NOTICE OF FUNDING OPPORTUNITY

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Executive Summary

Federal Agency Name NMFS West Coast Regional Office (WCRO)

Funding Opportunity Title Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery Fund (Annual Appropriations and IIJA Funds)

Announcement Type

Competitive

Funding Opportunity Number NOAA-NMFS-WCRO-2025-29229

Assistance Listing Number(s)

11.438

Dates

Final applications should be submitted via Grants.gov and must be received no later than 11:59 pm Eastern Time on March 04, 2025. For applications submitted through Grants.gov, a date and time receipt indication will be the basis of determining timeliness. The application must be validated by grants.gov in order to be considered timely. See Section IV.G for further application submission and validation information.

If you do not have access to the internet, you may submit a paper application. One signed original and two hard copy applications must be postmarked or received by the established due date for the program at the following address:

Kyle Bowers Federal Program Officer NMFS West Coast Region 800 E. Park Blvd. Plaza IV, STE 220 Boise, ID 83712-7768

Use of U.S. Mail or another delivery service must be documented with a receipt. Note that late-arriving hard copy applications provided to a delivery service on or before 11:59 pm Eastern time on the closing date for applications will be accepted for review if the applicant can document that the application was provided to the guaranteed delivery service by the specified closing date and time and if the application is received by the Program no later than 5:00 pm Eastern Time two business days following the closing date. Applications received through email or fax will not be accepted.

NOTE: We strongly encourage all prospective applicants to begin required registrations as early as possible. Completing the required registrations can take six weeks or longer. Submission due dates will not be extended because of registration delays. Submissions received after the due date will be considered late and will not be accepted.

Applicant organizations and individuals must register for three different Federal systems prior to submitting an application through Grants.gov (SAM.gov, eRA Commons, and Grants.gov). Applicant organizations and individuals must first register with SAM.gov and obtain a Unique Entity Identifier (UEI). After you obtain your UEI, you can complete your Grants.gov and eRA Commons registrations concurrently. See Section IV(G) for detailed instructions on registration requirements. If you do not have access to the internet, please contact the Agency Contacts listed in this NOFO for submission instructions.

Funding Opportunity Description

NOAA announces the availability of Federal funding, authorized pursuant to the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Pub. L. 117-58 (November 15, 2021), hereinafter the "Bipartisan Infrastructure Law" or "BIL"; Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, Pub. L. 118-42 (March 8, 2024); Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2025, Pub. L. 118-83 (September 26, 2024), for necessary expenses associated with the restoration of Pacific salmon populations. The Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery Fund (PCSRF) program makes such funding available to the States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, California, and Alaska, and federally recognized tribes of the Columbia River and Pacific Coast (including Alaska) for projects necessary for the conservation of salmon and steelhead populations listed as threatened or endangered, or identified by a State as at-risk to be so-listed; for maintaining populations necessary for exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing; or for the conservation of Pacific coastal salmon and steelhead habitat. A federally recognized tribe is defined as an Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village or community that the Secretary of the Interior acknowledges to exist as an Indian tribe pursuant to the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994, 25 U.S.C. SS 5130, 5131. See Executive Order No. 13175 (2000). Native subsistence is inclusive of federally recognized non-treaty tribal salmon fisheries. This announcement outlines the priorities and guidelines that will be used to award funding to eligible entities.

Full Text of Announcement I. Funding Opportunity Description

A. Program Objective

NOAA NOFO

PCSRF was established in Fiscal Year (FY) 2000 to address a coast-wide need to restore and conserve Pacific Chinook salmon, coho salmon, chum salmon, sockeye salmon, pink salmon and steelhead, and their habitat. PCSRF supplements existing state and tribal programs to foster development of federal-state-tribal-local partnerships in salmon recovery and conservation by providing grants for restoration of anadromous salmonids to the eligible states and tribes.

Under this solicitation, NMFS seeks applications for projects from eligible states, federally recognized tribes, representative tribal commissions, and tribal consortia so that it can allocate the FY 2025 federal funds for PCSRF grants based on scientific and merit principles. For further information on PCSRF, please visit the PCSRF <u>website</u>.

B. Program Priorities

The objective of the FY 2025 PCSRF funding is to supplement state and tribal programs for salmon restoration by allocating federal funding to projects and activities that provide demonstrable and measurable benefits to Pacific anadromous salmonids (i.e., Chinook salmon, coho salmon, chum salmon, sockeye salmon, pink salmon and steelhead) and their habitat. These projects and activities are those necessary for conservation of salmon and steelhead populations listed as threatened or endangered, or identified by a state as at-risk to be so-listed; for maintaining populations necessary for exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing; or for conservation of Pacific coastal salmon and steelhead habitat.

Within the objectives of the overall PCSRF grant program, consolidated appropriation funds may be used to fund projects under all three PCSRF priorities. BIL funds will specifically be used to provide federal financial assistance to states and tribes to support Priority One projects (see below) that protect, restore, and conserve Pacific salmon and steelhead and their habitats, using approaches that enhance ecosystem resilience to climate hazards. Priority One projects seek to promote important and lasting changes that make a difference for the recovery and conservation of Pacific salmon and steelhead. BIL funding will also be used to support tribal capacity (Priority Three) specific to tribes' role as fishery managers and stewards of tribal trust resources for cultural, spiritual, subsistence, and recreational purposes. Activities that build tribal capacity include participating in salmon recovery and conservation planning, project development including providing Indigenous Knowledge, and managing project design, implementation, and project effectiveness monitoring. BIL funding should not be used for administrative costs associated with a pass-through recipient's program or project(s).

Successful applications will best address the evaluation criteria (Section V.), including addressing the program priorities listed below. Applicants should address the following set of program priorities:

Priority One

Eligible projects are those that address factors limiting the productivity of Pacific anadromous salmonid populations that are listed under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), and/or necessary for the exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing. Native subsistence is inclusive of federally recognized non-treaty tribal salmon fisheries.

- Additional Information:
 - Priority One projects benefiting ESA-listed populations shall address the limiting factors and priority actions specified in NOAA approved, interim, or proposed Recovery Plans, and/or in the most recent 5-year reviews.
 - Priority One projects benefiting populations important to the exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing may include efforts to restore or maintain such populations while limiting factors are being assessed. "Tribal treaty fishing rights" or "native subsistence fishing" includes tribal trust fishing opportunities as outlined in Secretarial Order 3206.

- Priority One projects may also include the development of project-specific engineering or designs that are a necessary precursor to implementing on-the-ground habitat improvement projects. This would exclude the development of generic designs.
- Planning, coordination, landowner outreach, assessment, research, and monitoring projects are NOT eligible under Priority One.
- Typically, Priority 1 projects address habitat improvement. The PCSRF Program is focused on projects that achieve lasting benefits through the restoration of selfsustaining natural ecosystem functions and processes.
 - Examples of habitat improvement projects that result in self-sustaining ecosystem functions and processes include:
 - A levee-setback project that provides access to off-channel habitat and improves survival for overwintering juveniles,
 - Re-establishing floodplain connection and function, restoring natural river-channel migration, and
 - The restoration and protection of riparian habitats in identified priority areas.

