropriate for the activities to be undertaken as part of the agreement, for compliance with the monitoring and evaluation guidance established by HHS/CDC, or other guidance otherwise applicable to this Agreement.

Recipient Evaluation and Performance Measurement Plan (required): This plan should provide additional detail on the following:

Performance Measurement

• Performance measures and targets
• The frequency that performance data are to be collected.
• How performance data will be reported.
• How quality of performance data will be assured.
• How performance measurement will yield findings to demonstrate progress towards achieving NOFO goals (e.g., reaching target populations or achieving expected outcomes).
• Dissemination channels and audiences.
• Other information requested as determined by the CDC program.

Evaluation

• The types of evaluations to be conducted (e.g. process or outcome evaluations).
• The frequency that evaluations will be conducted.
• How evaluation reports will be published on a publically available website.
• How evaluation findings will be used to ensure continuous quality and program improvement.
• How evaluation will yield findings to demonstrate the value of the NOFO (e.g., effect on improving public health outcomes, effectiveness of NOFO, cost-effectiveness or cost-benefit).
• Dissemination channels and audiences.

HHS/CDC or its designee will also undertake monitoring and evaluation of the defined activities within the agreement. The recipient must ensure reasonable access by HHS/CDC or its designee to all necessary sites, documentation, individuals and information to monitor, evaluate and verify the appropriate implementation the activities and use of HHS/CDC funding under this Agreement.

b. Annual Performance Report (APR) (required)

The recipient must submit the APR via www.Grantsolutions.gov no later than120 days prior to the end of the budget period. This report must not exceed 45 pages excluding administrative reporting. Attachments are not allowed, but web links are allowed.

This report must include the following:

- **Performance Measures:** Recipients must report on performance measures for each budget period and update measures, if needed.
- **Evaluation Results:** Recipients must report evaluation results for the work completed to date (including findings from process or outcome evaluations).
- **Work Plan:** Recipients must update work plan each budget period to reflect any changes in period of performance outcomes, activities, timeline, etc.
- **Successes**
    - Recipients must report progress on completing activities and progress towards achieving the period of performance outcomes described in the logic model and work plan.
    - Recipients must describe any additional successes (e.g. identified through evaluation results or lessons learned) achieved in the past year.
    - Recipients must describe success stories.
- **Challenges**
    - Recipients must describe any challenges that hindered or might hinder their ability to complete the work plan activities and achieve the period of performance outcomes.
    - Recipients must describe any additional challenges (e.g., identified through evaluation results or lessons learned) encountered in the past year.
- **CDC Program Support to Recipients**
    - Recipients must describe how CDC could help them overcome challenges to complete activities in the work plan and achieving period of performance outcomes.
- **Administrative Reporting** (No page limit)
    - SF-424A Budget Information-Non-Construction Programs.
    - Budget Narrative – Must use the format outlined in "Content and Form of Application Submission, Budget Narrative" section.
    - Indirect Cost Rate Agreement.

The recipients must submit the Annual Performance Report via www.Grantsolutions.gov no later than 120 days prior to the end of the budget period.

c. Performance Measure Reporting (optional)
CDC programs may require more frequent reporting of performance measures than annually in the APR. If this is the case, CDC programs must specify reporting frequency, data fields, and format for recipients at the beginning of the award period.

d. Federal Financial Reporting (FFR) (required)
The annual FFR form (SF-425) is required and must be submitted 90 days after the end of the budget period. The report must include only those funds authorized and disbursed during the timeframe covered by the report. The final FFR must indicate the exact balance of unobligated

funds, and may not reflect any unliquidated obligations. There must be no discrepancies between the final FFR expenditure data and the Payment Management System's (PMS) cash transaction data. Failure to submit the required information by the due date may adversely affect the future funding of the project. If the information cannot be provided by the due date, recipients are required to submit a letter of explanation to OGS and include the date by which the Grants Officer will receive information.

e. Final Performance and Financial Report (required)
This report is due 90 days after the end of the period of performance. CDC programs must indicate that this report should not exceed 40 pages. This report covers the entire period of performance and can include information previously reported in APRs. At a minimum, this report must include the following:

- Performance Measures – Recipients must report final performance data for all process and outcome performance measures.
- Evaluation Results – Recipients must report final evaluation results for the period of performance for any evaluations conducted.
- Impact/Results/Success Stories – Recipients must use their performance measure results and their evaluation findings to describe the effects or results of the work completed over the project period, and can include some success stories.
- A final Data Management Plan that includes the location of the data collected during the funded period, for example, repository name and link data set(s)
- Additional forms as described in the Notice of Award (e.g., Equipment Inventory Report, Final Invention Statement).

4. Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA)

Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA), P.L. 109–282, as amended by section 6202 of P.L. 110–252 requires full disclosure of all entities and organizations receiving Federal funds including awards, contracts, loans, other assistance, and payments through a single publicly accessible Web site, http://www.USASpending.gov. Compliance with this law is primarily the responsibility of the Federal agency. However, two elements of the law require information to be collected and reported by applicants: 1) information on executive compensation when not already reported through the SAM, and 2) similar information on all sub-awards/subcontracts/consortiums over $25,000.
For the full text of the requirements under the FFATA and HHS guidelines, go to:

- https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/PLAW-109publ282/pdf/PLAW-109publ282.pdf,
- https://www. fsrs.gov/documents /ffata_legislation_ 110_252.pdf
- http://www.hhs.gov/grants/grants/grants-policies-regulations/index.html#FFATA.

5. Reporting of Foreign Taxes (International/Foreign projects only)

A. Valued Added Tax (VAT) and Customs Duties – Customs and import duties, consular fees, customs surtax, valued added taxes, and other related charges are hereby authorized as an allowable cost for costs incurred for non-host governmental entities operating where no applicable tax exemption exists. This waiver does not apply to countries where a bilateral agreement (or similar legal document) is already in place providing applicable tax exemptions and it is not applicable to Ministries of Health. Successful applicants will receive information on VAT requirements via their Notice of Award.

B. The U.S. Department of State requires that agencies collect and report information on the amount of taxes assessed, reimbursed and not reimbursed by a foreign government against commodities financed with funds appropriated by the U.S. Department of State, Foreign Operations and Related Programs Appropriations Act (SFOAA) ("United States foreign assistance funds"). Outlined below are the specifics of this requirement:

1) Annual Report: The recipient must submit a report on or before November 16 for each foreign country on the amount of foreign taxes charged, as of September 30 of the same year, by a foreign government on commodity purchase transactions valued at 500 USD or more financed with United States foreign assistance funds under this grant during the prior United States fiscal year (October 1 – September 30), and the amount reimbursed and unreimbursed by the foreign government. [Reports are required even if the recipient did not pay any taxes during the reporting period.]

2) Quarterly Report: The recipient must quarterly submit a report on the amount of foreign taxes charged by a foreign government on commodity purchase transactions valued at 500 USD or more financed with United States foreign assistance funds under this grant. This report shall be submitted no later than two weeks following the end of each quarter: April 15, July 15, October 15 and January 15.

3) Terms: For purposes of this clause:
"Commodity" means any material, article, supplies, goods, or equipment;
"Foreign government" includes any foreign government entity;
"Foreign taxes" means value-added taxes and custom duties assessed by a foreign government on a commodity. It does not include foreign sales taxes.

4) Where: Submit the reports to the Director and Deputy Director of the CDC office in the country(ies) in which you are carrying out the activities associated with this cooperative agreement. In countries where there is no CDC office, send reports to VATreporting@cdc.gov.

5) Contents of Reports: The reports must contain:
a. recipient name;
b. contact name with phone, fax, and e-mail;
c. agreement number(s) if reporting by agreement(s);
d. reporting period;
e. amount of foreign taxes assessed by each foreign government;
f. amount of any foreign taxes reimbursed by each foreign government;
g. amount of foreign taxes unreimbursed by each foreign government.