Priority Two

Eligible projects are those that consist of:

Watershed-scale or larger effectiveness monitoring and the biological response of anadromous salmonid populations to habitat restoration actions;

- Population-scale status and trend monitoring that directly contribute to population viability assessments for ESA-listed anadromous salmonids or populations;
- Monitoring necessary for the exercise of tribal-treaty fishing rights or native-subsistence fishing on anadromous salmonids; or
- Conducting watershed-scale or larger restoration planning
- Additional Information:
 - Project-scale effectiveness monitoring, or status and trend monitoring at a scale less than the population are not eligible under this priority and should be categorized under Priority Three.
- Examples of Priority Two projects may include:
 - Life Cycle and Harvest Monitoring,
 - Stock Assessments,
 - Strategic Action Plans, and
 - Intensively Monitored Watershed Monitoring

Priority Three

Eligible projects include all other projects consistent with the referenced statutory authority with demonstrated need for PCSRF funding.

- Additional information:
 - Priority Three projects build capacity by supporting the implementation of activities under Priorities One and Two.
 - Priority Three projects benefiting ESA-listed populations shall address the limiting factors and priority actions specified in NOAA approved, interim, or proposed Recovery Plans and/or the most recent 5-year reviews.

- Priority Three projects benefiting populations important to the exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing may include efforts to restore or maintain such populations while limiting factors are being assessed. Tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing includes tribal trust fishing opportunities as outlined in Secretarial Order 3206. Special emphasis will be given to activities that build tribal capacity to participate in salmon recovery, conservation planning, and project development including providing Indigenous Knowledge, and managing project design, implementation, and project effectiveness monitoring.
- Examples of Priority Three projects include:
 - Project planning and coordination,
 - o Landowner outreach, and
 - Small scale assessment, research, and status/trend monitoring (i.e., monitoring at less than watershed or population scale)

Grant applications may be submitted for one or more of the above PCSRF Program Priorities and include more than one project. If the application includes more than one project, distinct narratives and budgets must be identified for each project within the same application organized by priority. Grant applications will be evaluated separately for each priority. NMFS anticipates a greater proportion of the available FY 2025 PCSRF funding will be distributed to the higher-ranked PCSRF Program Priorities.

Applications from States and tribal commissions or consortia must have at least 10% of their applications apply to monitoring.

C. Program Authority

16 U.S.C. 3645(d)(2); Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Pub. L. 117-58 (November 15, 2021); Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024, Pub. L. 118-42 (March 8, 2024); Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2025, Pub. L. 118-83 (September 26, 2024).

II. Award Information

A. Funding Availability

NOAA Fisheries, West Coast Region anticipates that up to \$99 million in funding will be available under this notice. The amount of funds available for competitive awards will depend on the final fiscal year 2025 appropriation. Depending on the number of applications and amount of funding requested for each PCSRF Program Priority, NOAA may limit or proportion the distribution of FY 2025 PCSRF funds to each PCSRF Program Priority. There are no restrictions on minimum funding requests, but NOAA will not accept applications with federal funding requests of more than \$25,000,000 for the entire award. Funds will be administered by NOAA Fisheries, West Coast Region. Neither NOAA nor the Department of Commerce is responsible for direct costs of application preparation. Publication of this announcement does not obligate NOAA to award any specific project or to obligate any available funds. The number of awards to be made as a result of this solicitation will depend on the number of eligible applications received, the amount of funds requested, and the merit and ranking of the applications as described in Section V.

B. Project/Award Period

NOAA encourages and anticipates a period of performance for most awards of up to five years. The earliest anticipated start date for awards will be September 1, 2025. Both federal and non-federal match pre-award costs will be considered during pre-award negotiations between the applicant and NOAA. Incurring pre-award costs before NOAA Grants Management Division (GMD) awards a grant is at the applicant's own risk.

C. Type of Funding Instrument

The funding instrument will be a grant agreement, as described in 2 CFR § 200.1, or 31 U.S.C. § 6304, meaning that NOAA will not be substantially involved in carrying out the activity contemplated by the federal award.

III. Eligibility Information

A. Eligible Applicants

Eligible applicants are the States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, California, and Alaska, and Federally recognized tribes of the Columbia River and Pacific Coast (including Alaska).

B. Cost Share or Matching Requirement

State applicants are required to match or document in-kind contributions of at least 33% of received Federal funds. Federally recognized tribes, representative tribal commissions and consortia are exempt from any cost share requirement.

Matching funds consist of PCSRF projects funded totally or partially by state appropriated funds; PCSRF projects that are funded totally or partially by subrecipient or contractor funds; or PCSRF projects funded partially by other pre-approved sources of federal funding. In-kind contributions must be applied directly to a PCSRF project in order to be considered match. State funding for a PCSRF program administration project may be used as matching funds.

Applicants should refer to 2 CFR § 200.306 for cost sharing or matching policies. Refer to Section IV.F "Funding Restrictions" and Section VI.B. "Indirect Costs" for information on indirect costs. Refer to Section II.B "Project/Award Period" and Section VI.A. "Pre-Award Costs" for information on pre-award costs.

For applications including non-federal match funds within the proposed budget, the ratio of approved NOAA funds to non-federal match funds will be legally binding within the award document signed by NOAA Grants Officer if the application is selected for funding. NOAA is under no obligation to amend the match contributions once the award document is signed by the recipient, but the amount may be amended based on extenuating circumstances. Successful applicants should be prepared to carefully document matching contributions.

C. Other Criteria that Affect Eligibility

- Eligible states must submit applications through one designated state entity identified by a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with NMFS. Applications from multiple State agencies within one state will not be accepted.
- 2. Federally recognized tribes must demonstrate eligibility in their application for consideration. They may act on their own behalf when applying for PCSRF funding or may allow their representative tribal commission or consortium to act for them through an MOU agreement with NMFS. Applications requesting funding for a tribe from both the representative tribal Commission or Consortium as well as a Tribe represented by that Commission or Consortium will not be accepted. In the event that applications are submitted by both a representative tribal commission or consortium and a tribe, NMFS will contact both parties for resolution of which entity will submit a single application on behalf of the Tribe. If you have questions regarding eligibility, please contact the Federal Program Officer listed in Section IV.H.

IV. Application and Submission Information

A. Address to Request Application Package

NOAA NOFO

Complete application packages, including required federal forms and instructions, can be found on Grants.gov. If a prospective applicant is having difficulty downloading the application forms from Grants.gov, contact Grants.gov Customer Support at 1-800-518-4726 or support@grants.gov. Instructions for these forms are available here. Information about the recommended format for applications is contained in Section IV.B.

B. Content and Form of Application

A complete, standard NOAA financial assistance application package must be submitted, as described below. Each application must include the following Federal application forms. The Standard Forms (SF) may be downloaded <u>here</u>.

- SF-424: Application for Federal Assistance
- SF-424A: Budget Information for Non-Construction Programs
- SF-424B: Assurances for Non-Construction Programs
- CD-511: Certification Regarding Lobbying
- CD-512 (if applicable): Certification Regarding Lobbying Lower Tier Covered Transactions
- SF-LLL (if applicable): Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

In addition to the Federal application forms, NOAA requires the following components as part of a complete application package. Pages must be composed in at least 12-point font with 1-inch margins. Components must be organized into a maximum of five PDF files outlined below:

- PDF 1. Title Page, Project/Program Summary (3-page limit)
- PDF 2. Project/Program Narrative (30-page limit)
- PDF 3. Budget Narrative (no page limit)
- PDF 4. Project Designs (no page limit)
- PDF 5. Supplemental Materials (25-page limit)

The application should follow the organization of the evaluation criteria (see Section V.) to receive a consistent review against competing applications. The information provided below may help you address the evaluation criteria.

Consideration will only be given to material that is physically included in an application. Information provided via a hyperlink will not be considered, nor will it influence the application evaluation. Letters of support will not be considered under this competition.

PDF 1. Title Page and Program/Project Summary (3-page limit), include the following:

- Applicant Name and Demonstration of Eligibility (Indian Tribes only for latter requirement)
- Funding Opportunity Title
- Funding Opportunity Number
- Assistance Listing Number (ALN)
- Program/Project Title
- Program/Project Duration
- Program/Project Principal Investigator and/or Grant Lead
- Program/Project Description (brief description of proposed program/project; 4,000 characters max)
- Program/Project application Total Amount and Subtotals for each Priority (include PCSRF funds requested and state matching funds for each Priority split out by program or project year)
- Program/Project Justification and Need for Funding

• Program/Project Outcomes (brief description of anticipated benefits to anadromous salmonids)

PDF 2. Program or Project Narrative (30-page limit)

Document that describes how the applicant intends to carry out the proposed program or project(s). Pages beyond the 30-page limit will not be taken into consideration when reviewing the application. Applications are evaluated based on the criteria described in Section V. Please review the evaluation criteria for a full description of topics to include in the program or project narrative. If proposing more than one project within the application, project narratives must describe the anticipated outcomes for each project under each of the three PCSRF program priorities for which PCSRF funding is proposed for importance/relevance and applicability of the application to the program goals and the technical and scientific merit of each proposed priority.

PDF 3. Budget Narrative (no page limit)

Reviewers will evaluate project costs by reviewing the budget narrative. Project costs must be separated by each year of the project period and divided into the following categories, also referred to as SF-424A Object Classes: Personnel, Fringe Benefits, Travel, Equipment, Supplies, Contractual, and Other. All project costs must be rounded to the nearest dollar. The sum of funds requested under these Object Classes should be recorded as Total Direct Costs. The costs required for organizational operation that cannot be easily associated with an individual project or program should be recorded as Indirect Costs. Organizations with a federally Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) are required to include a copy of the approved NICRA or provide documentation on a new proposed rate agreement before indirect costs can be accrued in PDF 5. Supplemental Materials. Organizations without a NICRA may claim the 15% de minimis rate for calculating indirect charges on the Modified Total Direct Costs or may negotiate a rate, as outlined below (see 2 CFR § 200.1 for definitions). Refer to Section VI.B. of this announcement for more information about indirect costs. These totals should also be recorded on the SF-424A. NOAA staff will review budget information in recommended applications to determine if costs are allowable, allocable, reasonable, and necessary.

Recipients are encouraged to attend the biennial in-person PCSRF grantee meeting, and should outline travel-related expenses in their application as appropriate. With respect to States and tribal commissions/consortia, travel expenses related to attendance of this meeting do not fall within the 3% limitation on administrative expenses.

If any portion of the project will be conducted through consultants, contracts and/or subawards, you must follow the requirements set out at 2 C.F.R. § 200.331 through 200.333, as applicable.

PDF 4. Project Designs (no page limit)

If available or applicable, project designs should be included in the application in order for reviewers to comprehensively assess the technical merit of the proposed restoration actions. Construction specifications, scopes of work for services, and cost estimates may also be provided. Please do not attach feasibility studies or watershed plans; the critical components of those documents should be summarized in the project narrative.

PDF 5. Supplemental Materials (25-page limit)

All supplemental materials must be combined into a single PDF, including a cover page that lists all of the documents and associated page numbers. The cover page does not count toward the 25-page limit. The compiled PDF should be uploaded under the "Other Attachments Form" in Grants.gov. Include resumes or CVs for the principal investigator and/or grant lead (maximum of 1 page per person), as described in the guidance (Section IV.B.3) under Overall Qualification of Applicant. Include a Data Management Plan (2-page limit). See Section VI.B. of this announcement for a complete description of NOAA's Data and Publication Sharing Directive for NOAA Grants, Cooperative Agreements, and Contracts. If applicable, include a Monitoring Plan (2-page limit) for applications that involve on-the-ground implementation, as described in the guidance (Section IV.B.) for the "Implementation Monitoring and Evaluation" sub-criterion under Technical/Scientific Merit. Include any other relevant supporting materials, such as: a federally Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement; documentation of confirmed sources of formal, non-federal matching contributions or informal leveraged funds; additional site photos; etc.

States and tribal commissions or consortia only: A current copy of a signed MOU with NMFS (if applicable).

Proposals submitted in response to this Announcement must include a Data Management Plan (up to 2 pages). See Section VI.B., Administrative and National Policy Requirements, below for additional information on what the plan should contain.

C. Unique entity identifier and System for Award Management (SAM)

Each applicant (unless the applicant is an individual or Federal awarding agency that is excepted from those requirements under 2 CFR 25.110(b) or (c), or has an exception approved by the Federal awarding agency under 2 CFR 25.110(d)) is required to: (i) Be registered in SAM before submitting its application; (ii) Provide a valid unique entity identifier (UEI) in its application; and (iii) Continue to maintain an active SAM registration with current information at all times during which it has an active Federal award or an application or plan under consideration by a Federal awarding agency. NOAA may not make a Federal award to an applicant until the applicant has complied with all applicable unique entity identifier and SAM requirements and, if an applicant has not fully complied with the requirements by the time NOAA is ready to make a Federal award, NOAA may determine that the applicant is not qualified to receive a Federal award and use that determination as a basis for making a Federal award to another applicant.

D. Submission Dates and Times

The application deadline is March 04, 2025, at 11:59 pm Eastern time. Applications submitted through Grants.gov must be submitted by the due date and time. Late applications may not be considered for funding. Applicants should consider the possibility of unforeseen impacts that could affect internet access and use of Grants.gov on or before application due date. Applicants should be aware that localized hazardous weather, monthly scheduled Grants.gov weekend maintenance, or other situations that impact the ability to submit application packages may not result in changes to the application deadline. Information regarding electronic submission through Grants.gov is contained in Section IV.G. All applications MUST contain ALL required forms. Failure to submit forms may result in disqualification from this competition.

E. Intergovernmental Review

Applications submitted by state and local governments are subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, "Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs." Any applicant submitting an application for funding is required to complete item 19 on SF-424 regarding clearance by the State Single Point of Contact (SPOC) established as a result of EO 12372. To find out about and comply with a State's process under EO 12372, contact the official listed in Section VII of this announcement for referral information.

F. Funding Restrictions

As program entities, the states and tribal commissions or consortia will limit administrative expenses to no more than three percent (3%) of the federal funds received.

The 3% limitation on administrative expenses is not applicable to individual tribes applying directly on their own behalf for projects.

Administrative expenses are defined as all costs, including direct and associated indirect costs, incurred by the State, Commission, or Consortium in administering the PCSRF grant and managing the distribution of the PCSRF grant funds to subrecipients, contractors, programs, or projects that undertake PCSRF activities. Administrative expenses include activities such as subaward and contract management and monitoring, accounting, program oversight, site visits, program support and overhead costs, and competitive funding allocation processes including the processing and administrative review of project applications.

Data management activities related to PCSRF reporting requirements, including the PCSRF web-based project tracking database system, do not fall within the administrative expenses.

Cultural resource compliance support related to NMFS' undertaking of issuing federal funds does not fall within the administrative expenses. This includes the costs for developing and implementing a programmatic agreement with NMFS under the National Historic Preservation Act Section 106.