6) Subagreements. The recipient must include this reporting requirement in all applicable subgrants and other subagreements.

G. Agency Contacts

CDC encourages inquiries concerning this notice of funding opportunity.

Program Office Contact

For programmatic technical assistance, contact:

Hoang Dang, Project Officer
Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
1600 Clifton Road, MS E-04

Atlanta, GA 30329

Telephone: (404) 639-8965
Email: jsd9@cdc.gov

Grants Staff Contact

For **financial, awards management, or budget assistance,** contact:

Mattie Jackson, Grants Management Specialist
Department of Health and Human Services
Office of Grants Services
2920 Brandywine Road, MS K75

Atlanta, GA 30341

Telephone: (770) 488-2696
Email: mij3@cdc.gov

For assistance with **submission difficulties related to** www.grants.gov, contact the Contact Center by phone at 1-800-518-4726.
Hours of Operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except on federal holidays.

CDC Telecommunications for persons with hearing loss is available at: TTY 1-888-232-6348

H. Other Information

Following is a list of acceptable attachments **applicants** can upload as PDF files as part of their application at www.grants.gov. Applicants may not attach documents other than those listed; if

other documents are attached, applications will not be reviewed.

- Project Abstract
- Project Narrative
- Budget Narrative
- CDC Assurances and Certifications
- Report on Programmatic, Budgetary and Commitment Overlap
- Table of Contents for Entire Submission

For international NOFOs:

- SF424
- SF424A
- Funding Preference Deliverables

The appendices will not be counted toward the project narrative page limit. **The total amount of appendices must not exceed 90 pages**. Any pages after page 90 of the appendix will not be considered for review. The following documents must be included in the application appendices:

- **Please refer to "Organizational Capacity of Recipients to Implement the Approach" for specific requirements in this NOFO.**
- **Letters of Commitment,** if applicable
- **Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement,** if applicable
- **Non-profit organization IRS status forms,** if applicable

Any additional information submitted via www.grants.gov must be uploaded in a PDF file format, and should be clearly labeled (i.e.: Organizational Chart should be named "organizational chart").

Page Limitations

- Applicants must abide by the page number limitation listed in Section D, #10 Project Narrative. Any pages submitted beyond the number of pages listed for the project narrative will not be reviewed.
- Applicants must abide by the submission requirements for the project narrative and appendix. Materials required in the project narrative submitted in the appendix will not be reviewed. Materials submitted in the appendix that are not requested in the NOFO will not be reviewed.
- Applicants must abide by the submission requirements for the appendix. Materials submitted in the appendix that are not requested in the NOFO will not be referred to reviewers. Letters of support are not requested and will not be referred to reviewers.
- If the total amount of appendices includes more than 90 pages, any pages after page 90 of the appendix will not be considered for review. For this purpose, all appendices must have page numbers and must be clearly identified in the Table of Contents as

appendices. All applications will be initially reviewed for completeness by CDC OGS staff.

Amendments, Questions and Answers (Q&As)

Applicants must submit their Q&As, if any, to pepfarfoas@cdc.gov and to the Project Officer listed under the Agency Contacts Section of this announcement no later than 15 days after the publication date in www.grants.gov.

All changes, updates, and amendments to the NOFO will be posted to www.grants.gov following the approval of CDC.

For additional information on reporting requirements, visit the CDC website at: http://www.cdc.gov/od/pgo/funding/grants/additional_req.shtm.

Other CDC NOFOs can be found on Grants.gov website, at the following internet address: http://www.grants.gov.

Amendment I:

This amendment is for informational purposes only. CDC is not accepting new applications for award. The purpose of this amendment is to include language regarding HIV epidemic control under d. Other National Public Health Priorities and Strategies.