G. Other Submission Requirements

Registration requirements

NOTE: We strongly encourage all prospective applicants begin required registrations as early as possible. Completing the required registrations can take six weeks or longer. Submission due dates will not be extended because of registration delays. Submissions received after the due date will be considered late and will not be accepted.

Applicant organizations and individuals must register for three different Federal systems prior to submitting an application through Grants.gov (SAM.gov, eRA Commons, and Grants.gov). See below for more detailed information on each required registration process.

1. System for Award Management (SAM.gov)

SAM.gov registration is required to do business with the U.S. government. After registering with SAM.gov, you will receive a 12-character Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) that you will use throughout the application process.

We recommend allowing at least three weeks for initial SAM.gov registrations and at least two weeks for SAM.gov registration renewals. Additional information on SAM.gov registration is available here: https://sam.gov/content/entity-registration

You must update your SAM.gov registration any time your entity's information changes. You must also renew and revalidate your entity's SAM.gov registration at least every 12 months from the date you last certified to and submitted the registration. The renewal process may take up to two weeks. Your SAM.gov account's primary point of contact will receive an email message alerting them to the renewal requirement at 60 days, 30 days, and 15 days prior to expiration. If you do not renew your registration by the deadline, it will expire.

2. eRA Commons

After completing your SAM.gov registration and receiving your Unique Entity Identifier (UEI), you must register with eRA Commons and create several required user accounts. NOAA uses eRA Commons to process grant applications and manage grant awards.

NOTE: eRA Commons requires applicants to create one ORGANIZATIONAL PROFILE and two USER ACCOUNTS before submitting an application. These requirements are described in detail below.

We recommend allowing at least three weeks for eRA Commons registration. This process can be completed concurrently with your Grants.gov registration. Additional information on the eRA Commons registration process is available here: https://www.commerce.gov/ocio/programs/gems/applicant-and-grantee-training

After creating an overall account for your "institution", which may be for your organization or yourself as an individual, eRA Commons requires you to set up at least two user accounts: one Signing Official (SO) account and one Program Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI) account.

- The Signing Official (SO) user account must be assigned to an individual with signature authority to legally bind the organization in grants administration matters. The SO will receive 4-5 emails throughout the registration process.
- The Program Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI) account must be assigned to an individual with primary responsibility for the project(s) described in the grant application. The eRA Commons User ID (Username) for the PD/PI must also be listed on the SF-424 form for item 4 (Applicant Identifier).

Your SO and PD/PI user accounts must be active before you submit an application. Both accounts can be assigned to the same individual if appropriate.

3. Grants.gov

After completing your SAM.gov registration and receiving your Unique Entity Identifier (UEI), you must complete a one-time registration process with Grants.gov. Grants.gov is a government-wide portal used to solicit and accept grant applications.

We recommend allowing at least two weeks for Grants.gov registration. This process can be completed concurrently with your eRA Commons registration. Additional information on the Grants.gov registration process is available here: <u>https://www.grants.gov/applicants/applicant-registration</u>

Submission Validation

The Grants.gov and eRA Commons validation processes for a submitted application can take up to two business days after submission. Only validated applications are sent to NOAA to review. To ensure successful submission of an application, we strongly recommend that you submit a final and complete application at least two business days prior to the submission deadline.

Grants.gov and eRA Commons will not accept submissions if the applicant has not been authorized or if credentials are incorrect. Submissions may also be rejected if:

- The Project Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI)'s account username within eRA Commons is not provided on the SF-424 form for item 4 (Applicant Identifier).
- The Universal Entity Identifier (UEI) from SAM.gov is not provided on the SF-424 form for item 8.c (UEI).
- The Congressional District is not entered in the correct format on the SF-424 form for item 16 (Congressional Districts). The correct format is: [State Abbreviation]-[three digit district number]. For example, Virginia's 1st Congressional District would be listed as VA-001.
- PDF files are not flattened. To flatten a fillable PDF, you can use the "Print to PDF" function from any web browser or PDF reader application.

- File sizes exceed 100 MB.
- Page sizes are greater than 8.5x11.
- File names exceed 50 characters (including spaces).
- File names include special characters.

After you submit your application, you will receive an automatic acknowledgment of receipt that contains a Grants.gov tracking number. This notification indicates receipt by Grants.gov only, not receipt by NOAA. Applications submitted through Grants.gov will be accompanied by FOUR automated responses (1-Grants.gov Submission Receipt; 2-Grants.gov Submission Validation Receipt for Application; 3-Grants.gov Grantor Agency Retrieval Receipt for Application; 4-Grants.gov Agency Tracking Number Assignment for Application).

In addition to the Grants.gov automated notification messages, you may receive automated email notifications of any errors or warnings identified by eRA Commons. You must resolve all eRA Commons errors prior to the application due date in order for the application to be processed.

Once an electronic application is accepted in eRA Commons, you will receive an additional automated notification that the completed application was received and that an application number will be assigned.

You should save and print the proof of submission messages from both Grants.gov and eRA Commons. If you do not receive an acceptance message from both Grants.gov and eRA Commons, you should follow up with the agency contact listed in Section VII. to confirm NOAA's receipt of the complete submission.

H. Address for Submitting Proposals

For applicants that do not have access to the internet, one signed original and two hard copy applications must be postmarked or received by the established due date for the program at the following address:

Kyle Bowers Federal Program Officer NMFS West Coast Region 800 E. Park Blvd Plaza IV, Suite 220 Boise ID 83712-7768

Use of U.S. Mail or another delivery service must be documented with a receipt. Note that late-arriving hard copy applications provided to a delivery service on or before 11:59 pm Eastern time on the closing date for applications will be accepted for review if the applicant can document that the application was provided to the guaranteed delivery service by the specified closing date and time and if the application is received by the Program no later than 5:00 pm Eastern Time two business days following the closing date. Applications received through email or fax will not be accepted.

V. Application Review Information

1. Overall Qualifications of the Applicant	Maximum Points: 20
This criterion ascertains whether the applicant and their project/prog the necessary education, experience, training, facilities, and administ proposed award. For this competition, applications will be evaluated demonstrated by attached resumes, past project experience, and acc and financial staff):	rative resources to support the based on the following (as

- Salmon Recovery and Conservation Qualifications. Does the project/program team (staff and/or partners) demonstrate the necessary education and experience in grant administration, stakeholder collaboration, planning, design, engineering, construction, and/or monitoring efforts, in order to successfully carry out the scale and scope of the project/program? Does the application demonstrate that the project/program team has the capacity to complete the proposed work, even in the face of adverse conditions? For state and tribal commission/consortia applications: Does the program team demonstrate the necessary experience with program administration by including a description of the competitive and non-competitive project solicitation process, timelines, selection criteria, technical reviews of proposed project merit and feasibility, funding decisions, and how these elements will be managed and administered?
- Management Capacity. Does the applicant describe the necessary experience, qualifications, facilities, equipment, and administrative resources available to successfully fulfill the responsibilities associated with managing a federal grant award? Does the applicant demonstrate an ability to manage the requested amount of funds, maintain financial and administrative records, and fulfill reporting requirements?

2. Project Costs	Maximum Points: 20

This criterion evaluates the budget to determine if it is realistic and commensurate with the program or project(s) needs and time-frame. For this competition, applications will be evaluated on the following:

- A justification and rationale for the amount of funding proposed by geographical area to meet the PCSRF program priorities. The justification and need for funding should be supported by evidence and described quantitatively when possible (e.g., miles/acres of habitat needing restoration; number or extent of ESA-listed Pacific salmon or Pacific salmon at risk; stocks important for tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing, etc.). The description should also address the applicant's other sources of funding for salmonid programs and projects.
- Detailed budgets by program or project(s) that itemize the application costs including administrative and overhead costs within prescribed limits.
- For states and tribal commissions or consortia:
 - A description of their monitoring effort that will account for at least 10% of the funding proposed.
 - A description of their administrative expenses that will be applied to no more than 3% of the federal funds received.
 - A description of how the proposed program will maximize benefits by leveraging additional coordinated investments from other entities and programs.
- For states: a description of the sources and amounts of matching funds (including details on sources and determinations on estimated value of any in-kind contributions) that will be applied to achieve the minimum matching requirements of 33% of the federal funds requested.

3. Importance and/or relevance and applicability of proposed project to the	Maximum Points:
program priorities	30

This criterion ascertains whether there is intrinsic value in the proposed work and its relevance to the applicable PCSRF Program Priority. Applications will be evaluated based on how relevant and effective the applications are in providing demonstrable and measurable benefits to the highest priority needs of anadromous salmonids in respective geographic areas. Successful applications will include the following information in their project narratives:

- Narrative descriptions (for Priority One applications) that clearly articulate how the program/project will:
 - Address factors limiting the productivity of Pacific anadromous salmonid populations that are (either one or both):

- ESA-listed anadromous salmonids: Identify how the application advances the priority recovery actions as detailed in approved, interim, or proposed Recovery Plans and/or the most recent 5-year reviews.
- Necessary for the exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing: Identify the fishery(ies) with the greatest need for projects to restore or maintain the target salmonid population(s).
- Achieving lasting benefits through the restoration of self-sustaining natural ecosystem functions and processes (e.g., re-establishing floodplain connection and function, restoring natural river-channel migration, re-establishing ecologically functional riparian buffers).
- For states and tribal commissions or consortia: describe how the proposed program will encourage and select large-scale strategies that maximize benefits through the implementation of coordinated projects that address multiple priority limiting factors.
- Narrative descriptions (for Priority Two applications) that clearly:
 - Justify the type and location of monitoring application and identify how the results of proposed monitoring will inform population-level status and trends assessments, watershed-scale restoration effectiveness evaluations, and/or monitoring necessary for the exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing.
 - Describe the contribution that larger scale restoration planning will have on the conservation of the associated anadromous salmonid populations.
- Narrative descriptions (for Priority Three applications) that demonstrate and justify an urgent need for funding to achieve a measurable benefit for the conservation and restoration of anadromous salmonids.
- State and tribal commission/consortia applications that include non-competitive projects or program components should describe why a non-competitive process is appropriate and how the non-competitive projects are associated with species recovery priorities identified in NMFS recovery plans.
- Describe the expected measurable outcomes and benefits to the anadromous salmonids for each proposed priority. The description should be supported quantitatively when possible (e.g., number/types of limiting factors identified in recovery plan(s) being addressed, estimated miles/acres of habitat proposed for restoration, number/types of treaty/subsistence fisheries, number/names of watersheds/populations to be monitored, etc.).

4. Technical/Scientific Merit	Maximum Points: 30

This criterion assesses whether the activity or approach is technically sound and/or innovative, if the methods are appropriate, and whether there are clear project goals and objectives. Applications will be evaluated on whether there is a technically sound approach to manage and implement proposed projects; whether there is sufficient information to evaluate the project or program technically; and, if so, the strengths and/or weaknesses of the project or program approach to securing productive results. Applicants should clearly identify the different project phase(s) (e.g., feasibility study, engineering and design, on-the ground implementation) to be funded through the proposed project(s). Successful applications will include the following information in their project narratives:

- Narrative descriptions (for Priority One applications) that clearly articulate the selection and design of viable projects that will effectively address limiting factors for ESA-listed anadromous salmonids and/or restore or maintain salmonid populations necessary for the exercise of tribal treaty fishing rights or native subsistence fishing.
 - If proposed, describe how habitat restoration activities under Priority One will be designed to achieve lasting benefits through the restoration of self-sustaining natural ecosystem functions and processes (e.g., re-establishing floodplain connection and function, restoring natural river-channel migration, re-establishing ecologically functional riparian buffers).

- Narrative descriptions (for Priority Two applications) that clearly articulate the proposed monitoring methodology and design for producing scientifically valid results at the watershed or population scales.
- Narrative descriptions (for Priority Three applications) that clearly articulate proposed methodologies designed to achieve measurable benefits to anadromous salmonids, and substantiate the urgency and need of the proposed activities. For projects including or solely focused on tribal organizational capacity building, the proposal should describe a measurable approach to increased tribal participation and how it will lead to measurable benefits to anadromous salmonids.
- Applications requesting funding for on-the-ground implementation activities should include a Monitoring Plan (2-page limit) as part of the Supplemental Materials.

Evaluation Criteria

Reviewers will assign scores to applications ranging from 0–100 points based on the preceding evaluation criteria. Each criterion also includes the factors the reviewers will consider to determine how well an application meets the criterion. The components of an application addressing each priority will be evaluated separately and the respective points under each priority for Importance/Relevance and Technical Merit evaluation criteria will be averaged to produce one total overall score for Importance/Relevance and Technical Merit evaluation criteria. NMFS anticipates a greater proportion of the available FY 2025 PCSRF funding will be distributed to higher scoring applications addressing the higher priorities. For applications that mis-prioritize activities, reviewers will be instructed to use a consistent methodology for adjusting scores accordingly. For applications that list activities under multiple priorities without breaking out the funding by priority, reviewers will be instructed to determine the appropriate priority for each activity and evaluate it accordingly.

We encourage applicants to make explicit connections to the evaluation criteria in their applications. Applications that best address these criteria will be most competitive. Applicant types (states, tribal commissions/consortia, individual tribes) will be reviewed by different reviewers to eliminate potential biases in comparing applications. Top range scores indicate the application fully addressed the criterion, a score of 0 indicates the criterion was not addressed at all.

Review and Selection Process

Administrative Review: Applications will undergo an initial administrative screening to determine if the packages are eligible and complete. NOAA, in its sole discretion, may continue the review process for applications with non-substantive issues that may be easily rectified. Applications are screened to ensure that they were received by the deadline date, that the applicant is eligible to apply, and that the application includes a project narrative, budget, and supporting documentation as outlined in Section IV.B. NOAA is not required to screen applications before the submission deadline to identify deficiencies that would cause the application to be rejected or receive a poor evaluation. However, if deficiencies are identified by NOAA or the applicant before the deadline, the applicant may correct any deficiencies by submitting a revised application. After the deadline, the application must remain as submitted; no changes can be made to it.

Technical Review: Applications that satisfy the administrative review will undergo a technical review and ranking process to determine how well they meet the program priorities and evaluation criteria of this solicitation and the mission and goals of NOAA. Eligible applications will be independently evaluated by three or more technical reviewers based on the evaluation criteria listed in Section V. No consensus advice will be given. Applicant types (states, tribal commissions/consortia, individual tribes) will be reviewed by different reviewers to eliminate potential biases in comparing applications. The reviewers' ratings will be averaged to determine the final technical score for each application and produce a rank order of the applications. Technical reviewers will be required to certify that they do not have a conflict of interest and that they will maintain confidentiality of the applications.