I. Glossary

Activities: The actual events or actions that take place as a part of the program.
Administrative and National Policy Requirements, Additional Requirements (ARs): Administrative requirements found in 45 CFR Part 75 and other requirements mandated by statute or CDC policy. All ARs are listed in the Template for CDC programs. CDC programs must indicate which ARs are relevant to the NOFO; recipients must comply with the ARs listed in the NOFO. To view brief descriptions of relevant provisions, see http:// www.cdc.gov/ grants/ additional requirements/ index.html. Note that 2 CFR 200 supersedes the administrative requirements (A-110 & A-102), cost principles (A-21, A-87 & A-122) and audit requirements (A-50, A-89 & A-133).
Approved but Unfunded: Approved but unfunded refers to applications recommended for approval during the objective review process; however, they were not recommended for funding by the program office and/or the grants management office.
Assitance Listings (CFDA): A government-wide compendium published by the General Services Administration (available on-line in searchable format as well as in printable format as a .pdf file) that describes domestic assistance programs administered by the Federal Government.
Assistance Listings (CFDA) Number: A unique number assigned to each program and NOFO throughout its lifecycle that enables data and funding tracking and transparency
Award: Financial assistance that provides support or stimulation to accomplish a public purpose. Awards include grants and other agreements (e.g., cooperative agreements) in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, by the federal government to an eligible applicant.
Budget Period or Budget Year: The duration of each individual funding period within the

project period. Traditionally, budget periods are 12 months or 1 year.
Carryover: Unobligated federal funds remaining at the end of any budget period that, with the approval of the GMO or under an automatic authority, may be carried over to another budget period to cover allowable costs of that budget period either as an offset or additional authorization. Obligated but liquidated funds are not considered carryover.
CDC Assurances and Certifications: Standard government-wide grant application forms.
Competing Continuation Award: A financial assistance mechanism that adds funds to a grant and adds one or more budget periods to the previously established period of performance (i.e., extends the "life" of the award).
Continuous Quality Improvement: A system that seeks to improve the provision of services with an emphasis on future results.
Contracts: An award instrument used to acquire (by purchase, lease, or barter) property or services for the direct benefit or use of the Federal Government.
Cooperative Agreement: A financial assistance award with the same kind of interagency relationship as a grant except that it provides for substantial involvement by the federal agency funding the award. Substantial involvement means that the recipient can expect federal programmatic collaboration or participation in carrying out the effort under the award.
Cost Sharing or Matching: Refers to program costs not borne by the Federal Government but by the recipients. It may include the value of allowable third-party, in-kind contributions, as well as expenditures by the recipient.
Direct Assistance: A financial assistance mechanism, which must be specifically authorized by statute, whereby goods or services are provided to recipients in lieu of cash. DA generally involves the assignment of federal personnel or the provision of equipment or supplies, such as vaccines. DA is primarily used to support payroll and travel expenses of CDC employees assigned to state, tribal, local, and territorial (STLT) health agencies that are recipients of grants and cooperative agreements. Most legislative authorities that provide financial assistance to STLT health agencies allow for the use of DA. http:// www.cdc.gov /grants /additionalrequirements /index.html.
DUNS: The Dun and Bradstreet (D&B) Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet Information Services. When applying for Federal awards or cooperative agreements, all applicant organizations must obtain a DUNS number as the Universal Identifier. DUNS number assignment is free. If requested by telephone, a DUNS number will be provided immediately at no charge. If requested via the Internet, obtaining a DUNS number may take one to two days at no charge. If an organization does not know its DUNS number or needs to register for one, visit Dun & Bradstreet at http://fedgov.dnb.com/ webform/displayHomePage.do.
Evaluation (program evaluation): The systematic collection of information about the activities, characteristics, and outcomes of programs (which may include interventions, policies, and specific projects) to make judgments about that program, improve program effectiveness, and/or inform decisions about future program development.
Evaluation Plan: A written document describing the overall approach that will be used to guide an evaluation, including why the evaluation is being conducted, how the findings will likely be used, and the design and data collection sources and methods. The plan specifies what will be done, how it will be done, who will do it, and when it will be done. The NOFO evaluation plan is used to describe how the recipient and/or CDC will determine whether activities are implemented appropriately and outcomes are achieved.

Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA): Requires that information about federal awards, including awards, contracts, loans, and other assistance and payments, be available to the public on a single website at www.USAspending.gov.
Fiscal Year: The year for which budget dollars are allocated annually. The federal fiscal year starts October 1 and ends September 30.
Grant: A legal instrument used by the federal government to transfer anything of value to a recipient for public support or stimulation authorized by statute. Financial assistance may be money or property. The definition does not include a federal procurement subject to the Federal Acquisition Regulation; technical assistance (which provides services instead of money); or assistance in the form of revenue sharing, loans, loan guarantees, interest subsidies, insurance, or direct payments of any kind to a person or persons. The main difference between a grant and a cooperative agreement is that in a grant there is no anticipated substantial programmatic involvement by the federal government under the award.
Grants.gov: A "storefront" web portal for electronic data collection (forms and reports) for federal grant-making agencies at www.grants.gov.
Grants Management Officer (GMO): The individual designated to serve as the HHS official responsible for the business management aspects of a particular grant(s) or cooperative agreement(s). The GMO serves as the counterpart to the business officer of the recipient organization. In this capacity, the GMO is responsible for all business management matters associated with the review, negotiation, award, and administration of grants and interprets grants administration policies and provisions. The GMO works closely with the program or project officer who is responsible for the scientific, technical, and programmatic aspects of the grant.
Grants Management Specialist (GMS): A federal staff member who oversees the business and other non-programmatic aspects of one or more grants and/or cooperative agreements. These activities include, but are not limited to, evaluating grant applications for administrative content and compliance with regulations and guidelines, negotiating grants, providing consultation and technical assistance to recipients, post-award administration and closing out grants.
Health Disparities: Differences in health outcomes and their determinants among segments of the population as defined by social, demographic, environmental, or geographic category.
Health Equity: Striving for the highest possible standard of health for all people and giving special attention to the needs of those at greatest risk of poor health, based on social conditions.
Health Inequities: Systematic, unfair, and avoidable differences in health outcomes and their determinants between segments of the population, such as by socioeconomic status (SES), demographics, or geography.
Healthy People 2030: National health objectives aimed at improving the health of all Americans by encouraging collaboration across sectors, guiding people toward making informed health decisions, and measuring the effects of prevention activities.
Inclusion: Both the meaningful involvement of a community's members in all stages of the program process and the maximum involvement of the target population that the intervention will benefit. Inclusion ensures that the views, perspectives, and needs of affected communities, care providers, and key partners are considered.
Indirect Costs: Costs that are incurred for common or joint objectives and not readily and specifically identifiable with a particular sponsored project, program, or activity; nevertheless, these costs are necessary to the operations of the organization. For example, the costs of

operating and maintaining facilities, depreciation, and administrative salaries generally are considered indirect costs.

Intergovernmental Review: Executive Order 12372 governs applications subject to Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs. This order sets up a system for state and local governmental review of proposed federal assistance applications. Contact the state single point of contact (SPOC) to alert the SPOC to prospective applications and to receive instructions on the State's process. Visit the following web address to get the current SPOC list: https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/Intergovernmental_-Review-_SPOC_01_2018_OFFM.pdf.

Letter of Intent (LOI): A preliminary, non-binding indication of an organization's intent to submit an application.

Lobbying: Direct lobbying includes any attempt to influence legislation, appropriations, regulations, administrative actions, executive orders (legislation or other orders), or other similar deliberations at any level of government through communication that directly expresses a view on proposed or pending legislation or other orders, and which is directed to staff members or other employees of a legislative body, government officials, or employees who participate in formulating legislation or other orders. Grass roots lobbying includes efforts directed at inducing or encouraging members of the public to contact their elected representatives at the federal, state, or local levels to urge support of, or opposition to, proposed or pending legislative proposals.

Logic Model: A visual representation showing the sequence of related events connecting the activities of a program with the programs' desired outcomes and results.

Maintenance of Effort: A requirement contained in authorizing legislation, or applicable regulations that a recipient must agree to contribute and maintain a specified level of financial effort from its own resources or other non-government sources to be eligible to receive federal grant funds. This requirement is typically given in terms of meeting a previous base-year dollar amount.