Panel Review: After applications have been evaluated and ranked, NMFS will solicit comments and input on funding recommendations from a panel of at least three Federal full-time employees of the NMFS Alaska and West Coast regions. NMFS will provide the panelists with the applications, a summary of the technical review evaluations, and the rank order of the applications.

For applicants in areas supporting species in NMFS' <u>"Species in the Spotlight: Survive to Thrive"</u> initiative, applications may be considered based on how relevant the proposed activities are to stabilizing the relevant anadromous salmonid species and preventing their extinction, as well as supporting Chinook salmon populations that contribute to the prey base of <u>Southern Resident Killer Whales</u>.

For applicants in areas addressed by the Columbia Basin Partnership, applications will be evaluated on whether the proposed activities advance the goals adopted by the Columbia Basin Partnership.

Our evaluation of applications proposing research and monitoring in Alaska will also consider whether the research and monitoring goals and objectives align with knowledge gaps identified in the Alaska Salmon Research Task Force Report (2024) that address the PCSRF program priorities and support the exercise of tribal-treaty fishing rights and Native subsistence fishing.

Applications will be evaluated on whether climate change impacts are being addressed in the design and implementation of projects that support salmon and steelhead species that are most vulnerable to climate change. For more information on species most vulnerable to climate change, see Crozier LG, McClure MM, Beechie T, Bograd SJ, Boughton DA, et al. (2019) Climate vulnerability assessment for Pacific salmon and steelhead in the California Current Large Marine Ecosystem. PLOS ONE 14(7): e0217711. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0217711

For BIL funds, the panel review will prioritize Priority One programs and projects as well as projects for tribal capacity (Priority Three) specific to tribes' role as fishery managers and stewards of tribal trust resources for cultural, spiritual, subsistence, and recreational purposes. Particular emphasis will be given to activities that build tribal capacity to participate in salmon recovery, conservation planning, and project development including providing Indigenous Knowledge, and managing project design, implementation, and project effectiveness monitoring. Hence, awards may not necessarily be made to the highest-scored applications.

Selection Factors

The Assistant Administrator for NMFS will be the Selecting Official who makes the final award recommendation to the Grants Officer authorized to obligate funds. The Selecting Official will review the rank order, funding recommendations, and comments from the Panel Review and will determine the applicants to be funded and how much funding shall be awarded to each selected applicant. In making the final selections, the Selecting Official will recommend awarding in rank order unless the application is justified to be selected out of rank order based upon one of the selection factors below:

- 1. Availability of funding
- 2. Program objective and priorities set out in Sections I.A. and I.B.
- 3. Balance/distribution of funds by:
 - a. geographic area
 - b. type of institution
 - c. type of partners
 - d. research areas
 - e. project types
- 4. Applicant's prior award performance.

 Adequacy of information necessary for NOAA staff to make a NEPA determination and draft necessary documentation (Section VI.B) before recommendations for funding are made to NOAA GMD.

Anticipated Announcement and Award Dates

Successful applicants will be notified through NOAA's grants management system. The NOAA Grants Officer will issue the Notice of Award, which is the authorizing financial assistance award document. Funding is expected to begin during September 2025 for most approved awards, subject to the availability of funds. September 1, 2025, will be used as the start date on awards, unless a later date is requested by the applicant (and approved by the NOAA Grants Officer) or otherwise directed by the NOAA Grants Officer.

VI. Award Administration Information

A. Award Notices

Upon completion of the review and selection process, successful applicants will receive notification from a NMFS Regional representative that their application is being recommended for funding selection to the NOAA Grants Management Division. This notification is not an authorization to begin project operations, and is not a guarantee of funding. Official notification of selection, signed by the NOAA Grants Officer, is the authorizing document that allows a project to begin. Notifications will be issued to the Authorizing Official of the project electronically via NOAA's grants management system or in hard copy. Projects should not be initiated in expectation of Federal funding until the Applicant's Authorized Representative has received the official notice of the award from the NOAA Grants Officer and has reviewed and accepted the terms of the award. Unsuccessful applicants will be notified that their application was not recommended for funding or was not reviewed because it did not meet the minimum requirements described in Section IV.B (Content and Form of Applications). Applications not selected for funding shall be destroyed.

Applicants may be asked to modify application components, objectives, work plans, or budgets prior to final approval of an award to address technical review and/or panel review comments, and to conform to the PCSRF Program Priorities and available award funds. The exact amount of funds to be awarded, the final scope of activities, the project duration, and specific NOAA cooperative involvement with the activities of each project will be determined in pre-award negotiations among the applicant, the NOAA Grants Office, and NOAA/NMFS program staff.

Award documents provided by the Grants Officer may contain special award conditions for activities outlined within the application. These special award conditions may also include other compliance requirements for the award as applicable and will be applied on a case-by-case basis. Applicants are strongly encouraged to review award documents carefully before accepting a Federal award so they are fully aware of the relevant Standard Terms and Conditions as well as any Special Award Conditions that have been placed on the award.

PRE-AWARD COSTS. Per 2 CFR 200.458, NOAA authorizes award recipients to expend pre-award costs up to 90 days before the period of performance start date at the applicant's own risk without approval from NOAA and in accordance with the applicant's internal policies and procedures. Such costs are allowable only to the extent that they would have been allowable if incurred after the date of the Federal award. This does not include direct proposal costs (as defined at 2 CFR 200.460). In no event will NOAA or the Department of Commerce be responsible for direct proposal preparation costs. Pre-award costs will be a portion of, not in addition to, the approved total budget of the award. Pre-award costs expended more than 90 days prior to the period of performance start date require approval from the Grants Officer. This does not change the period of performance start date.

GRANTS OFFICER SIGNATURE. Proposals submitted in response to this solicitation are not considered awards until the Grants Officer has signed the grant agreement. Only Grants Officers can bind the Government to the expenditure of funds. The Grants Officer's digital signature constitutes an obligation of funds by the federal government and formal approval of the award.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY. Funding for programs listed in this notice is contingent upon the availability of funds. Applicants are hereby given notice that funds may not have been appropriated yet for the programs listed in this notice. Publication of this announcement does not oblige NOAA to award any specific project or to obligate any available funds.

B. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS.

Through 2 C.F.R. § 1327.101, the Department of Commerce adopted Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards at 2 C.F.R. Part 200, which applies to awards in this program. Refer to <u>http://go.usa.gov/SBYh</u> and <u>http://go.usa.gov/SBg4</u>. **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PRE-AWARD NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.** The Department of Commerce Pre-Award Notification Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements contained in the Federal Register notice of December 30, 2014 (79 FR 78390) are applicable to this solicitation and may be accessed online at http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2014-12-30/pdf/2014-30297.pdf.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (DOC) TERMS AND CONDITIONS. Successful applicants who accept a NOAA award under this solicitation will be bound by the DOC Financial Assistance Standard Terms and Conditions. This document will be provided in the award package in eRA at http://www.ago.noaa.gov and at https://www.commerce.gov/oam/policy/financial-assistance-policy.

BUREAU TERMS AND CONDITIONS. Successful applicants who accept an award under this solicitation will be bound by bureau-specific standard terms and conditions. These terms and conditions will be provided in the award package in NOAA's Grants Online system. For NOAA awards only, the Administrative Standard Award Conditions for National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Financial Assistance Awards U.S. Department of Commerce are applicable to this solicitation and may be accessed online at https://www.noaa.gov/organization/acquisition-grants/financial-assistance

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (NEPA). NOAA must analyze the potential environmental impacts, as required by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), for applicant projects or proposals which are seeking NOAA federal funding opportunities. Detailed information on NOAA compliance with NEPA can be found at the following NOAA NEPA website: http://www.nepa.noaa.gov/, including our NOAA Administrative Order 216-6 for NEPA, http://www.nepa.noaa.gov/NAO216_6.pdf, and the Council on Environmental Quality implementation regulations, http://energy.gov/sites/prod/files/NEPA-40CFR1500_1508.pdf. Consequently, as part of an applicant's package, and under their description of their program activities, applicants are required to provide detailed information on the activities to be conducted, locations, sites, species and habitat to be affected, possible construction activities, and any environmental concerns that may exist (e.g., the use and disposal of hazardous or toxic chemicals, introduction of non-indigenous species, impacts to endangered and threatened species, aquaculture projects, and impacts to coral reef systems). In addition to providing specific information that will serve as the basis for any required impact analyses, applicants may also be requested to assist NOAA in drafting an environmental assessment, if NOAA determines an assessment is required. Applicants will also be required to cooperate with NOAA in identifying feasible measures to reduce or avoid any identified adverse environmental impacts of their proposal. Failure to do so shall be grounds for not selecting an application. In some cases if additional information is required after an application is selected, funds can be withheld by the Grants Officer under a special award condition requiring the recipient to submit additional environmental compliance information sufficient to enable NOAA to make an assessment on any impacts that a project may have on the environment.

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT. Department of Commerce regulations implementing the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. Sec. 552, are found at 15 C.F.R. Part 4, Public Information. These regulations set forth rules for the Department regarding making requested materials, information, and records publicly available under the FOIA. Applications submitted in response to this Notice of Funding Opportunity may be subject to requests for release under the Act. In the event that an application contains information or data that the applicant deems to be confidential commercial information that should be exempt from disclosure under FOIA, that information should be identified, bracketed, and marked as Privileged, Confidential, Commercial or Financial Information. In accordance with 15 CFR § 4.9, the Department of Commerce will protect from disclosure confidential business information contained in financial assistance applications and other documentation provided by applicants to the extent permitted by law.

DATA SHARING PLAN.1. Environmental data and information collected or created under NOAA grants or cooperative agreements must be made discoverable by and accessible to the general public, in a timely fashion (typically within two years), free of charge or at no more than the cost of reproduction, unless an exemption is granted by the NOAA Program. Data should be available in at least one machine-readable format, preferably a widely-used or open-standard format, and should also be accompanied by machinereadable documentation (metadata), preferably based on widely used or international standards. 2. Proposals submitted in response to this Announcement must include a Data Management Plan of up to two pages describing how these requirements will be satisfied. The Data Management Plan should be aligned with the Data Management Guidance provided by NOAA in the Announcement. The contents of the Data Management Plan (or absence thereof), and past performance regarding such plans, will be considered as part of proposal review. A typical plan should include descriptions of the types of environmental data and information expected to be created during the course of the project; the tentative date by which data will be shared; the standards to be used for data/metadata format and content; methods for providing data access; approximate total volume of data to be collected; and prior experience in making such data accessible. The costs of data preparation, accessibility, or archiving may be included in the proposal budget unless otherwise stated in the Guidance. Accepted submission of data to the NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) is one way to satisfy data sharing requirements; however, NCEI is not obligated to accept all submissions and may charge a fee, particularly for large or unusual datasets. 3. NOAA may, at its own discretion, make publicly visible the Data Management Plan from funded proposals, or use information from the Data Management Plan to produce a formal metadata record and include that metadata in a Catalog to indicate the pending availability of new data. 4. Proposal submitters are hereby advised that the final pre-publication manuscripts of scholarly articles produced entirely or primarily with NOAA funding will be required to be submitted to NOAA Institutional Repository after acceptance, and no later than upon publication. Such manuscripts shall be made publicly available by NOAA one year after publication by the journal. More information can be found on NOAA's Data Management Procedures at:

https://nosc.noaa.gov/EDMC/documents/Data_Sharing_Directive_v3.0_remediated.pdf and at NAO 212-15 Management of Environmental Data and Information:

https://www.noaa.gov/organization/administration/nao-212-15-management-of-environmental-data-and-information

NOAA SEXUAL ASSAULT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE POLICY. NOAA requires organizations receiving federal assistance to report findings of sexual harassment, or any other kind of harassment, regarding a Principal Investigator (PI), co-PI, or any other key personnel in the award. NOAA expects all financial assistance recipients to establish and maintain clear and unambiguous standards of behavior to ensure harassment free workplaces wherever NOAA grant or cooperative agreement work is conducted, including notification pathways for all personnel, including students, on the awards. This expectation includes activities at all on- and offsite facilities and during conferences and workshops. All such settings should have accessible and evident means for reporting violations and recipients should exercise due diligence with timely investigations of allegations and corrective actions. For more information, please visit: https://www.noaa.gov/organization/acquisition-grants/noaa-workplace-harassment-training-for-contractors-and-financial.

SCIENCE INTEGRITY. 1. Maintaining Integrity. The non-Federal entity shall maintain the scientific integrity of research performed pursuant to this grant or financial assistance award including the prevention, detection, and remediation of any allegations regarding the violation of scientific integrity or scientific and research misconduct, and the conduct of inquiries, investigations, and adjudications of allegations of violations of scientific integrity or scientific and research misconduct. All the requirements of this provision flow down to subrecipients. 2. Peer Review. The peer review of the results of scientific activities under a NOAA grant, financial assistance award or cooperative agreement shall be accomplished to ensure consistency with NOAA standards on quality, relevance, scientific integrity, reproducibility, transparency, and performance. NOAA will ensure that peer review of "influential scientific information" or "highly influential scientific assessments" is conducted in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Final Information Quality Bulletin for Peer Review and NOAA policies on peer review, such as the Information Quality Guidelines. 3. In performing or presenting the results of scientific activities under the NOAA grant, financial assistance award, or cooperative agreement and in responding to allegations regarding the violation of scientific integrity or scientific and research misconduct, the non-Federal entity and all subrecipients shall comply with the provisions herein and NOAA Administrative Order (NAO) 202-735D, Scientific Integrity, and its Procedural Handbook, including any amendments thereto. That Order can be found athttp://nrc.noaa.gov/ScientificIntegrityCommons.aspx. 4. Primary Responsibility. The non-Federal entity shall have the primary responsibility to prevent, detect, and investigate allegations of a violation of scientific integrity or scientific and research misconduct. Unless otherwise instructed by the grants officer, the non-Federal entity shall promptly conduct an initial inquiry into any allegation of such misconduct and may rely on its internal policies and procedures, as appropriate, to do so. 5. By executing this grant, financial assistance award, or cooperative agreement the non-Federal entity provides its assurance that it has established an administrative process for performing an inquiry, investigating, and reporting allegations of a violation of scientific integrity or scientific and research misconduct; and that it will comply with its own administrative process for performing an inquiry, investigation, and reporting of such misconduct. 6. The non-Federal entity shall insert this provision in all subawards at all tiers under this grant, financial assistance award, or cooperative agreement.

REVIEW OF RISK. After applications are proposed for funding by the Selecting Official, the Grants Office will perform administrative reviews, including an assessment of risk posed by the applicant under 2 C.F.R. 200.206. These may include assessments of the financial stability of an applicant and the quality of the applicant's management systems, history of performance, and the applicant's ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements imposed on non-Federal entities. Special conditions that address any risks determined to exist may be applied. Applicants may submit comments about any information concerning organizational performance listed in the Responsibility/Qualification section of SAM.gov for consideration by the awarding agency.