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or Memorandum of Agreement (MOA): Document that describes a bilateral or multilateral agreement between parties expressing a convergence of will between the parties, indicating an intended common line of action. It is often used in cases where the parties either do not imply a legal commitment or cannot create a legally enforceable agreement.

Nonprofit Organization: Any corporation, trust, association, cooperative, or other organization that is operated primarily for scientific, educational, service, charitable, or similar purposes in the public interest; is not organized for profit; and uses net proceeds to maintain, improve, or expand the operations of the organization. Nonprofit organizations include institutions of higher educations, hospitals, and tribal organizations (that is, Indian entities other than federally recognized Indian tribal governments).

Notice of Award (NoA): The official document, signed (or the electronic equivalent of signature) by a Grants Management Officer that: (1) notifies the recipient of the award of a grant; (2) contains or references all the terms and conditions of the grant and Federal funding limits and obligations; and (3) provides the documentary basis for recording the obligation of Federal funds in the HHS accounting system.

Objective Review: A process that involves the thorough and consistent examination of applications based on an unbiased evaluation of scientific or technical merit or other relevant aspects of the proposal. The review is intended to provide advice to the persons responsible for

making award decisions.
Outcome: The results of program operations or activitIes; the effects triggered by the program. For example, increased knowledge, changed attitudes or beliefs, reduced tobacco use, reduced morbidity and mortality.
Performance Measurement: The ongoing monitoring and reporting of program accomplishments, particularly progress toward pre-established goals, typically conducted by program or agency management. Performance measurement may address the type or level of program activities conducted (process), the direct products and services delivered by a program (outputs), or the results of those products and services (outcomes). A "program" may be any activity, project, function, or policy that has an identifiable purpose or set of objectives.
Period of performance –formerly known as the project period - : The time during which the recipient may incur obligations to carry out the work authorized under the Federal award. The start and end dates of the period of performance must be included in the Federal award.
Period of Performance Outcome: An outcome that will occur by the end of the NOFO's funding period
Plain Writing Act of 2010: The Plain Writing Act of 2010 requires that federal agencies use clear communication that the public can understand and use. NOFOs must be written in clear, consistent language so that any reader can understand expectations and intended outcomes of the funded program. CDC programs should use NOFO plain writing tips when writing NOFOs.
Program Strategies: Strategies are groupings of related activities, usually expressed as general headers (e.g., Partnerships, Assessment, Policy) or as brief statements (e.g., Form partnerships, Conduct assessments, Formulate policies).
Program Official: Person responsible for developing the NOFO; can be either a project officer, program manager, branch chief, division leader, policy official, center leader, or similar staff member.
Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB): A nonprofit organization that works to promote and protect the health of the public by advancing the quality and performance of public health departments in the U.S. through national public health department accreditation http://www.phaboard.org.
Social Determinants of Health: Conditions in the environments in which people are born, live, learn, work, play, worship, and age that affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality-of-life outcomes and risks.
Statute: An act of the legislature; a particular law enacted and established by the will of the legislative department of government, expressed with the requisite formalities. In foreign or civil law any particular municipal law or usage, though resting for its authority on judicial decisions, or the practice of nations.
Statutory Authority: Authority provided by legal statute that establishes a federal financial assistance program or award.
System for Award Management (SAM): The primary vendor database for the U.S. federal government. SAM validates applicant information and electronically shares secure and encrypted data with federal agencies' finance offices to facilitate paperless payments through Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). SAM stores organizational information, allowing www.grants.gov to verify identity and pre-fill organizational information on grant applications.
Technical Assistance: Advice, assistance, or training pertaining to program development, implementation, maintenance, or evaluation that is provided by the funding agency.

Work Plan: The summary of period of performance outcomes, strategies and activities, personnel and/or partners who will complete the activities, and the timeline for completion. The work plan will outline the details of all necessary activities that will be supported through the approved budget.

NOFO-specific Glossary and Acronyms