REVIEWS AND EVALUATION. The applicant acknowledges and understands that information and data contained in applications for financial assistance, as well as information and data contained in financial, performance and other reports submitted by applicants, may be used by the Department of Commerce in conducting reviews and evaluations of its financial assistance programs. For this purpose, applicant information and data may be accessed, reviewed and evaluated by Department of Commerce employees, other Federal employees, and also by Federal agents and contractors, and/or by non-Federal personnel, all of whom enter into appropriate conflict of interest and confidentiality agreements covering the use of such information. As may be provided in the terms and conditions of a specific financial assistance award, applicants are expected to support program reviews and evaluations by submitting required financial and performance information and data in an accurate and timely manner, and by cooperating with the Department of Commerce and external program evaluators. In accordance with §200.303(e), applicants are reminded that they must take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other confidential or sensitive personal or business information created or obtained in connection with a Department of Commerce financial assistance award.

REQUIRED USE OF AMERICAN IRON, STEEL, MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS, AND CONSTRUCTION

MATERIALS. If applicable, and pursuant to the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act ("IIJA"), Pub.L. No. 117-58, which includes the Build American, Buy American (BABA) Act, Pub. L. No. 117-58, §§ 70901-52 and OMB M-22-11, recipients of an award of Federal financial assistance from the Department of Commerce (DOC) are hereby notified that none of the funds provided under this award may be used for a project for infrastructure unless: 1) all iron and steel used in the project are produced in the United States-this means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States; 2) all manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States-this means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States; and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product has been established under applicable law or regulation; and 3) all construction materials1 are manufactured in the United States-this means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States. The Buy America preference only applies to articles, materials, and supplies that are consumed in, incorporated into, or affixed to an infrastructure project. As such, it does not apply to tools, equipment, and supplies, such as temporary scaffolding, brought to the construction site and removed at or before the completion of the infrastructure project. Nor does a Buy America preference apply to equipment and furnishings, such as movable chairs, desks, and portable computer equipment, that are used at or within the finished infrastructure project but are not an integral part of the structure or permanently affixed to the infrastructure project.

WAIVERS. When necessary, recipients may apply for, and DOC may grant, a waiver from these requirements. DOC will notify the recipient for information on the process for requesting a waiver from these requirements. 1) When DOC has made a determination that one of the following exceptions applies, the awarding official may waive the application of the domestic content procurement preference in any case in which DOC determines that: a. applying the domestic content procurement preference would be inconsistent with the public interest; b. the types of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality; or c. the inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent. A request to waive the application of the domestic content procurement preference must be in writing. DOC will provide instructions on the format, contents, and supporting materials required for any waiver request. Waiver requests are subject to public comment periods of no less than 15 days and must be reviewed by the Made in America Office. There may be instances where an award gualifies, in whole or in part, for an existing waiver described at whitehouse.gov/omb/management/made-in-america. DEFINITIONS. "Construction materials" includes an article, material, or supply-other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives2 -that is or consists primarily of: nonferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber; or drywall. "Domestic content procurement preference" means all iron and steel used in the project are produced in the United States; the manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States; or the construction materials used in the project are produced in the United States. "Infrastructure" includes, at a minimum, the structures, facilities, and equipment for, in the United States, roads, highways, and bridges; public transportation; dams, ports, harbors, and other maritime facilities; intercity passenger and freight railroads; freight and intermodal facilities; airports; water systems, including drinking water and wastewater systems; electrical transmission facilities and systems; utilities; broadband infrastructure; and buildings and real property. Infrastructure includes facilities that generate, transport, and distribute energy. "Project" means the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of infrastructure in the United States. -- 1 Excludes cement and cementitious materials, aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel, or aggregate binding agents or additives. 2 IIJA, § 70917(c)(1).

INDIRECT COST RATE. If an applicant has not previously established an indirect cost rate with a Federal agency they may choose to negotiate a rate with the Department of Commerce or use the de minimis indirect cost rate of 15% of MTDC (as allowable under 2 C.F.R. §200.414). The negotiation and approval of a rate is subject to the procedures required by NOAA and the Department of Commerce Standard Terms and Conditions. The NOAA contact for indirect or facilities and administrative costs is: Jennifer Jackson, NOAA Grants Management Division, jennifer.jackson@noaa.gov.

C. Reporting

In accordance with 2 CFR 200.328-9 and the terms and conditions of the award, financial reports are to be submitted semi-annually and performance (technical) reports are to be submitted semi-annually. Reports are submitted electronically through eRA.

The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act, 31 U.S.C. 6101 note, includes a requirement for awardees of applicable Federal grants to report information about first-tier subawards and executive compensation under Federal assistance awards. All awardees of applicable grants and cooperative agreements are required to report to the FFATA Subaward Reporting System (FSRS) available at https://www.fsrs.gov/ on all subawards over \$30,000. Refer to 2 CFR Part 170.

Progress reports will be created from the PCSRF tracking database and should describe the projects scheduled for the current reporting period and reflect project record changes that address any review comments provided by NMFS. The report should also explain any specific problems or differences between the scheduled and accomplished work.

Final progress reporting through the PCSRF database and NOAA's grants management system is due 120 days after the award expiration. The final report shall serve as an overall evaluation of the recipient's success in achieving the goals and objectives of the approved project(s) and programs, specifically describing the work that was performed and its resulting benefit to Pacific coastal salmon as described in its application and grant application. The level of detail should allow for NMFS' assessment of the overall success of the project.

Recipients will be obligated to assist NOAA in complying with all relevant requirements and implementing guidance issued to Federal agencies by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), particularly with respect to any requirements related to the BIL funds that may be determined at a later time. NOAA anticipates additional guidance may be forthcoming related to responsibilities of recipients of grant agreements, including guidance on agency-wide or government-wide requirements.

VII. Agency Contacts

For further information on PCSRF, please contact Jennie Franks, PCSRF Program Coordinator, NMFS West Coast Region at (503) 231-2344, or jennie.franks@noaa.gov.

Questions regarding this announcement should be directed to Kyle Bowers, PCSRF Federal Program Officer, NMFS West Coast Region at (208) 495-5898 or kyle.bowers@noaa.gov.

VIII. Other Information

PERMITS AND APPROVALS. The recipient will obtain any necessary permits on projects funded under this announcement. This includes, but is not limited to, any necessary permits or consultations required under the Endangered Species Act, Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, Marine Mammal Protection Act, the National Historic Preservation Act, as well as NEPA compliance. Specifically, regarding ESA, a grant award under this funding announcement does not imply any authorization of incidental take of listed species under the ESA. Section 7 consultations will be undertaken by NMFS on projects and activities that may adversely affect ESA listed species. The recipient will obtain necessary permits on any projects and will provide all necessary information to NMFS for ESA consultation, including stipulations in each sub agreement that the activity should not commence unless and until an ESA consultation has been completed, and all necessary permits have been granted.

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT. This collection of information contains requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). The use of Standard Forms CD-346, 424, 424A, 424B and SF-LLL has been approved by the OMB under control numbers 0605-0001, 0348-0043 (4040-0004), 0348-0044 (4040-0006), 0348-0040, 0348-0046 and 0605-0001. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the PRA unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number.